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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

| TERM vendor's agent | ATTENDED TO THE PROPERTY OF TH | NSW DAN: Phone: (02) 6457 2504 |
|---|--|--|
| co-agent | | |
| vendor | Leslie Robert Farkash and Ultimo Lodge Pty Ltd 19 Boorea Street, Blaxland, NSW 2774 | I ACN 46 002 795 271 |
| vendor's solicitor | Suite 3, 66 Springwood Avenue, SPRINGWOOD NSW 2777 | Phone: 02 4751 8339 Email: tracey@taalawyers.com.au Fax: 02 4751 8449 Ref: TAA:KW:15444 |
| date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference) | 42nd day after the contract date Habitat Chalet 309 Wollondibby Road, Crackenb Registered Plan: Lot 9 Plan DP 245722 Folio Identifier 9/245722 | (clause 15) pack, New South Wales 2627 |
| | ☑ VACANT POSSESSION ☐ subject to existing | tenancies |
| improvements | ☐ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☐ home un ☐ none ☐ other: | it □ carspace □ storage space |
| attached copies | ☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked of other documents: | or as numbered: |
| A real estate agent is proclusions | □ blinds □ curtains □ insection □ built-in wardrobes □ dishwasher □ light | floor coverings range hood t screens solar panels fittings stove equipment TV antenna |
| exclusions | Couches. | |
| purchaser | | |
| purchaser's solicitor | | |
| price deposit balance | (10 | % of the price, unless otherwise stated) |
| contract date | | stated, the date this contract was made) |
| Where there is more tha | n one purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in une | equal shares, specify: |
| GST AMOUNT (optional) buyer's agent | The price includes GST of: \$ | |

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

| VENDOR | | PURCHASER | 103 | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Signed by | | Signed by | | |
| Vendor | | Purchaser | | |
| Vendor | | Purchaser | | |
| VENDOR (COMPANY) | | PURCHASER (COMPANY) | | |
| Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below: | | Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below: | | |
| Signature of authorised person | Signature of authorised person | Signature of authorised person | Signature of authorised person | |
| Name of authorised person | Name of authorised person | Name of authorised person | Name of authorised person | |
| Office held | Office held | Office held | Office held | |
| | | | *** | |

Choices

| Vendor agrees to accept a deposit-bond | □ NO | □ yes | |
|--|------------------|--|--|
| Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 4) | | | |
| Manual transaction (clause 30) | | □ yes ndor must provide fur cable exemption, in the | rther details, including ne space below): |
| Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise this | is correct as | far as each <i>party</i> is | aware) |
| Land tax is adjustable | □ NO | ⊠ yes | |
| GST: Taxable supply | ⊠ NO | ☐ yes in full | ☐ yes to an extent |
| Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply | | □ yes | |
| This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the | | | 0.5(5)) |
| ☑ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterpris ☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to | | The Control of the Co | |
| ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going or | - | | u)) |
| ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or | | | ler Subdivision 38-O |
| ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential | | - | |
| Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment | □ NO | ☐ yes (if yes, ven | dor must provide |
| (GST residential withholding payment) | | details) | |
| da | ite, the vendor | | npleted at the contract se details in a separate for completion. |
| GSTRW payment (GST residential Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, so entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a in a GST joint venture. | ometimes furth | er information will be | |
| Supplier's name: | | | |
| Supplier's ABN: | | | |
| Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable): | | | |
| Supplier's business address: | | | |
| Supplier's representative: | | | |
| Supplier's contact phone number: | | | |
| Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment. | | | |
| If more than one supplier, provide the above deta | ils for each s | upplier. | |
| Amount purchaser must pay - price multiplied by the GSTRV | V rate (resident | tial withholding rate): | |
| Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another ti | me (specify): | | |
| Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in mo | oney? □ NO | □ yes | |
| If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-mo | netary conside | eration: \$ | |
| Other details (including those required by regulation or the A | TO forms): | | |

List of Documents

| Gene | ral | Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract) |
|-------------|--|---|
| ⊠ 1 | property certificate for the land | ☐ 33 property certificate for strata common property |
| ⊠ 2 | plan of the land | ☐ 34 plan creating strata common property |
| □ 3 | unregistered plan of the land | ☐ 35 strata by-laws |
| □ 4 | plan of land to be subdivided | ☐ 36 strata development contract or statement |
| □ 5 | document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan | ☐ 37 strata management statement |
| ⊠ 6 | section 10.7(2) planning certificate under | ☐ 38 strata renewal proposal |
| | Environmental Planning and Assessment Act | ☐ 39 strata renewal plan |
| | 1979 | ☐ 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common |
| □7 | additional information included in that certificate | property |
| | under section 10.7(5) | ☐ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property |
| □8 | sewerage infrastructure location diagram | ☐ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property |
| 05-20 | (service location diagram) | ☐ 43 neighbourhood development contract |
| □9 | sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service | ☐ 44 neighbourhood management statement |
| 5 40 | diagram) | □ 45 property certificate for precinct property |
| □ 10 | document that created or may have created an | ☐ 46 plan creating precinct property |
| | easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract | ☐ 47 precinct development contract |
| □ 11 | planning agreement | ☐ 48 precinct management statement |
| | section 88G certificate (positive covenant) | ☐ 49 property certificate for community property |
| | survey report | ☐ 50 plan creating community property |
| | building information certificate or building | ☐ 51 community development contract |
| | certificate given under legislation | ☐ 52 community management statement |
| □ 15 | occupation certificate | ☐ 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws |
| | lease (with every relevant memorandum or | ☐ 54 document disclosing a change in a development |
| | variation) | or management contract or statement |
| □ 17 | other document relevant to tenancies | ☐ 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries ☐ 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes |
| □ 18 | licence benefiting the land | Management Act 2015 |
| □ 19 | old system document | □ 57 information certificate under Community Land |
| □ 20 | Crown purchase statement of account | Management Act 2021 |
| | building management statement | ☐ 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract |
| | form of requisitions | ☐ 59 other document relevant to the off the plan contract |
| □ 23 | clearance certificate | Other |
| □ 24 | land tax certificate | ⊠ 60 Bushfire Assessment Report September 2021 |
| Home | Building Act 1989 | Project Number 21-027; Notification of Determination of |
| □ 25 | insurance certificate | an Application to Modify a Development Consent and |
| □ 26 | brochure or warning | Statement Reasons Modification Approval Date |
| | evidence of alternative indemnity cover | 04/11/2021; |
| | ming Pools Act 1992 | |
| □ 28 | certificate of compliance | |
| | evidence of registration | |
| | relevant occupation certificate | |
| | certificate of non-compliance | |
| | detailed reasons of non-compliance | |
| | Consequence (Appent to the Seconds of the Late Consequence of the Late Consequ | |
| | | |

| HOLDER OF STRATA OR COM number | OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone | | | | ephone | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----|--|--|--------|--|
| 1. | | ** | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group

NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office

NSW Fair Trading

Council

Owner of adjoining land

County Council

Privacy

Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory **Department of Primary Industries**

Subsidence Advisory NSW

Electricity and gas

Telecommunications Transport for NSW

Land and Housing Corporation Local Land Services

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- **5**. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is 6. not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the 11. purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date adjustment figures authorised Subscriber the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14:

a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8:

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union:

business day cheaue

1.1

clearance certificate

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

the time of day at which completion is to occur-

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer:

the expiry date (if any); and

the amount:

depositholder

discharging mortgagee

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent); any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser;

document of title

ECNL

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

electronic document

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transaction

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronic transfer

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

FRCGW percentage

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1, July 2017):

FRCGW remittance

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST Act GST rate

the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment

GSTRW rate

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

incoming mortgagee

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11m if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

legislation manual transaction

a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case

at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

nomally participation rules subject to any other provision of this contract; the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

party property each of the vendor and the purchaser;

planning agreement

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

populate

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace;

requisition rescind serve

an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind this contract from the beginning: serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque

an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and

issued by a bank and drawn on itself: or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, sôme other

solicitor

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act terminate title data

Taxation Administration Act 1953: terminate this contract for breach;

the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry,

variation within work order a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as Conveyancing Transaction, 1.2 Digitally Signed, Electronic Workspace, ELN, ELNO, Land Registry, Lodgment Case and Subscriber) have the meanings given in the participation rules.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder.

Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. 2.2

2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.

The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by -

giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the depositholder, 2.4.1

unconditionally giving a cheque to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's 2.4.2 solicitor for sending to the depositholder, or

electronic funds transfer to the depositholder's nominated account and, if requested by the vendor 243 or the depositholder, providing evidence of that transfer.

2.5 The vendor can terminate if -

> 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;

2.5.2 a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or

2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the depositholder's nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third business day after the time for payment.

This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

If the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

2.7

If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance. If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor 2.8 directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until termination by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.

2.9 If each party tells the depositholder that the deposit is to be invested, the depositholder is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a bank, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the parties equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

Deposit-bond

This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for the deposit (or part of it). 3.1

3.2 The purchaser must provide the deposit-bond to the vendor's solicitor (or if no solicitor the depositholder) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.

3.3 If the deposit-bond has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must serve a replacement deposit-bond at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.

3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -

3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and

3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.

3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or

the deposit is paid in full under clause 2. 3.5.2

3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond -
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 392 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor
 - normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or 3.10.1
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's right to terminate, the vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser
 - normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond, or 3.11.1
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the vendor must forward any original deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder
- **Electronic transaction**
- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - the contract says this transaction is a manual transaction, giving the reason, or 4.1.1
 - 4.1.2 a party serves a notice stating why the transaction is a manual transaction, in which case the parties do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after service of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction -

421 each party must -

- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
- otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction;

- 4.2.2 if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3
- The parties must conduct the electronic transaction —

 4.3.1 in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and

 4.3.2 using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a party using an ELN which can interoperate with the nominated ELN.
- A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- If the vendor has not created an Electronic Workspace in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may 4.6 create and populate an Electronic Workspace and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the Electronic Workspace.
- The parties must, as applicable to their role in the Conveyancing Transaction and the steps taken under 4.7 clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - promptly join the Electronic Workspace after receipt of an invitation; 4.7.1
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and 4.7.3
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the electronic transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the 4.10 Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed:
 - all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and 4.11.2
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.

- If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by 4.13 the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal 4.13.1 of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land: and

the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property. 4.13.2

- 4 14 If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of: and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the party entitled to them.
- Requisitions
- 5.1 If a form of requisitions is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those requisitions.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other requisition, the purchaser can make it only by serving it -
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the property or title - within 21 days after the contract date:
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything served by the vendor - within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case - within a reasonable time.
- Error or misdescription
- 6 1 Normally, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the property, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position. 6.3
- Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion -

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and 7.2.1 held by the depositholder until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the parties or, if an appointment is not made within 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a party (in the latter case the parties are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and 7.2.4 the costs of the purchaser; net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount
 - 7.2.5 held is paid; and
 - if the parties do not appoint an arbitrator and neither party requests the President to appoint an 7.2.6 arbitrator within 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.
- Vendor's rights and obligations
- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor serves a notice of intention to rescind that specifies the requisition and those grounds:
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can terminate by serving a notice. After the termination the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause within 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded: and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made within 12 months after the termination, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this
 contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service),
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the property due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or
 - any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind'or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a work order, and this contract is rescinded or terminated, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the property in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the GST rate.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -
 - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the parties must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the GST rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the deposithoider and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation
 Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before
 completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser, but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent, and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the property (or any part of the property).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply: ând
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor serves details of a GSTRW payment which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must, at least 2 business days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a GSTRW payment notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

- **Adjustments**
- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 14.2.1 date for completion; and
 - 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor 14.4.1 in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -14.4.2
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the 14.7 adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property 14.8 or any adjoining footpath or road.
- 15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

- 16
 - Vendor
- 16.1 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary
- 16.2 The legal title to the property does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration. the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land. Purchaser
- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor -
 - 16.5.1 the price less any -

 - deposit paid; FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- If any of the deposit is not covered by a deposit-bond, at least 1 business day before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account 16.6 to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.
- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act

- 18 Possession before completion
- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the property before completion.
- The purchaser must not before completion -18.2
 - let or part with possession of any of the property;
 - make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or 18.2.2
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the parties or any direction, document, legislation, notice or order affecting the property.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - keep the property in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of 18.3.1 possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable
- The risk as to damage to the property passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into 18.4 possession.
- 18.5 if the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and 18.5.1
 - if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at 18.5.2 the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.

 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.6
- If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

Rescission of contract

- If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -19.1
 - only by serving a notice before completion; and 19.1.1
 - in spite of any making of a claim or requisition, any attempt to satisfy a claim or requisition, any 19.1.2 arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation -19.2
 - the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded; 19.2.1
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses. 19.2.4

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated, in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together. 20.4
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received; 20.6.5
 - served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; 20.6.6
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served it it is provided to or by the party's solicitor or an authorised Subscriber by means of an Electronic Workspace created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of rescission or termination.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or If the party pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights 20.8
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current. 20.10
- A reference to any legislation (including any percentage or rate specified in legislation) is also a reference to any corresponding later legislation.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each party agrees that electronic signing by a party identifies that party and indicates that party's intention to be bound by this contract.
- 21 Time limits in these provisions
- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.
- 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975
- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.
- 23 Strata or community title
 - Definitions and modifications
- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law,
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
 - Adjustments and liability for expenses
- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by
 - 2362 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for 23.7 which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -23.8
 - an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation; 23.8.1
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under dause 6: or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
 - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of 23.9.1 the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price:
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion:
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 2394 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
 - Notices, certificates and inspections
- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must serve a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.

 The vendor must serve at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme. Meetings of the owners corporation
- If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it, and 23.17.1
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.
- **Tenancies**
- If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and

 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the adjustment date any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -24.3
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected:
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -24.3.3
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each party must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - the vendor must give to the purchaser -24.4.3
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994tin relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Refail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be 24.4.4 complied with by completion; and
 - the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the 24.4.5 obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- Qualified title, limited title and old system title 25
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it)
 - is under qualified, limited or old system title; or 25.1.1
 - on completion is to be under one of those titles. 25.1.2
- The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date. 25.2
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is served on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and 25.4.1
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title
 - must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 25.5.1 30 years old at the contract date);
 - in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease; 25.5.2
 - normally, need not include a Crown grant; and 25.5.3
 - need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900. 25.5.4
- 25.6
- In the case of land under old system title 25.6.1 in this contract transfer means conveyance;
 - the purchaser does not have to serve the transfer until after the vendor has served a proper 25.6.2 abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, 25.7.1 area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land):
 - clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and 25.7.2
 - whe vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property. 25.8
- If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a document of title that relates also to other property, 25.9 the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant. 25.10
- The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the 25.11 vendor or a mortgagee.
- If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Land Registry of the registration copy of that document.

- 26 Crown purchase money
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14. 26.4
- 27 Consent to transfer
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under legislation or a planning agreement.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) within 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a party, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is
 - under a planning agreement, or
 - in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after service of the notice 27.9 granting consent to transfer.
- 28 Unregistered plan
- 28 1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered within 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under legislation.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - the vendor can rescind, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any 28.3.2 legislation governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.
- 29 Conditional contract
- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each party must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4. 29.5
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a party who has the benefit of the provision, the party can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the condition.

 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening —
- 29.7
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, a party who has the benefit of the
 - provision can rescind within 7 days after the end of that time; if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a party who has the 2972 benefit of the provision can rescind within 7 days after either party serves notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 athe date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind; 29.8.1
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can 29.8.2 rescind;
 - the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party 29.8.3 serves notice of the event happening.
- A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens. 29.9
- 30 Manual transaction
- 30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction. Transfer
- 30.2 Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it. 30.3
- If the purchaser serves a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor 30.4 a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract 30.5 contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
 - Place for completion
- Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -30.6
 - if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or 30.6.1
 - if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually 30.6.2 discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
 - in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract. 30.6.3
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the 30.8 purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee. Payments on completion
- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by 30.9 cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque.
- 30.10 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and it so
 - the amount is to be treated asyif it were paid; and 30.10.1
 - 30.10.2 the cheque must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the cheque relates only to the property or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the GSTRW payment payable to the Deputy 30.12.1 Commissioner of Taxation;
 - forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 30.12.2
 - serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date 30.12.3 confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must
 - produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy 30,13,1 Commissioner of Taxation;
 - forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 30.13.2
 - serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance. 30.13.3
- **Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding** 31
- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
- the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; 31.1.1
 - a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier 31.2 than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- The purchaser must at least 2 business days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of 31.3 a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction
- The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 31.4 4.10 or 30.13.
- If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, 315 clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

- Residential off the plan contract
- This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the 32 1 Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).

 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.2
- If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 32.3
 - the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a

CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OF LAND

Leslie Robert Farkash and Ultimo Lodge Pty Ltd ACN 46 002 795 271 (Vendor)
Property: Habitat Chalet 309 Wollondibby Road, Crackenback NSW 2627 (Property)

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

33 Failure to Complete by Completion Date

If completion does not take place in accordance with clause 15 and the vendor is not at fault then:

- (a) the purchaser must pay interest on the unpaid balance of the price at the rate of 8% per annum calculated daily from and including the day immediately after the Completion date to and including the actual day of completion (the "interest");
- (b) in the event that the Vendor issues a notice to complete pursuant to this contract the purchaser must pay the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300.00) (plus GST) to cover the vendor's legal costs and other expenses incurred (the "costs and expenses") by the vendor in issuing and serving the notice to complete. The purchaser must pay the costs to the vendor's solicitor at completion within the electronic platform;
- (c) where settlement has been arranged and on the day of settlement it is cancelled because of an act or omission by the purchaser or its mortgagee then the purchaser will pay the vendor the sum of \$150.00 plus GST:

The amounts payable in this clause are a genuine pre-estimate of the additional costs that will be incurred by the vendor and the purchaser will make no objection or requisition in respect of these costs. A failure to pay the costs on completion the purchaser will be in breach of an essential term of this contract and without prejudice to any other remedy the vendor may have the vendor is not obliged to complete unless the said costs are paid.

34 Notice to Complete

- (a) If a party does not complete this contract on the Completion date, the party not in default may, if it is ready willing and able to complete, serve on the party in default a Notice to Complete, requiring the party in default to complete this contract within 14 days of the date of service of the notice and making the last day for completion set out in the notice an essential date for completion. A Notice to Complete will be sufficient as to time if a period of 14 days from the date of the notice is allowed for completion.
- (b) The vendor may withdraw any Notice to Complete at any time and may issue a further Notice to Complete.

35 Warranties, Acknowledgments, etc.

- (a) The provisions set out in this contract contain the entire agreement between the parties as at the date of this contract notwithstanding any:
 - (i) negotiations or discussions held; or
 - (ii) documents signed or brochures produced;

prior to the date of this contract.

- (b) Subject to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 and Section 52A (2) (b) of the Conveyancing Act 1919, the purchaser expressly agrees and acknowledges that:
 - (i) in entering into this contract the purchaser has not relied upon any warranty or representation made by or any other conduct of the vendor or any person on behalf of the vendor except those that are expressly provided in this contract; and
 - (ii) the purchaser is relying entirely upon his own enquiries relating to any inspection of the property.
- (c) The purchaser accepts the property in its present state of repair and condition and subject to all latent and patent defects.
- (d) Without limiting the generality of this clause 35 the purchaser acknowledges that neither the vendor nor any person on behalf of the vendor has made any representation, promise or warranty as to:
 - (i) any financial return or income to be derived from the property;
 - (ii) the fitness or suitability of the property for any particular use;

and the Purchaser releases and forever discharges the Vendor from all liabilities claimed, suffered or incurred (whether before or after the settlement date) in respect of any matter referred to in this clause or any other matter or thing which may arise from the use or condition of the property or from any statutory enactment in respect thereof.

36 Environmental risk

(a) In this clause:

Claim includes a claim, notice, demand, action, claim for compensation, proceeding, litigation, investigation, judgement, loss, cost, expense, damage or liability however arising whether present or future;

Contamination means that land, buildings or water is affected by:

- a substance, gas, liquid, chemical, mineral or other physical or biological matter that is at a concentration which is above the concentration normally present in that land or water and presents a risk of harm to human health or the environment; or
- (ii) a material or compound controlled, prohibited or regulated from time to time by any Environmental Law:

Environmental Law means:

- all laws relating to land or water use, town planning, the environment, noise, development, construction or structures, coastal protection, water catchment, soil conservation, nature conservation, heritage conservation, human health, Contamination, radiation, pollution, waste disposal or land management;
- (ii) all the conditions of all consents, approvals, authorisations, licenses and permits issued under any law in paragraph (i); and
- (iii) regulations or any order, guideline, gazettal, notice, direction or requirement of any government, statutory or other body or authority in relation to these matters:
- (b) Other than as disclosed in the Contract the vendor is not aware of any Contamination of the property or non-compliance with Environmental Laws, the vendor discloses that:
 - (i) the property may be affected by Contamination;
 - (ii) there may be non-compliance with Environmental Laws in relation to the property; and
 - (iii) work may be required to investigate and remove Contamination from the property or remediate the property.
- (c) Subject to Part 4 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, the purchaser releases the vendor and may not make any Claim, requisition, delay completion, terminate or rescind this contract because of any matter referred to in this clause.
- (d) The purchaser releases, indemnifies and keeps indemnified the vendor, its directors and shareholders from any liability, loss or cost arising out of any of the matters referred to in this clause.
- (e) The provisions of this clause do not merge on completion.

37 Capacity

Without affecting any other rights or remedies of either party:

- (a) if a party being an individual, dies or becomes incapable because of unsoundness of mind to manage his own affairs then either party can rescind and the provisions of clause 19 apply.
- (b) if the purchaser:
 - being an individual becomes bankrupt; or
 - (ii) being a company;
 - resolves to go into liquidation or administration;
 - has a petition for its winding up presented and not withdrawn within 30 days of presentation; or

 enters into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors under the relevant provisions of the Corporations Act 2001 or any similar legislation;

then the purchaser will have defaulted in observance of an essential provision of this contract and the vendor can terminate the contract in accordance with clause 9.

38 Agent

The purchaser warrants that the purchaser was not introduced to the vendor or to the property by any real estate agent except the agent named as the vendor's agent on the front page of the contract and the purchaser indemnifies the vendor against any claim for commission which might be made by any agent or business broker resulting from an introduction constituting a breach of such warranty. It is agreed that this indemnity will be a continuing indemnity and will not merge on completion.

39 Annexures

(a) Annexed to this contract are copies of the following:

Folio Identifier 9/245722

DP245722 Section 88B Instrument DP Dealing P548359

Section 10.7(2) Certificate

Bushfire Assessment Report September 2021 Project Number 21-027 Notification of Determination of an Application to Modify a Development Consent and Statement Reasons Modification Approval Date 04/11/2021

Subject to S.52A of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 the vendor does not warrant the accuracy or completeness of any of the annexures to this contract.

(b) If prior to the signing of this contract by or on behalf of the purchaser documents were attached to this contract by or on behalf of the purchaser at the request of the vendor, the person attaching those documents did so as the agent of the vendor.

40 Amendments to Printed Form

The printed form of this contract is amended as follows:

- (a) Clause 5.2.1 is amended by deleting "general question about the property or the title" and replace with "question about the title";
- (b) Clause 5.2.3 is amended by deleting the words "within a reasonable time: and replace with "within 21 days after the contract date";
- (c) Clause 7.1.1 is amended by replacing "5%" with "1%";
- (d) Clause 7.2.1 is amended by deleting "10%" and substituting "1%";
- (e) Clauses 10.1.8 and 10.1.9 are amended by deleting "substance" and "disclosed" and replace with "existence" and "noted" respectively;

- (f) Clause 25 is deleted; and
- (g) Clause 31.4 is deleted.

41 Sewer Connection Diagram

The purchaser acknowledges that there is no sewer connections diagram annexed to the contract. The purchaser acknowledges it is not entitled to rescind, terminate or delay completion of this contract nor to object, requisition or make any claim (whether for compensation or not) in respect of or arising out of any of the following matters:

- the nature, location, non availability or availability of sewer in relation to the property;
- the existence of any defects in or to the services where available to the property;
- (c) any water or sewerage main or any underground or storm water drain passing through, over or under the property;
- (d) the terms, existence, non existence of any easements, privileges or rights (whether statutory or otherwise) in respect of any of the services effecting or benefiting the property or in respect of any entitlement to use those services.

42 Swimming Pool

- (a) The vendor makes no representation or warranty that any swimming pool erected on the subject property (including any swimming pool fencing) complies with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and its regulations, or any other Act or Regulations relating to swimming pools.
 - (b) The purchaser shall not make nor be entitled to make any objection requisitions or claim for compensation nor delay or refuse to complete this Contract should it be established that any swimming pool and/or fencing erected on the subject property does not comply with the provisions of the legislation referred to in the preceding sub-paragraph.
 - (e) This clause does not merge on completion.

43 Release of Deposit

The purchasers agree and acknowledge that by their execution of this contract they irrevocably authorise the vendor's agent to release to the vendors such part of the deposit moneys as the vendors shall require to use for the purpose of a deposit, accommodation bond and/or stamp duty on any piece of real estate that the vendors negotiate to purchase between the date hereof and the date of settlement hereof.

44 Alterations to contract

Each party authorises:

- (a) its solicitors or conveyancers or any employee or agent of them; or
- (b) any person acting as an agent of that party,

to alter this contract with the party's approval after signature by the party until the making of the contract and until the expiry of the cooling off period, if any, where applicable. Any such alteration whether material or otherwise will be binding on that party.

45 Error in Adjustments of outgoings

Should an error be made in the calculation of the Adjustments under Clause 14, or any agreed rebate, the parties agree that upon being requested to do so, the correct calculation will be made and the payment of any moneys due and owing will take place within (7) days of such request being made. This clause shall not merge on completion.

46 Building Certificate

- (a) If there is a copy of a Building Certificate in respect of the subject property attached to this Contract the purchaser shall make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation in respect of any matter referred to or arising from the attached Building Certificate.
- (b) In the event that the purchaser applies to the Local Council for a Building Certificate which requires any work to be carried out to the property in order to bring the property to a standard acceptable to the said Council, such works shall be carried out by the purchaser at the purchaser's expense. The purchaser cannot require the vendor to comply with any work order, any legislation or remedy any reason for Council's refusal to issue a certificate pursuant to the purchaser's application for a Building Certificate.

47 Electronic Exchange & Signing

- (a) The parties agree and consent that this Contract may be prepared and exchanged in an electronic form as set out in the Conveyancing Act 1990 (vide ss6C, 23C & 52A) and by means of an Electronic Communication as set out in Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transaction Act 2000 ("the Act").
- (b) If this Contract is provided to a party by means of Electronic Communication, the other party shall not require the Contract in paper form.
- (c) The requirement for the Contract to be signed will be satisfied (without Limiting other ways to satisfy the requirement for signing) by the parting giving the Contract to the other party with:-
 - (i) the Contract bearing the mark or endorsement may by or on behalf of the signing parting or their attorney; and
 - (ii) a representation made by the party or the parties' solicitor (either on the Contract or separately) that the Contract has been signed by the party or their attorney.

48 5% Deposit

In the event the vendor agrees to accept a 5% deposit, notwithstanding the provisions of Clause 2 of this Contract, then it is agreed that the deposit shall be paid as follows:

- (a) Five per cent (5%) of the purchase price on exchange of contracts:
- (b) Five per cent (5%) of the purchase price on completion or on prior default by the Purchaser in observing the terms and conditions of this Agreement:
- (c) In the event that the Purchaser is in default under this Contract and the Vendor terminates this Contract due to the default of the Purchaser, then the Purchaser shall forthwith become liable to pay to the Vendor the balance of the deposit payable so that the Purchaser has paid a deposit equal to ten (10%) per cent of the purchase price. The Vendor shall be entitled to recover the balance of the deposit payable from the Purchaser as liquidated damages and it is agreed that this right shall be in addition to and shall not limit any remedies available to the Vendor herein contained or implied notwithstanding any rule of Law or Equity to the contrary.

49 Disclosure re Septic System

The vendor discloses that the septic system may not be Council approved. The purchaser acknowledges they are aware of the existence of the septic system and that the Council may not have approved same.

The vendor discloses they do not hold in their possession a copy of an approval to operate the septic system.

The purchaser warrants to the vendor that they would have entered into this contract even if there is a matter in relation to the septic system that would justify the making of any upgrading or demolition order in respect of the septic system by the Council.

The purchaser acknowledges and accepts the above disclosure by the vendor is sufficient for the purpose of Section 52A of the Conveyancing Act 1919.

The purchaser agrees they shall take title subject to the vendor's disclosure and shall not be entitled to rescind this agreement or, make any objection, requisition or claim for compensation in respect of the matter disclosed herein and shall not be entitled to delay completion of this agreement because of failure of the local Council to issue a Building Certificate as a result of any matter disclosed herein.

This clause shall not merge on completion.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 9/245722

EDITION NO DATE -----3 9/4/2013

LAND

LOT 9 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 245722

AT JINDABYNE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SNOWY MONARO REGIONAL PARISH OF THREDBO COUNTY OF WALLACE

TITLE DIAGRAM DP245722

FIRST SCHEDULE

LESLIE ROBERT FARKASH ULTIMO LODGE PTY LTD

AS TENANTS IN COMMON IN EQUAL SHARES

(CN AH625870)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)

2 P548359 COVENANT

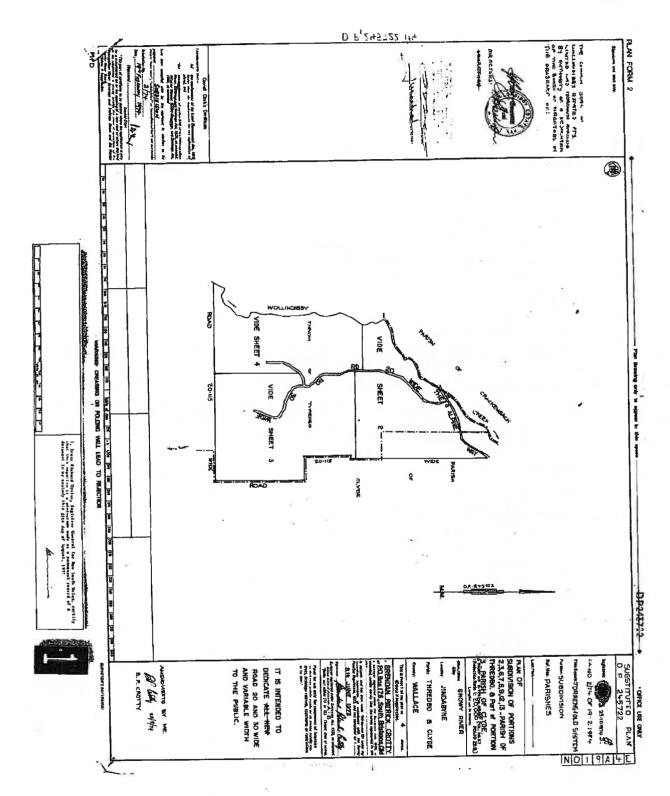
NOTATIONS _____

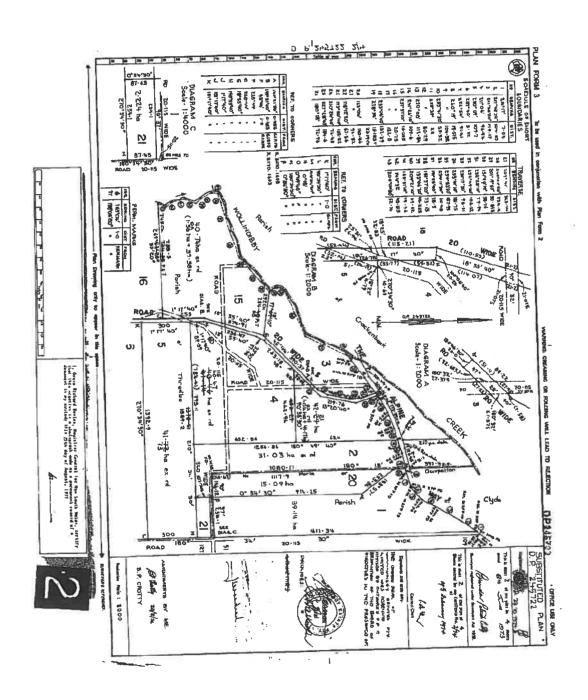
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

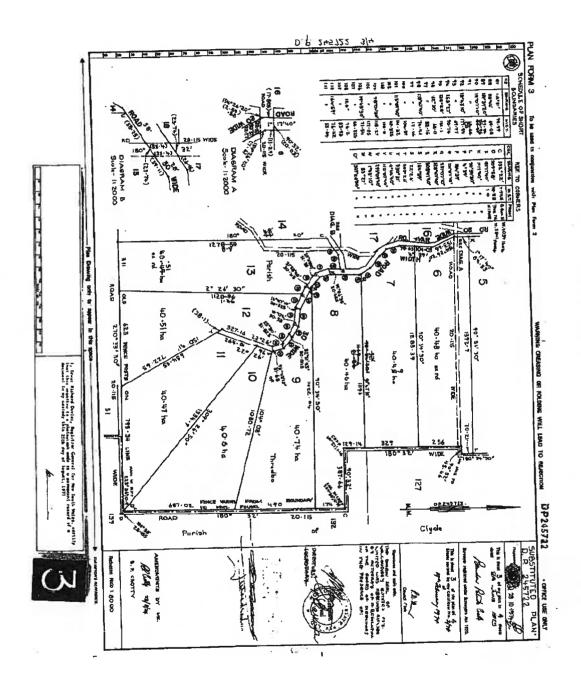
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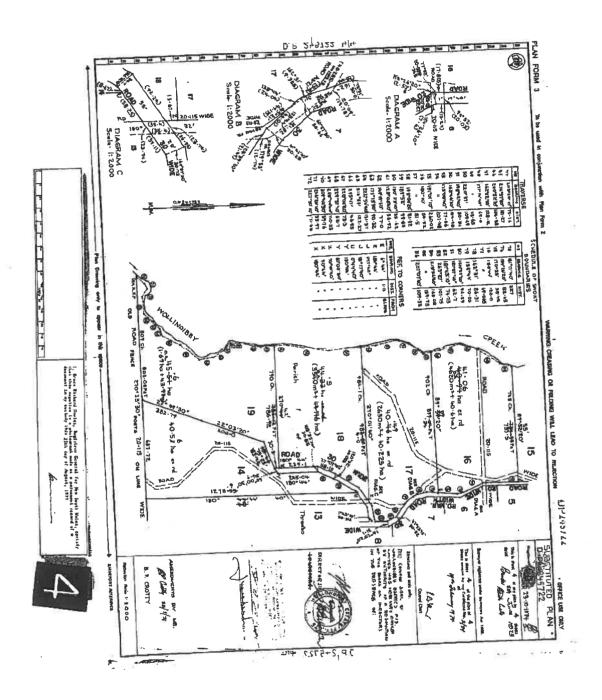
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| | REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900 |

·P548359

for use visual the

(4) Full name, address and occupation of impolarum.

BRUCE COLDON JACKSON JAMES SUTTON HARRISON JOHN DALLAS ALEXANDER SHEDDER

all being Company Directors and all of 56 Pitt Street, Sydney,

hereinafter referred to us the TRANSFEROR

(b) It a less seems strike out being registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple as a sold and appropriet strike.

in the land hereinafter described, subject to the following encumbrances and interests

Reservations and conditions, if any, contained in the Crown Grant.

in consideration of Twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars

(\$ 22,500.00

(the receipt whereof is hereby schnowledged), puid to the transferosby a LESLIE ROBERT PARKASE, PAUL JOHN HENRESSEY and PHILLIP DANIEL AUSTIN

LESLIE ROBERT FARKASH of 4/20 Grenorne Road, Cremorne Point, Administration Manager, PAUL JOHN HENNESSEY of 4/20 Grenorne Road, Grenorne Point, Sales Representative and PHILLIP DANIEL AUSTIN of 15/34 President Avenue, Kogarah, Technician, as TENANTS IN COMMON.

hereinafter referred to as the TRANSPEREE

an estate in fee Emple 101

in the fand described in the following schedule

| Reference to title | | Whole Description of land if | a | | |
|--------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Volume | Folio | or Part | Description of land if part only(8) | County | Parish |
| 12655 | 144 | MHOLE | | VALLACE | THREDRO |
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Req:R091750 /Doc:DL P548359 /Rev:09-Jul-1997 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:14-Mar-2024 16:38 /Seq:2 of 4 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack /Ref:21916 *THE Transferoes for themselves their executors administrators and assigns or other the registered proprietors for the time being of the land hereby transferred HERESY COVENAMY with the said Transferors their successors and assigns so as to bind the land hereby transferred -(a) That so fences shall be erected or permitted to remain on the land hereby transferred without prior approval having been obtained from the Council of the Shire of Snowy River as to the type and style of fence to be erected. (b) That no fence shall be erected on the land hereby transferred to divide it from the adjoining land without the consent of the Transferors their successors or assigns provided that such consent shall not be withheld if the proposed fence does not affect the view of assistanties of any other lands included in Deposited Plan No.245722 or approval has been obtained for the creation of such fence from the Council of the Shire of Snowy River and further that any such fence shall be erected without expense to the Transferors their successors or assistant. or aseigns. ADD for the purpose of Section 88 of the Conveyancing Act, 1919 (as amenied)
It is hereby agreed and declared as follows:

(i) The land to which the benefit of the above restrictions is appurtenant
is the whole of the land in Deposited Plan No.245722.

(ii) The land which is subject to the burden of such restrictions is the
land hereby transferred. (11) (iii) The persons by whom or by whom comment the above restrictions may be released varied or modified. The owner or owners for the time being of or the other lands contained in Deposited Plan Bo.245722.

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not do WITNESS TO THREE SIGNATURES. DACCEPTED and centified correct for the pury Real Property Act, 1900. Address of witness

Req:R091750 /Doc:DL P548359 /Rev:09-Jul-1997 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:14-Mar-2024 16:38 /Seq:4 of 4 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:InfoTrack /Ref:21916

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| | AUTHORITY FOR USE OF INSTRUMENT OF TITLE | (i) Unless the forces- ment of title has been lodged by the general lodging the feeling, or its use has foun author- |
| , 1 \$ | Authority is hereby given for the use of | torget by the sends totaling the free surfac- its see has been surfac- ried to manages. |
| • | lodged | county cre brunny, or its see has been surface rised previously, the man be lighted by the percent underwester sufficient and delivery of the cartificate of title, great its. |
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| | (Invest number of plan or dealings. | |
| | registration of this dealing and for delivery to | |
| | (BLOCE LETTELS) | |
| 5 | | |
| | Stynature | i |
| N. | Name (BLOCK LETTELS) | |
| 0 · 2 | MEMORANDUM AS TO NON-REVOCATION OF POWER | 1 |
| - 1 × 10 × | OF ATTORNEY (To be signed at the time of executing the within feeling) | |
| | The undersigned states that he has no notice of the revocation of | |
| | the Power of Attorney registered No. Miscellaneous Register under the authority of which he has just | |
| | executed the within dealing. | |
| p | Signed at the day of 19 | |
| E | | |
| | Signature of ulturney | |
| | | • |
| | Signature of witness | |
| | CERTIFICATE OF J.P., &c., TAKING DECLARATION OF ATTESTING WITNESS:**) | the Bolivan particular and the College and |
| e. | f cortify that | (m) Plat required where deciding accorded to accordance with seets (h); in other cases to be signed by one of the earnout referred to like |
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| | the day of 19 | |
| | and doctured that he personally knew | ! |
| | | |
| | the person signing the same, and whose signature thereto be less attested, and that the name purporting to be such signature of the | |
| | pid | ļ |
| | | |
| | is his own handwriting and that he was of sound mind and freely and voluntarily signed the same. | |
| | | 1 |
| | Signature | |
| | Nume (HLOCK DITTORS) | |
| • • | Our Whenther | • |
| | Qualification |] |

DE TRUE E 1468 W.O. M. HUNKY, GOVERNMENT PRINTER





Enquiries

1300 345 345

Our Ref

Certificate Number 534/2024

P/N 257052

Your Ref 21916

M PO Box 714 COOMA NSW 2630
E council@snowymonaro.nsw.gov.au
W www.snowymonaro.nsw.gov.au
P 1300 345 345

22/03/2024

Info Track GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001

Drainage Diagram - Sewer

(Issued under the Local Government Act, 1993)

| Applicant | Info Track GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001 |
|--------------------|--|
| Certificate Number | 534/2024 |
| Legal Description | Lot: 9 DP: 245722 |
| Property Address | Habitat Chalet 309 Wollondibby Road CRACKENBACK NSW 2627 |
| Your Reference | 21916 |

In respect to the abovementioned property, there are no Drainage Diagram/s for the subject land.

Council wishes to advise that the above property is in a rural area and public sewerage services are not available.

Certificate issued by Snowy Monaro Regional Council



Enquiries 1300 345 345

Our Ref Certificate Number 516/24 | P/N 257052

Your Ref 21916

Info Track GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001

Planning Certificate - Section 10.7(2)

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Section 10.7(2) Details

In accordance with the requirements of section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (as amended), the following prescribed matters relate to the land at the date of this certificate.

| Certificate Information | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| Certificate Number | 516/24 | |
| Certificate Date | 20/03/2024 | |
| Your Reference | 21916 | |

| Property Description | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Address | Habitat Chalet 309 Wollondibby Road CRACKENBACK NSW 2627 |
| Land Title | Lot: 9 DP: 245722 |
| Assessment Number | 40528622 |

This certificate provides information on how a property (such as land and buildings) may be used and the limits on its development. The certificate contains information Council is aware of through its records and environmental plans, along with data supplied by the State Government.

Snowy Monaro Regional Council does not accept any liability for anything contained in this certificate which has been supplied by third-party sources and does not warrant the accuracy of the contents.

All users of this certificate must acknowledge that Snowy Monaro Regional Council does not owe them any duty of care and they indemnify Snowy Monaro Regional Council from all claims demands suits actions and proceedings for damages and consequential loss howsoever arising from their use of this certificate and its contents where third-party information is relied upon.

Column 1 Section 10.7(2) (Schedule 2 EP&A Regulation 2021)

Identification of the matter referred to in Column 1 and the extent to which it applies to the land

- 1 Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans
- (1) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.
 The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Snowy River Local Environmental Plan 2013

Snowy River Local Environmental Plan 2013 (Amendment No 1)

See Note 6 for list of State Environmental Planning Policies

"Snowy River Shire Council Development Control Plan 2013 (Amendment 2) The plan was adopted by Council on 26 November 2013 and came into effect on 20 December 2013.

The purpose of DCP 2013 is a source of information covering the technical, legislative and administrative aspects of development within the former Local Government boundary of Snowy River Shire. It provides detailed provisions to guide development so that it achieves the aims and objectives of the Snowy River Local Environmental Plan 2013. The DCP includes detailed objectives and controls for ensuring well designed, quality land use and development within the Snowy Monaro Regional Council.

This plan applies to all land to which the Snowy River Local Environmental Plan 2013 applies excluding the site specific Development Control Plan T2 Tyrolean Village Stage 3.

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

Note - This does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning

Nil

instrument or draft development control
plan if—

(a) it has been more than 3 years since
the end of the public exhibition period for
the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
(b) for a proposed environmental
planning instrument—the Planning
Secretary has notified the council that the
making of the proposed instrument has
been deferred indefinitely or has not
been approved.

In this section a *proposed environmental planning instrument* means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

2 Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments

The following matters for each environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument that includes the land in a zone, however described—

| (a) | the identity of the zone | C3 Environmental Management |
|-------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| (b) | (i) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent, | See Note 7 – Land Use Table |
| (b) | (ii) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent, | See Note 7 – Land Use Table |
| (b) | (iii) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone, | See Note 7 – Land Use Table |
| (c) | whether additional permitted uses apply to the land, | Nil |
| (d) | whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions, | Not Applicable |
| (e) | whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> , | Not applicable |
| (f) | whether the land is in a conservation area (however described), | Not in Heritage Conservation Area |
| (g) | whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land. | No Heritage Item |

3 Contributions plans

The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

Snowy Monaro Section 7.12 Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan 2022

The land is not in a special contributions area

4 Complying Development

(1) If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)—(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

The following Codes are not applicable to this land:

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code Inland Code

Container Recycling Facilities
Code

Industrial and Business Buildings Code

Industrial and Business Alterations Code

The following Codes are applicable to the land and complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land under these Codes:

Nil

The following Codes are applicable to the land but due to the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 complying development may only be carried out on part of the land under these Codes:

NIL

The following Codes are applicable to the land but due to the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State

Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 complying development may not be

carried out on the whole of the land under these Codes:

Demolition Code
Fire Safety Code
General Development Code
Subdivisions Code
Housing Alterations Code

(2) If complying development may not be carried out on the land because of one of these clauses clause (1.17A(1)(c)—(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19), the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

For the Codes listed above that may only be carried out on part of the land or may not be carried out on any part of the land the reasons why complying development may not be carried out are as follows:

The land is wholly affected by specific land exemptions being land identified as environmentally sensitive land as it is subject to considerations associated with the Scenic protection area contained in the relevant Local Environmental Plan.

The land is wholly affected by specific land exemptions being land identified as within a protected area (is wholly an C Zone) identified in the relevant Local Environmental Plan.

If complying development is permitted on only part of the land due to the above restrictions, the extent to which these restrictions apply to the land can be found on the NSW Planning Portal website maps at www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au. These map(s) are based on the legislated maps/s for Cooma-Monaro Local Environmental Plan 2013, Snowy Rover Local Environment Plan 2013 and Bombala Local Environment Plan 2012 and represent the best information Council has on the extent to which the above restrictions affect this land.

(3) If the council does not have sufficient

Not Applicable

| | information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that— | |
|-----|---|--|
| | (a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and | |
| | (b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land. | |
| (4) | If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land. | No |
| | | See Note 3 at the end of this Certificate for further information. |
| 5 | Exempt development | A |
| ••• | If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A. | Exempt development may be carried out on the whole of the land |
| ••• | If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause. | Not Applicable |
| | If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that— (a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and | Not Applicable |
| | (b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land. | |
| (4) | If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land. | Not applicable |
| 6 | Affected building notices and building produ | uct rectification orders |
| (1) | Whether the council is aware that— | |
| (a) | an affected building notice is in force in | No affected building notice. |

relation to the land, or

- (b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or
- (c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

No building product rectification order.

No notice of intention to make a building rectification order.

In this section -

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

Council has not been advised that any environmental planning instrument or environmental proposed planning instrument applying to the land provides for the acquisition of the land by a public authority as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act

Road widening and road realignment

Whather or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under

| wne | etner or not the land is affected by any road v | videning or road realignment under: | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| (a) | Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or | No | |
| (b) | any environmental planning instrument, or | No | |
| (c) | any resolution of the council. | No | |
| 9 | Flood related development controls information | | |
| (1) | If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls. | Unknown - the land is not part of a flood planning study | |
| (2) | If the land or part of the land is between | Unknown - the land is not part of a flood | |

the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

planning study

(3) In this section-

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual. Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 978-1-923076-17-4) published by the NSW Government in November 2023.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

- Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the standard instrument set out in the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.
- 10 Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

- (a) adopted by the council, or
- (b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council,

No (see Note below)

Council has been advised by the NSW Department of Planning that in accordance with section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Council is required to be satisfied that a development complies with 'Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019' where that development is within land identified as bushfire prone.

that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding),

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the *Contaminated Land*Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act—if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act—if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued.
- (e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act—if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

Contaminated Land

As of the date of this certificate, Council has no records to indicate that the site is contaminated.

It is recommended that you ensure that the land has not in the past been used for certain purposes which could have involved the use of contaminates. A list of potentially contaminating uses is outlined in Attachment "A" to the end of this planning certificate.

Note: Council has recently been provided with mapping information from the Department of Industry — Resources and Energy in conjunction with the NSW Governments Heads of Asbestos Coordination Authorities (HACA) in relation to the presence of 'Naturally Occurring Asbestos' (NOA) within the Shire. The HACA has also published information on what can be done to avoid contact with NOA. This information can be viewed at http://www.resourcesandenergy.nsw.gov.au/miners-and-explorers/safety-and-health/topics/NOA where there is a link to mapping and other information. The HACA has also published information on what can be done to avoid contact with NOA. Council has

adopted an Asbestos Policy which includes provisions applicable to NOA. Council was not aware of the presence of NOA in the Shire when this Policy was adopted, and has no knowledge of any confirmed NOA sites. However following receipt of the mapping information Council is currently in the process of developing risk controls, guidance materials and an asbestos management plan in accordance with the adopted Asbestos Policy. The confirmed presence of naturally occurring asbestos on a site may result in restrictions being imposed upon future development of the site in accordance with the provisions of the Asbestos Policy.

11 **Bush fire prone land**

- (1) If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land.
- (2) If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

All of the land is bushfire prone.

Information relied on to answer the above question has been provided to Council by the NSW Rural Fire Service, for more information regarding the above information please contact the NSW Rural Fire Service. (www.rfs.nsw.gov.au)

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the Home Building Act 1989, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division

Council is not aware of any residential dwelling erected on this land which has been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose fill asbestos ceiling insulation. Contact NSW Fair Trading if further information is reauired.

13 Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

No

- Paper subdivision information
- The name of a development plan adopted (1) by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a ballot.

The date of any subdivision order that No applies to the land.

Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021, Part 10 and the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, Schedule 7.

Property Vegetation Plans 15

If the land is land in relation to which a property vegetation plan is approved and in force under the Native Vegetation Act 2003, Part 4, a

No PVP applicable

| statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act. | |
|--|---|
| 16 Biodiversity stewardship sites | |
| If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> , a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage). | No |
| Note: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include the <i>Threatened Species Conservation Act 19</i> stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the | 95 that are taken to be biodiversity |
| 17 Biodiversity certified land | |
| If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2015</i> , a statement to that effect. | No |
| Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land cert Species Conservation Act 1995 that is taken Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016. | |
| 18 Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neig | hbours) Act 2006 |
| Whether an order has been made under the <i>Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006</i> to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order). | No |
| 19 Annual charges under Local Government Act relate to existing coastal protection works | 1993 for coastal protection services that |
| (1) If the Coastal Management Act 2016 applies to the council, whether the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the Local Government Act 1993, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works. | Not applicable |
| 20 Western Sydney Aerotropolis | |
| Whether under State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021, Chapter 4 the land is— (a) in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater, as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17, or (b) shown on the Lighting Intensity and Wind | Not applicable |

| Shear Map, or (c) shown on the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map, or (d) in the "public safety area" on the Public Safety Area Map, or (e) in the "3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" or the "13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone" on | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map. | |
| 21 Development consent conditions for seniors h | |
| If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2). | No |
| 22 Site compatibility certificates and conditi | ons for affordable rental housing |
| 1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate— | No |
| (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and | |
| (b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department. | |
| 2) If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1). | No |
| (3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1). | No |

IMPORTANT NOTES – SECTION 10.7(2) CERTIFICATE

Note 1 Terms of Reference

This Certificate does not make reference to the physical conditions of the property. Consequently no inspections have been made in respect of:

- (a) The presence or otherwise of noxious weeds on the property,
- (b) The condition of any structure/s on the land and associated infrastructure.

No advice is included in this Certificate in respect of outstanding or unauthorised works. Should applicants require such details, that may be in addition to information provided in a \$10.7(2) & (5) Certificate, application should be made, accompanied by the appropriate fee for such inspections.

Note 2 Biosecurity (Weeds)

Weeds are a major environmental threat to the Snowy Monaro Region's agricultural and environmental assets. People considering purchasing land, particularly rural land, in the Council area are urged to contact Council's Biosecurity (Weeds) team for advice regarding landowners' responsibilities for the control of weeds.

Note 3 Complying Development

- Under the *Inland Code* complying development for the erection of a new single-storey or two-storey dwelling house may only be carried out on land that that is in accordance with the requirements of the following clauses; Clause 3D.10 in Zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4 and RU6 - 3D.10, Clause 3D.18 in zones RU5, R1, R2, R3 and R4 and 3D.29 - Zone R5.
- As per clause 1.18 of the Codes SEPP Complying Development is only possible on land where the development would otherwise be permissible with or without consent under the Council's Local Environmental Plan applicable to the land.
- Complying development may not be carried out on land outside the zonings identified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, or on a lot which is not entirely within the zoning in the Codes SEPP specified for that particular Complying Development code. Refer to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 for other permissibility criteria.

Note 4 Important Notice for any maps that relate to this certificate

These maps are not a precise survey document. Accurate locations can only be determined by a survey on the ground.

While every care is taken to ensure the accuracy of this data, neither the Snowy Monaro Regional Council nor the Land and Property Management Authority makes any representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs which you might incur as a result of the data being inaccurate or incomplete in any way and for any reason.

Note 5 Coinciding Legal and Practical Access

Purchasers of rural and non-urban land are advised to ensure that coinciding legal and practical access can be gained to the property from a public road.

Note 6 State Environmental Planning Policies

Below is a list of all State Environmental Planning Policies (including publicised draft policies) that apply to Snowy Monaro Regional Council. Depending on circumstances set down in each policy, the policy may be specifically applicable to the land that is the subject of this certificate. You are advised to check the policy for the necessary details.

State Environmental Planning Policy No 65—Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Regional) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021

See Attachment 1 (excerpt from Planning Circular PS 21-007) — Referring to New Consolidated SEPPs and Repealed SEPPs

Any enquiries regarding these State policies should be directed to the Department of Planning and Environment.

Zone C3 Environmental Management

Without Consent

Extensive agriculture; Home occupations

With Consent

Agriculture; Animal boarding or training establishments; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Camping grounds; Cellar door premises; Cemeteries; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Eco-tourist facilities; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Farm buildings, Farm stay accommodation; Flood mitigation works; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Information and education facilities; Oyster aquaculture; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (outdoor); Research stations; Roads; Roadside stalls; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Secondary dwellings; Tank-based aquaculture

Prohibited

Industries; Multi dwelling housing; Residential flat buildings; Retail premises; Seniors housing; Service stations; Warehouse or distribution centres; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

ATTACHMENT A' - S10.7(2)

Activities which are likely to have contaminated sites because of their past or present use:

- asbestos works;
- chemical and petrochemical works;
- docks and railway land, especially large sidings and depots;
- gasworks, other local carbonisation plants and ancillary by products works;
- industries making or using wood preservatives;
- installations involving the processing or use of radioactive materials;
- landfills and other waste disposal and storage sites, and transfer sites;
- land heavily treated with chemicals for agricultural or other purposes, eg aerial spraving:
- metal mines, smelters, foundries, iron and steel works, metal finishing works;
- mine tailings dumps (including mineral sands tailings);
- munitions production and testing sites;
- oil refineries, petroleum storage and distributions sites;
- paper and printing works;
- pesticide storage areas, areas where vehicles used for the transport and storage of pesticides are washed, and areas where tanks are used to store pesticides;
- plants and heavy engineering installations, eg shipbuilding and shipbreaking;
- power stations and switching yards etc;
- scrap yards;
- stock dipping, eg sheep, cattle etc;
- tanneries

Attachment 1 – New consolidated SEPPs and repealed SEPPs

| Planning principle focus prea | New consolidated SEPPs | Repealed SEPPs |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Primary Production | State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 8 (Central Coast Plateau Areas) |
| Resources and Energy | State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources & Energy) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No. 9 – Extractive Industries (No 2 – 1995) |
| Resilience and Hazards | State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018; State Environmental Planning Policy 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development; State Environmental Planning Policy 55 - Remediation of Land |
| Industry and Employment | State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry & Employment) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Employment Area) 2009; State Environmental Planning Policy 64 - Advertising and Signage |
| Transport and Infrastructure | State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007, State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Childcare Facilities) 2017, State Environmental Planning Policy (Major Infrastructure Corridors) 2020; State Environmental Planning Policy (Three Ports) 2013 |
| Biodiversity and Conservation | State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity & Conservation) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017; State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2020; State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2021; Murray River Regional Environmental Plan No 2—Riverine Land; State Environmental Planning Policy (Bushland in Urban Areas) 2019; State Environmental Planning Policy 50 - Canal Estate Development; State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Drinking Water Catchment) 2011; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan 20 - Hawkesbury-Nepean River No. 2 1997; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005; Greater Metropolitan Regional Environmental Plan No 2—Georges River Catchment; Willandra Lakes Regional Environmental Plan No 1—World Heritage Property |
| Planning Systems | State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011; State Environmental Planning Policy (Aboriginal Land) 2019; State Environmental Planning Policy (Concurrences and Consents) 2018 |
| Planning Systems | State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts – Eastern Harbour City) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005; Darling Harbour Development Plan No 1; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 26—City West; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 16—Walsh Bay; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 33—Cooks Cove; State Environmental Planning Policy No 47—Moore Park Showground |
| Planning Systems | State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts — Central River City)2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005; State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centre) 2006; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan 24—Homebush Bay Area; State Environmental Planning Policy (Kurnell Peninsula) 1989; State Environmental Planning Policy (Urban Renewal) 2010 |
| Planning Systems | State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Parkland City) 2021 | State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005, State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centre) 2006; State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Aerotropolis) 2020; State Environmental Planning Policy (Penrith Lakes Scheme) 1989; Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 30—St Marys; State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Parklands) 2009 |
| Planning Systems | State Environmental | State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005; State |
| Snowy | Monaro Regional Council 10 | Planning Certificate 516/23 |

| Planning Policy (Precincts – Regional) 2021 | Environmental Planning Policy (Activation Precincts) 2020; State Environmental Planning Policy (Kosciuszko National Park—Alpine Resorts) 2007; State Environmental Planning Policy (Gosford City Centre) 2018 |
|---|---|
|---|---|

Enquiries

Sarah Brown 1300 345 345

Our Ref

10.2006.3000060.4

Planning Portal Ref



Creative Planning Solutions Pty Limited PO Box 1074 BROADWAY NSW 2007

NOTICE OF DETERMINATION OF AN APPLICATION TO MODIFY A DEVELOPMENT CONSENT AND STATEMENT OF REASONS

Issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (the 'Act')

Application Number: 10.2006.3000060.4

Planning Portal Reference:

Approved Development: Alterations and Additions to Existing Tourist Accommodation

Modification Proposed: Alterations and Additions to Existing Tourist Accommodation

Property: Habitat Chalet/309 Wollondibby Road CRACKENBACK 2627 Lot 9 DP 245722 Ph

Thredbo

Estimated Cost of Works: \$0.00

Determination: Delegated (Staff)

MODIFIED DEVELOPMENT CONSENT has been granted subject to the amended conditions detailed

below.

Note: It is advised that this determination replaces the original determination. For ease of reference, all of the previous conditions have been re-listed. Those conditions amended or deleted have been indicated.

Pursuant to Clause 97 and 122 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation* 2000, this determination replaces the original determination as from the date of the Modification Approval Date.

Original Determination Date: 09/04/2006

Consent is to lapse on: 09/04/2011

Consent is to operate from: 09/04/2006

Modification Approval Date: 04/11/2021

Approval bodies that have given general terms of approval:

RFS-100B

REASONS FOR CONDITIONS

Pursuant to Schedule 1 cl 20(1)(c)

- The proposal adequately satisfies the application provisions and objectives of the Snowy River LEP 2013 and the Snowy River DCP 2013
- 2. The proposed development, subject to the conditions below, will have no unacceptable adverse impacts on the natural or built environments including nearby local heritage items, the local waterways or drainage systems or the operation of the local road system. Further it is considered that development of the subject site does not prevent future reasonable development of adjoining allotments.
- 3. The application was required to be notified to adjoining landowners and/or publicly advertised in accordance with the Snowy Monaro Community Participation Plan 2019 and the relevant statutory regulations.
- 4. In consideration of conclusions 1-3 above it is considered the proposed development is a suitable and planned use of the site and approval of the proposal is in the public interest.

Right of appeal / review of determination: If you are dissatisfied with this decision:

- Apply to Council to review its decision under Section 8.2 of the Environmental Planning and
 Assessment Act 1979. Such application must be made and determined by Council within six
 (6) months from the date on which you received the original determination notice provided
 that an appeal under Section 8.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
 has not been made against this determination
- Section 8.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 gives you the right to appeal to the Land and Environment Court within twelve (12) months after the date on which you receive this notice.

Definitions

Unless specified otherwise, words have the same meaning as defined by the Act, the Regulation and the Interpretation Act 1987 as in force at the date of consent.

- Applicant means the applicant for this consent.
- Approved Plans mean the plans endorsed by Council referenced by this consent as amended by conditions of this consent.
- AS or AS/NZS means Australian Standard® or Australian/New Zealand Standard®, respectively, published by Standards Australia International Limited.
- BCA means the Building Code of Australia as published by the Australian Building Codes
 Board as in force at the date of issue of any Construction Certificate.
- Council means Snowy Monaro Regional Council
- Court means the NSW Land and Environment Court
- Stormwater drainage system means all works, facilities and documentation relating to:
 - the collection of stormwater,

- the retention of stormwater,
- the reuse of stormwater,
- the detention of stormwater,
- the controlled release of stormwater; and
- connections to easements and public stormwater systems.
- Owner means the owner of the site and successors in title to the site.
- Owner-builder "construction phase of the development" has the same meaning as in the Home Building Act 1989.
- Principal Certifying Authority means the Principal Certifier under the Act.
- Principal Contractor has the same meaning as in the Act, or where a Principal Contractor
 has not been appointed by the Owner of the land being developed Principal Contractor
 means the Owner of the land being developed.

Advisory notes: your attention is drawn to the following:

- Changes to the external configuration of the building, site layout, density, internal
 configurations, or the operation of use, may require the submission of a modification
 application under Section 4.55 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.
- All building work must be carried out fully in accordance with the conditions of
 development consent and it is in offence to carry out unauthorised building work that is not
 in accordance with the development consent. It is the responsibility of the applicant to
 check, understand and seek assistance where needed to ensure full compliance with the
 conditions of this Development Consent.
- This consent does not permit commencement of any site works. Works are not to commence until such time as a Construction Certificate has been obtained and the appointment of a Principal Certifying Authority.
- Council wishes to advise that it is the responsibility of the owner and/or applicant to
 determine if site security and/or safety fencing is required to be provided in accordance
 with clause 235 of the Occupational Health and Safety 2001 and Work Cover Authority
 requirements. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in penalties being
 imposed upon the owner and/or applicant.
- Headings are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of any condition of this development consent.
- For further information and if there is any difficulty in understanding any of the above conditions please contract the Development Assessment Section on 1300 345 345.

Signature:

Delegated Officer

Sarah Brown - Town Planner

CONDITIONS OF CONSENT

10.2006.3000060.4

Part A: General Matters

Approved Plans and Documentation -

1. The developer is to ensure that the development complies fully with DA0060/2006 as submitted to Council on the 2/11/2005 with supporting documentation except as modified with MOD0062/2008 as submitted to Council on the 22/04/2008 with supporting documentation including the development plans being:

Added by MOD0062/2008

SK1-MOD0062/2008 - Revised Site locality Plan,

SK1-MOD0062/2008 - Revised Main Lodge Floor Plan.

as stamped by the Snowy River Council and attached to this Notice, except where amended by the following conditions of consent:

Added by 10.2006.3000060.4

| Plan No. | Plan Title. | Drawn By. | Dated. |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| DA670_MOD_01 | Site Plan | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_02 | Ground & Lvi 1 (ML) Floor Plans | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_03 | Unit 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5/6 Floor Plans | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_04 | Unit Block A, B & C Floor Plans | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_05 | North Elevation (ML) | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_06 | South Elevation (ML) | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_07 | E & W Elevation (ML) | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |

| DA670_MOD_08 | Unit 1 Elevations | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
|--------------|------------------------|----------|------------|
| DA670_MOD_09 | Unit 2 & 3 Elevations | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_10 | Unit 4 Elevation | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_11 | Unit 5/6 Elevation | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_12 | Unit Block A Elevation | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_13 | Unit Block B Elevation | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |
| DA670_MOD_14 | Unit Block C Elevation | CPS (TP) | 19/02/2021 |

| Document Title. | Prepared By. | Dated. |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Statement of Environmental Effects | CPS | May 2021 |
| Bushfire Assessment Report | NGH Pty Ltd | 29/09/2021 |

In the event of any inconsistency between the approved plans and the supporting documentation, the plans will prevail.

Reason: It is in the public interest that work is carried out in accordance with the approved plans. Section 4.15(1)(e) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, as amended.

Building Code of Australia - MOD0062/2008

2. The development is to comply with the Building Code of Australia 2004.

Inconsistency between documents

3. In the event of any inconsistency between conditions of this consent and the drawings/documents referred to above, the conditions of this consent prevail.

Prescribed Conditions

4. The Applicant will comply with the prescribed conditions of development consent under clause 98 of the Regulation.

Disability Discrimination Act 1992

5. This consent does not imply or confer compliance with the requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992.

It is the responsibility of the applicant to guarantee compliance with the requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992. The current Australian Standard AS1428.1 – Design for Access and Mobility is recommended to be referred for specific design and construction requirements, in order to provide appropriate access to all persons within the building.

Part B: Other Approvals

Separate Section 68 Approval to Carry Out Stormwater, Water Supply and Sewerage Works – MOD0062/2008

6. Notwithstanding the issue of this development consent, separate approval from council under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 must be obtained prior to commencement of stormwater, water supply or sewerage works. In this regard, a S68 Application to Carry Out Stormwater, Water Supply and Sewerage Works must be submitted on councils standard application form and be accompanied by the required attachments and prescribed fee, prior to release of the Construction Certificate.

Part C: Prior to Release of Construction Certificate

Erosion and Sedimentation Control

- 7. 1) Soil erosion and sediment control measures will be designed in accordance with the Snowy River Shire Council's DCP E2- Erosion and Sediment Control. Details are to be submitted to the satisfaction of the PCA prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. Erosion and sediment controls will remain in place until final occupancy certificate has been issued and the maintenance bond (if required) has been released.
 - 2) The Construction Certificate Application must include a detailed erosion and sediment control plan (ESCP) for the construction phase of the development, prepared in accordance with the Snowy River Shire Council's

DCP E2- Erosion and Sediment Control.

Asbestos Management Report

8. If asbestos is present in the existing buildings the submission of a report, prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced asbestos consultant, which indicates the exact nature and extent of asbestos material contained within the site and the proposed remediation measures to be adopted for the removal of the asbestos material from the site to a NSW Environmental Protection Authority registered waste disposal site. This report shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority for its separate approval prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Water Supply

- 9. The developer shall ensure that full details of the water supply (including existing supply) are provided prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate. These details are to include:
 - i) the location and size of any tanks and pumps
 - ii) a site plan showing reticulated pipes including size of pipes and calculation and data used to determine the design.

Part D: Prior to the Commencement of Works

Construction Certificate

10. The developer is to ensure no site works, construction or building works are to commence without first obtaining a Construction Certificate.

Stormwater and Drainage Works Design

11. Final design plans of the stormwater drainage systems, prepared by a qualified practicing Civil Engineer will be submitted to and approved by Council prior to commencement of stormwater drainage works. The hydrology and hydraulic calculations will be based on models described in the current edition of Australian Rainfall and Runoff.

Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority and Notice of Commencement

- 12. At least 48 hours prior to the commencement of any works on the site, a "Notice of Commencement of Work and Appointment of PCA Form" will be submitted to Council. This includes that prior to the commencement of works the Applicant will submit to Council:
 - (a) A construction certificate for the building work which has been issued by the PCA; and,
 - (b) Evidence that the person having the benefit of the development consent has:
 - i)Appointed a Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) and notified Council in writing of the appointment, irrespective of whether Council or an accredited private certifier is appointed;
 - ii)notified the PCA that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case; and,
 - (c) Evidence that the principal PCA has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:
 - i)notified the consent authority and the Council of his or her appointment, and;
 - ii)notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work; and,
 - (d) Evidence that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder has:
 - i)notified the principal PCA of any such appointment; and,
 - ii)unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical state inspection and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work.

Construction Management Plan

- 13. Prior to the commencement of any works on the site, a Construction

 Management Plan will be submitted to and approved by the PCA. The Plan will
 address, but not be limited to, the following matters where relevant:
 - (a) hours of work;

- (b) contact details of site manager;
- (c) traffic management (see also C6 below):
- (d) noise and vibration management (see also C6 below);
- (e) waste management (see also C8 below);
- (f) erosion and sediment control (see also B2);
- (g) flora and fauna management; and,

The Applicant will submit a copy of the approved plan to the Department and Council.

Site Notice

- 14. Before commencement of any work, a sign must be erected in a prominent, visible position:
 - (a) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is not permitted;
 - (b) showing the name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifying Authority for the work; and
 - (c) showing the name and address of the principal contractor in charge of the work site and a telephone number at which that person can be contacted at any time for business purposes.

This sign shall be maintained while the work is being carried out and removed upon the completion of the construction works.

Temporary Sanitary Facilities

15. Toilet facilities are to be provided at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided must be:

- (a) a standard flushing toilet; and
- (b) connected to either: an accredited sewage management facility or an approved chemical closet.

The toilet facilities shall be provided on-site, prior to the commencement of any works.

Enclosure of the Site

16. The site must be enclosed with a suitable security fence to prohibit unauthorised access, to be approved by the Private Certifying Authority. No building work is to commence until the fence is erected.

Termite Control

- 17. Prior to the commencement of works, the Applicant will submit to the satisfaction of the PCA (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) documentation confirming the building will be protected from termite attack in accordance with the provisions of Australian Standard AS 3660.1. The submitted documentation will include:
 - (a) details of the proposed methods to be used; and
 - (b) certification of works performed;
- 18. A durable notice must be permanently fixed to the building in a prominent location, such as in the electrical meter box indicating:
 - (a) the method of protection;
 - (b) the date of installation;
 - (c) where a chemical barrier is used, its life expectancy as listed on the National
 - (d) Registration Authority label; and.
 - (e) the need to maintain and inspect the system on a regular basis.

NOTE: Under slab chemical treatment will not be permitted as the only method of treatment unless the area can be retreated without major disruption to the building.

Asbestos Hazard Management Strategy

19. If asbestos is present in the existing buildings the preparation of an appropriate hazard management strategy by an asbestos consultant pertaining to the removal of contaminated soil, encapsulation or enclosure of any asbestos material is required. This strategy shall ensure any such proposed demolition works involving asbestos are carried out in accordance with the WorkCover Authority's "Guidelines for Practices Involving Asbestos Cement in Buildings". The strategy shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the commencement of any works.

The approved strategy shall be implemented and a clearance report for the site shall be prepared by a NATA accredited hygienist and submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate or commencement of the development. The report shall confirm that the asbestos material has been removed or is appropriately encapsulated and that the site is rendered suitable for the development.

Consultation with NSW Work Cover Authority - Prior to Asbestos Removal

20. If asbestos is present in the existing buildings the applicant or appointed contractor is to give NSW Work Cover Authority at least seven days advanced notice, prior to the removal of asbestos from the site.

Sewerage Management Facility Approval

That the developer shall not undertake any works pertaining to plumbing and drainage, or the installation of a waste treatment device until such time as an application for these works under section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 has been assessed and approved by Council.

Part E: During Works

Approved Plans to be On-site

22. A copy of the approved and certified plans, specifications and documents incorporating conditions of approval and certification will be kept on the site at all times and will be readily available for perusal by any officer of the Council or the PCA.

Erosion & Sediment Control

- 23. The developer is to ensure that where site works are undertaken including all excavations, land clearing and materials storage, all topsoil that is removed is stripped and stockpiled in an appropriate location for future revegetation works. The stockpiled area is to be encircled by a geofabric filter fence.
- 24. The developer is to ensure that erosion and siltation control measures are installed and maintained on the site for the entire length of the construction

project. Erosion control measures are to include the placement of hay bales staked in the ground or the erection of geofabric filter fencing at the bottom of all areas where cut and fill is carried out and within any existing drainage areas from those cut and fill areas. These control measures are to be in accordance with the requirements of the consent authority and best management practices as outlined in the NSW Department of Housing's "Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction" Manual (1998) — the Blue Book".

- 25. The developer shall ensure that erosion and siltation control measures shall be undertaken in accordance with the approved *Erosion and Sediment Control Plan* in respect to any part of the land where the natural surface is disturbed or earthworks are carried out.
- 26. The developer is to ensure that all works proposed must be designed, constructed and operated to minimise sedimentation, erosion and scour of the banks or bed of the watercourse and to minimise adverse impacts on aquatic and riparian environments.

All-weather Access

27. An all-weather stabilised access point must be provided to the site to prevent sediment leaving the site as a result of vehicular movement. Vehicular movement should be limited to this single access way.

Site Management

- 28. The developer is to ensure that all builder' sheds, including temporary sanitary closets, must at all times be:
 - (a) located wholly within the site;
 - (b) properly constructed and maintained to industry standards;
 - (c) securely anchored to the ground, and
 - (d) removed upon completion of the project.

Trade Waste

- 29. (a) The applicant must provide an adequate trade waste service to ensure that all waste material is contained, and removed from the site for the period of construction
 - (b) Building materials used in the construction of the building are not to be deposited or stored on Council's footpath or road reserve, unless prior

approval is obtained from Council.

(c) The burning of builders waste on site by open fire is prohibited.

Use of Explosives

- 30. The developer is to ensure that any person considering the use of explosives during construction must at all times:
 - (a) be an operator licensed by the Department of Industrial Relations;
 - (b) notify the local police and persons likely to be affected by the blasting;
 - (c) obtain the necessary public liability insurance; and
 - (d) use approved and serviceable blasting mats.

Use of Power Tools

31. The developer is to ensure that work on the development site by all persons using power tools and equipment is limited to the following hours:

| Mon – Fri | 7.00am to 8.00pm |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| Saturday | 7.00am to 8.00pm |
| Sunday | 8.00am to 8.00pm |
| Public Holid | lavs 8 00am to 8 00nm |

Inspection Notification

32. The Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) is to be given a minimum of 48 hours notice prior to any critical stage inspection or any other inspection nominated by the PCA via the notice under Section 81A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

Public Access and Site Security

33. It is the responsibility of the applicant to restrict public access to the building site, building works or materials or equipment on the site when building work is not in progress or the site is otherwise unoccupied. In this regard, the developer must ensure that perimeter fencing is provided for all construction sites in accordance with Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001.

Fire Safety (Class 2-9 Buildings Only)

34. The developer shall ensure that to provide facilities for suppression of fire during the course of construction, not less than one fire extinguisher to suit A, B and C fires and electrical fires shall be provided at all times on each storey adjacent to each required exit.

Food Storage

35. Any premises used for the storage, preparation or sale of food are to comply with the relevant provisions of the Food Act, 1989. Details of fittings and equipment are to be submitted to the PCA prior to installation.

Food Premises - Construction

36. All walls in the food preparation and food storage areas will be of solid construction, easily washable, lightly coloured and tiled to the height of at least 2 metres above floor level, or where not tiled, cement rendered to provide a smooth even finish to the ceiling.

Note: Stud framed walls will not be acceptable. Intersections of all floors with walls will be covered to a radius of not less than 25mm. Details of fittings and equipment are to be submitted to the PCA prior to installation.

Food Premises - Flooring

37. All flooring materials in the food preparation and storage areas are to be impervious, non slip, non abrasive and capable of withstanding heavy duty operation. Where tiling is to be used epoxy grout finished flush with the floor surface is to be used in joints or alternatively all tiles are to be but joined and free of cracks or crevices. Details of fittings and equipment are to be submitted to the PCA prior to installation.

Revegetation Works

- 38. The developer is to ensure that at the completion of site works the following landscaping works are carried out:
 - (a) topsoil is spread over all disturbed areas* with priority given to cut and fill batters;

- (b) all disturbed areas* are re-vegetated using drylands grass mix with a complete fertiliser;
- (c) all disturbed areas* are to be weed free hay mulched. The hay mulching is to be undertaken by a suitable contractor in accordance with Snowy River Development Control Plan 1998 Circular R3 Revegetation works.

(* including all footpath areas and adjoining properties where applicable)

Requirements if Asbestos is Present in the Building(s)

- 39. The removal of any asbestos material must be carried out by an approved contractor if over 200 square metres in area in strict accordance with WorkCover Authority requirements.
- 40. A sign shall be erected in a prominent location stating that asbestos removal work is in progress and advising of the project manager and company undertaking the work and relevant contact details.
- 41. The internal floor area affected or likely to be affected, by scattering of asbestos pieces, particles or fibres during demolition or cutting into the building, is to be cleaned by vacuuming by a contractor approved by Workcover. A Clearance Report to certify that the site area is free of asbestos is to be submitted to Council by a NATA registered hygienist within fourteen (14) days of the completion of renovations (or prior to Occupation Certificate being issued).
- 42. The asbestos waste must be collected and stored on-site in impermeable bags inside an adequate waste receptacle pending transportation. The receptacle must be lined and covered in accordance with the bin provider's requirements and \$29 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Waste Regulations 1996.
- 43. Transportation of asbestos from the site must comply with the Protection of the Environment Operations Waste Regulations 1996.
- 44. Asbestos waste must be prepared in accordance with WorkCover requirements and disposed of to an EPA licensed landfill site.
- 45. Any demolition works involving asbestos are to be carried out in accordance with the WorkCover Authority's Your Guide to Working with Asbestos, "Guidelines for Practices Involving Asbestos Cement in Buildings".

 Transportation and disposal of asbestos materials shall be in accordance with

EPA requirements.

- 46. In order to prevent the spread of hazardous material, the applicant shall ensure that:
 - (a) power tools are not used on any asbestos material;
 - (b) work is undertaken in weather conditions where asbestos dust is unlikely to be blown off site;
 - (c) the work area is dampened to prevent any potential for dust generation;
 - (d) all asbestos waste is dampened prior to being wrapped or otherwise contained in heavy duty plastic material for storage on site within a waste receptacle and later transportation off site;
 - (e) the area affected, or likely to have been affected, by scattering of asbestos pieces, particles or fibres during demolition or cutting into the building is to be cleaned by vacuuming by a contractor approved by WorkCover.

Lead based Paint

To prevent contamination of the soil and human health risks associated with lead dust, safeguards must be used when removing flaking paint or sanding paint surfaces that are suspected to contain lead.

Part F: Prior to Occupation or Commencement of Use

POC 31 Establishment of Asset Protection Zone on Lot 1 DP 855767

Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate, the applicant will provide to Council evidence that an easement is registered on Lot 1 in DP 855767 in favour of Lot 9 in DP 245722 for the purpose of establishing an Asset Protection Zone (APZ).

This easement it to be registered on the title of the subject lot and an 88b instrument it to be prep to reflect this requirement.

Council must be satisfied that an easement has been created prior to the occupation of the building.

Reason: to ensure complain with condition AS_01 (1) and the maintenance of the APZ in perpetuity.

Occupancy Certificates

48. An Occupation Certificate must be issued by the Principal Certifying Authority prior to occupation or use of the development. In issuing an Occupation Certificate, the Principal Certifying Authority must be satisfied that the requirements of Section 109H of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1997 have been complied with as well as all of the conditions of the Development Consent.

Certificates for Class 1a, 1b and 10a buildings

- 49. A certificate prepared by an appropriate qualified person is to be submitted for the following building components, certifying to the PCA (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) that the nominated works have been carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia, relevant Australian Standards and any conditions of Development Consent. Works are not to progress past this point until the PCA has confirmed that this condition has been satisfied.
 - (a) Truss certificate
 - (b) Wet seal certificate
 - (c) Roof fixers certificate
 - (d) Plumber's certificate for tempered water (bathroom max 50°)
 - (e) Smoke alarm certificate per AS3786
 - (f) Termite certificate as per AS 3660.1
 - (g) Any engineer's certificate
 - (h) Fire separation certificate in accordance with requirements of the BCA.

Certificates for Class 2 - 9 buildings

- 50. A certificate prepared by an appropriate qualified person is to be submitted for the following building components, certifying to the PCA (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) that the nominated works have been carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia, relevant Australian Standards and any conditions of Development Consent. Works are not to progress past this point until the PCA has confirmed that this condition has been satisfied.
 - (a) Termite protection
 - (b) Penetration/sealing systems
 - (c) Waterproofing
 - (d) Survey
 - (e) Sound/fire rated construction
 - (f) Windows and doors

- (g) Glass in buildings
- (h) Handrails and balustrades
- (i) Materials including fire hazard characteristics
- (i) Roof covering
- (k) Roof trusses
- (I) Engineers (structural)
- (m) Engineer's (mechanical including smoke hazard management, automatic smoke exhaust system, smoke and heat vents and automatic stair pressurization system)
- (n) Fire protection contractors (including fire hydrants, sprinkler systems, hydrants and hose reels, fire detection and alarm systems, emergency warning and inter-communication system)
- (o) Emergency lighting and exit signs
- (p) Fire resisting construction
- (q) Fire doors, smoke doors, fire windows and fire shutter

Fire Safety Certificate (Class 2-9 Only)

- 51. A Fire Safety Certificate will be furnished to the PCA (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) for all the Essential Fire or Other Safety Measures forming part of this approval prior to issue of an Occupation Certificate. As soon as practical after a Fire safety Certificate is issued, the owner of the building to which it relates:
 - (a) Must cause a copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be given to the Commissioner of New South Wales Fire Brigades, and
 - (b) must cause a further copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be prominently displayed in the building.

Annual Fire Safety Statement (Class 2-9 Only)

52. An Annual Fire Safety Statement must be provided to Council and the NSW Fire Brigade commencing within 12 months after the date on which the consent authority initial Fire Safety Certificate is received.

Advertising Signage

53. No external advertising or business signage is approved by this approval. Any future signage will be the subject of a separate development application, where statutorily required.

Completion of Sewerage Management Facility

54. The developer shall ensure that if work relating to the installation of the approved waste water treatment system is not completed prior to a request for an occupation certificate, the developer shall ensure that all waste water drainage from the development is connected to the existing 27000 litre steel pump out tank. All work associated with such a connection shall be inspected by Council and approved prior to the issue of the Occupancy Certificate. The operator shall submit to Council a copy of the receipt (detailing the amount of effluent removed and date) for each pump out service.

Part G: Use of Site

Annual Fire Safety Certification

55. The owner of the building will certify to Council every year that the essential services installed in the building for the purpose of fire safety have been inspected and at the time of inspection are capable of operating to the required minimum standard. This purpose of this condition is to ensure that there is adequate safety of persons in the building in the event of fire and for the prevention of fire, the suppression of fire and the prevention of spread of fire.

Stormwater Management Plan

56. The developer shall ensure that all on-site storm water is treated in accordance with the approved Stormwater and Drainage Design (as per Condition No. 10).

Rainwater Tanks

- 57. All fixtures connected to the supply system are marked 'RAINWATER'.
- 58. The developer shall ensure that rainwater tanks are de-sludged every three years.
- 59. The tank is enclosed and inlets screened, so as to prevent the entry of foreign matter and to prevent mosquito breeding.
- 60. The developer shall ensure that the roof catchment area is kept clear of overhanging vegetation.

- Pumps are to be covered or screened to avoid noise nuisances to neighbouring properties.
- 62. The developer shall ensure that all storm water that is not collected by the tank is directed away from tank foundations, buildings or other structures onto gardens or into rubble pits or directly to the road drainage system such that it does not cause nuisance to neighbouring properties.

Rainwater Tanks - Underground

63. The developer shall ensure that any underground rainwater tanks are sealed to prevent any surface water entering the tank.

Off-Street Car Parking

- 64. The developer is to ensure that a minimum of 15 car parking spaces are provided on-site for this development in accordance with the approved Site Plan and Council's DCP Circular C1 Off-street Carparking. The car parking spaces must:
 - (a) each be a minimum of 5.5m long and 2.6m wide;
 - (b) be clearly marked for use by occupants of each dwelling;
 - (c) be surfaced; and
 - (d) be accessible at all times.

External Finishes

- 65. The developer is to ensure that the external type, colour and texture of materials to be used on the project shall be consistent with those of the existing development.
- Any outbuildings or other ancillary structures are to be finished in colours and materials of natural earthy tones and low reflective quality to blend with the surroundings. The driveway is to be finished in dark earth tones.

Amenity

67. The developer shall ensure that lighting of the premises is to be directed so as not to cause nuisance to the owners or occupiers of adjoining premises or to motorists on adjoining or nearby roads.

Storage of Goods and Materials

68. All goods, materials and equipment shall be stored within the building and no part of the land shall be used for purposes of storage.

Occupancy Rates - Building

69. The buildings are to be occupied by a number of persons not exceeding the number listed in the following schedule:

A Frame - Main Building

0 Persons

Units 1,2 & 3 (type B)

6 persons

Unit 4 (type A)

4 persons

Unit 5 (type C)

6 persons

Units 6,7 & 8 (Type D)

12 persons

Staff Accommodation

4 persons

Total Number of Persons

70. The proposed development is not to be occupied by more than 68 persons at

any one time with only 64 guests permitted.

Commencement of Works Notice

71. At least 2 days prior to commencement of works on-site, a notice of commencement (refer attached form) is to be submitted to Council in accordance with the provisions of section 81(2)(c) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979. Failure to notify Council prior to commencement may lead to the instigation of legal action.

Vegetation Clearing

72. The developer shall obtain separate development consent for the *clearing* of native vegetation prior to the commencement of works on site.

Driveways (Rural Development)

- 73. The developer is to ensure that the vehicular access road to the proposed development is constructed and maintained in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Land and Water Conservation pamphlet "Guidelines for the Planning, Construction and Maintenance of Trails".
- 74. The developer is to ensure that in conjunction with the "Guidelines for the Planning, Construction and Maintenance of Trails" the vehicular access road is constructed in accordance with the following standards:
 - (a) The road must be 4 metres wide;
 - (b) Cross slope of the road must be no greater than 1:14 or 7% (i.e. a 28cm drop over 4 metres); and
 - (c) Road gradients must not exceed 16.7% (1:6) for gravel construction and 20% (1:5) for sealed surfaces.
- 75. The developer is to ensure that a dish drain vehicle crossing is constructed from the access road onto the land. Where a dish drain vehicle crossing is not practical, a pipe culvert vehicle crossing is to be provided. The pipe culvert is to be a minimum of 375mm in diameter constructed of reinforced concrete.

General Terms of Approval (Bushfire Safety Authority) - NSW Rural Fire Service

- 76. Asset Protection Zones are to be provided in accordance with the Sketch of proposed for Ultimo Lodge and Table 5.1 of the Bushfire Protection Assessment prepared by NGH Environmental (dated October 2005 amended 23.02.2006) and are to be maintained in accordance with Section 4.2.2 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2001. A section 88B Restriction as to User that is mutually agreed to by all land owners involved shall be established for the provision of any part of the Asset Protection Zone that extends onto adjoining land as identified in the Bushfire Protection Assessment.
- 77. Construction shall comply with AS3959-1999 Level 1 'Construction of Buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas'.
- 78. All openings for existing windows shall be screened with non corrosive mesh to prevent the entry of wind blown embers. If screens can not be fitted to the outside of the windows an alternate solution may be used that has the same performance outcome (i.e. screens on the inside that will prevent the entry of embers).
- 79. The existing loop road and new driveway shall comply with Section 4.3.2 of planning for bushfire protection 2001.
- 80. A tank with a capacity of 50,000 litres for the exclusive use of bushfire fighting purposes shall be provided as indicated in the Bushfire Protection Assessment.

 A 65mm storz fitting and ball gate valve shall be installed in the tank. The tanks shall be sited so a fire fighting vehicle can park within 6 metres and access to the tank shall comply with Section 4.3.3 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2001
- 81. A Bush Fire Evacuation Plan is to be submitted to the NSW Rural Fire Service

 Development Control Services for approval. The evacuation plan is to detail the following:
 - a. Under what circumstance will the complex be evacuated
 - b. Where will all persons be evacuated to, both onsite and offsite
 - c. Roles and responsibilities of persons so ordinating the evacuation
 - d.—Roles and responsibilities of persons remaining at the complex after evacuation
 - e. A procedure to contact the NSW Rural Fire Service District Office/NSW Fire Brigade and inform them of the evacuation and where they will be evacuated to.

Added By 10.2006.3000062.4

AS_01 Agency Specific - RFS

Asset Protection Zones

Intent of measures: to provide suitable building design, construction and sufficient space to ensure that radiant heat levels do not exceed critical limits for firefighters and other emergency services personnel undertaking operations, including supporting or evacuating occupants.

- 1. Prior to operating and/or the issue of any Construction or Occupation Certificate, an easement under section 88b of the Conveyancing Act 1919 allowing the maintenance of the Asset Protection Zone (APZ) on the adjoining land is to be created over Lot 1 in DP 855767 in favour of the site (Lot 9 in DP 245722) to the extent of the repetitive 'X' outline as shown in the stamped site plan (prepared by Alex Goldfinch Architect, job no. 2408, dwg no. da 01 A, dated oct 2005) being SK1-MOD0062/2006 of Snowy River Shire Council's modification application no. MOD0062/2006 approved on 29 September 2008. The APZ on the adjoining land must be managed in perpetuity by the person with the benefit of this consent as outlined in Appendix 4 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019 and the NSW Rural Fire Service's document Standards for asset protection zones. The maximum allowable outer protection area (OPA) is 15 metres with the remainder of the APZ managed as an inner protection area (IPA). The Council is to be nominated as the authority having the power to release, vary or modify the easement.
- 2. Prior to operating and/or the issue of any Construction or Occupation Certificate, the approved and proposed APZs (including the APZ on the adjoining land) as shown in Figure 9-1, Appendix C of the bush fire report prepared by NGH pty Ltd, project no. 21-027, dated 29/09/2021 must be managed in perpetuity by the person with the benefit of this consent as outlined in Appendix 4 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019 and the NSW Rural Fire Service's document Standards for asset protection zones. The maximum allowable outer protection area (OPA) is 15 metres with the remainder of the APZ managed as an inner protection area (IPA).

Construction Standards

Intent of measures: to provide suitable building design, construction and sufficient space to ensure that radiant heat levels do not exceed critical limits for firefighters and other emergency services personnel undertaking operations, including supporting or evacuating occupants.

- 3. Works (including rectification works) approved under modification application no. MOD006212006 on 29 September 2008 must comply with AS3959 1999 Level 1 Construction of Buildings in bushfire prone areas.
- 4. New construction (including works seeking retrospective approval) that are proposed under this modification application (no.10.2006.3000060.004, submitted 26 May 2021) for the main building and unit block 5/6 (except for the south western elevation/s) must comply with Sections 3 and 6 (BAL 19) of the Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas or NASH Standard (1.7.14 updated) National Standard Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas 2014 as appropriate, and Section 7.5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.
- 5. New construction (including works seeking retrospective approval) that are proposed under this modification application (no.10.2006.3000060.004, submitted 26 May 2021) on the south western elevation/s of the main building and unit block 5/6 must comply with Sections 3 and 5 (BAL 12.5) of the Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas or NASH Standard (1.7.14 updated) National Standard Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas 2014 as appropriate, and Section 7.5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.
- 6. New construction (including works seeking retrospective approval) that are proposed under this modification application (no. 10.2006.3000060.004, submitted 26 May 2021) for all other units must comply with Sections 3 and 5 (BAL 12.5) of the Australian Standard AS3959-2018 Construction of buildings in bush fire-prone areas or NASH Standard (1.7.14 updated) National Standard Steel Framed Construction in Bushfire Areas 2014 as appropriate, and Section 7.5 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019.
- 7. All openings for existing windows shall be screened with non-corrosive mesh to prevent the entry of windblown embers. If screens cannot be fitted to the outside of the windows an alternate solution may be used that has the same performance outcome (Le. screens on the inside that will prevent the entry of embers).
- 8. The existing doors shall be fitted with draught excluders or weather strips.
- Any class 10b structures as defined per the National Construction Code proposed under this modification application (no. 10.2006.3000060.004, submitted 26 May 2021) must be non-combustible or hardwood.

Access - Property Access

Intent of measures: to provide safe operational access for emergency services personnel in suppressing a bush fire, while residents are accessing or egressing

an area.

10. The existing loop road and new driveway shall comply with Section 4.3.2 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2001.

Water and Utility Services

Intent of measures: to provide adequate services of water for the protection of buildings during and after the passage of a bush fire, and to locate gas and electricity so as not to contribute to the risk of fire to a building.

- 11. The provision of water, electricity and gas must comply with the following in accordance with Table 6.8c of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019:
 - A 50,000 litre static water supply tank must be provided on site;
 - a connection for firefighting purposes is located within the IPA or non-hazard side, and away from the

structure;

- 65mm Storz outlet with a ball valve is fitted to the outlet;
- ball valve and pipes are adequate for water flow and are metal;
- supply pipes from tank to ball valve have the same bore size to ensure flow volume;
- underground tanks have an access hole of 200mm to allow tankers to refill direct from the tank;
- a hardened ground surface for truck access is supplied within 4m;
- above-ground tanks are manufactured from concrete or metal;
- raised tanks have their stands constructed from non-combustible materials;
- unobstructed access be provided at all times;
- underground tanks are clearly marked;
- tanks on the hazard side of a building are provided with adequate shielding for the protection of firefighters;
- all exposed water pipes external to the building are metal, including any fittings;
- where pumps are provided, they are a minimum Shp or 3kW petrol or diesel-powered pump, and are shielded against bush fire attack;
- any hose and reel for firefighting be connected to the pump and be 19mm internal diameter, and fire hose reels are constructed in accordance with AS/NZS 1221:1997, and installed in accordance with the relevant clauses of AS 2441:2005;
- where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground;
- where overhead, electrical transmission lines are proposed as follows:

- o lines are installed with short pole spacing (30m), unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas; and
- no part of a tree is closer to a power line than the distance set out in accordance with the specifications in ISSC3 Guideline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines.
- reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 and the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used;
- all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side;
- connections to and from gas cylinders are metal;
- polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines are not used; and
- above-ground gas service pipes are metal, including and up to any outlets.

landscaping Assessment

Intent of measures: to provide suitable building design, construction and sufficient space to ensure that radiant heat levels do not exceed critical limits for firefighters and other emergency services personnel undertaking operations, including supporting or evacuating occupants.

- 12. Any new landscaping within the required asset protection zone must comply with Appendix 4 of Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019. In this regard, the following principles are to be incorporated:
 - A minimum 1 metre wide area (or to the property boundary where the setbacks are less than 1 metre), suitable for pedestrian traffic, must be provided around the immediate curtilage of the building;
 - Planting is limited in the immediate vicinity of the building;
 - Planting does not provide a continuous canopy to the building (i.e. trees or shrubs are isolated or located in small clusters);
 - landscape species are chosen to ensure tree canopy cover is less than 15% (IPA), and less than 30% (OPA) at maturity and trees do no touch or overhang buildings;
 - Avoid species with rough fibrous bark, or which retain/shed bark in long strips or retain dead material in their canopies;
 - Use smooth bark species of trees species which generally do not spread fire up the bark into the crown;
 - Avoid planting of deciduous species that may increase fuel at surface/ ground level (i.e. leaf litter);
 - Avoid climbing species to walls and pergolas;
 - locate combustible materials such as woodchips/mulch, flammable fuel stores away from the building;

- locate combustible structures such as garden sheds, pergolas and materials such as timber garden furniture away from the building; and
- low flammability vegetation species are used.

Emergency Management

Intent of measures: to provide suitable emergency and evacuation arrangements for occupants of SFPP developments.

13. A Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan must be prepared consistently with the NSW RFS document: A Guide to Developing a Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan, and AS 3745:2010.

The plan must include, but be limited to, the following:

- Closures and a mechanism for the relocation of guests on days with an 'extreme' or 'catastrophic' fire danger rating or adverse fire activity in the area;
- contact details for the local Rural Fire Service office;
- procedures for co-ordinated evacuation of the site in consultation with local emergency services.

A copy of the Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan should be provided to the Local Emergency Management Committee for its information prior to occupation of the development.

General Advice - Consent Authority to Note

This letter is in response to additional information submitted and supersedes the conditions of the Bush Fire Safety Authority dated 22 March 2006 and correspondence dated 15 August 2006.



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info@cpspkmnng.com.ou

PROJECT:

EXISTING LODGE ACCOMMODATION: SECTION 4.55 (2) MODIFICATION

309 WOLLONDIBBY ROAD, CRACKENBACK NSW

PREPARED FOR:

LESLIE FARKASH

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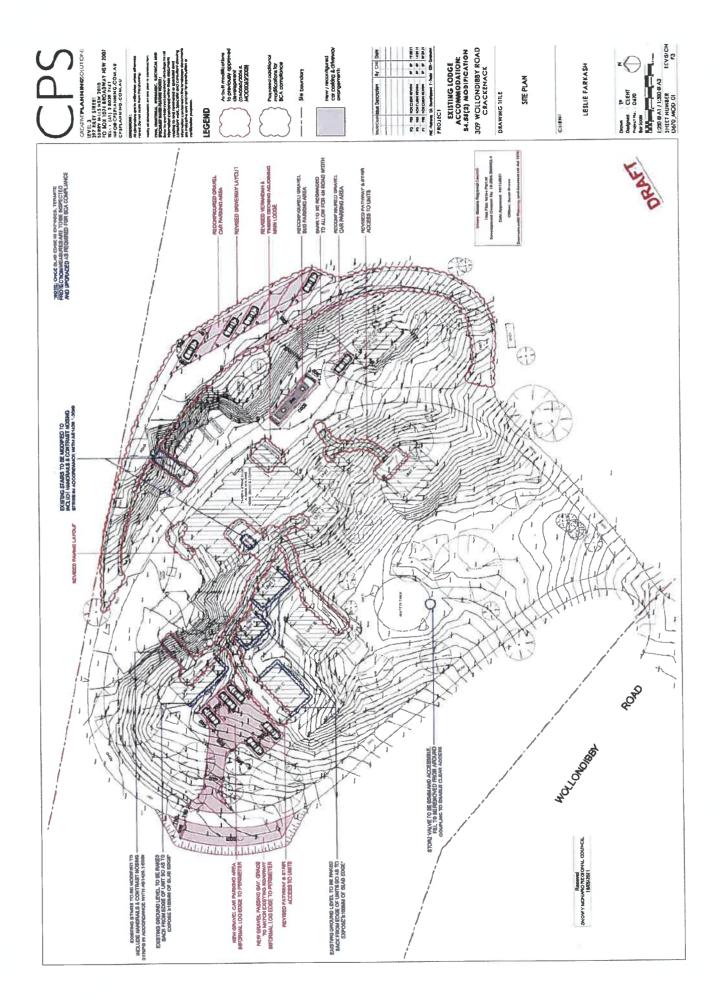
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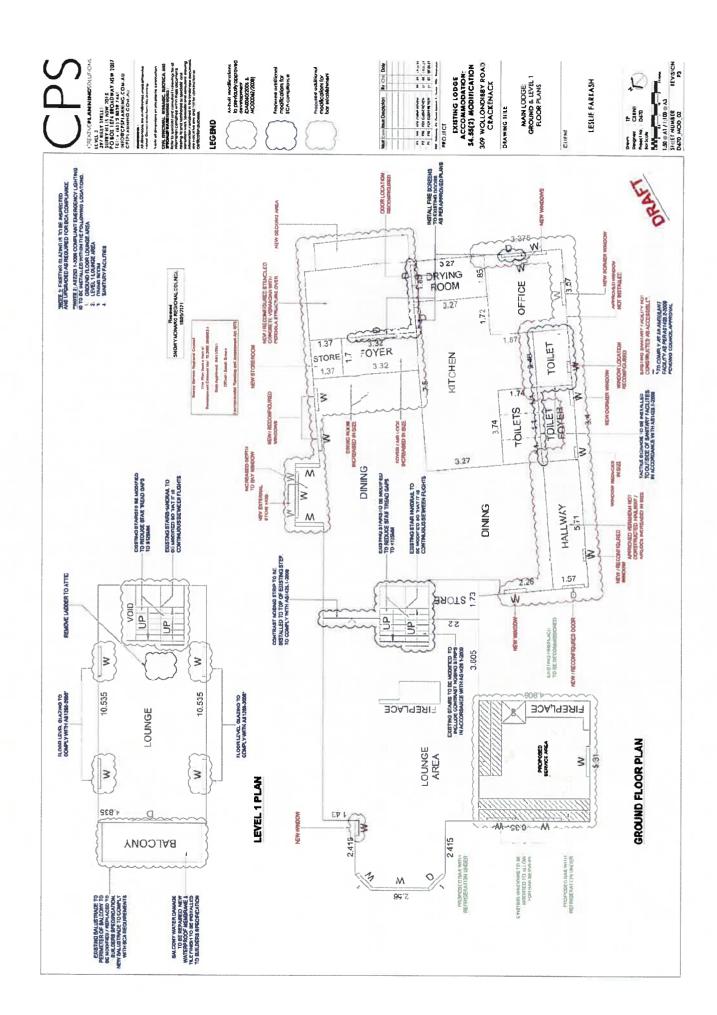




ISSUE: P3 - FOR CLIENT REVIEW

DATE: 19/02/2021





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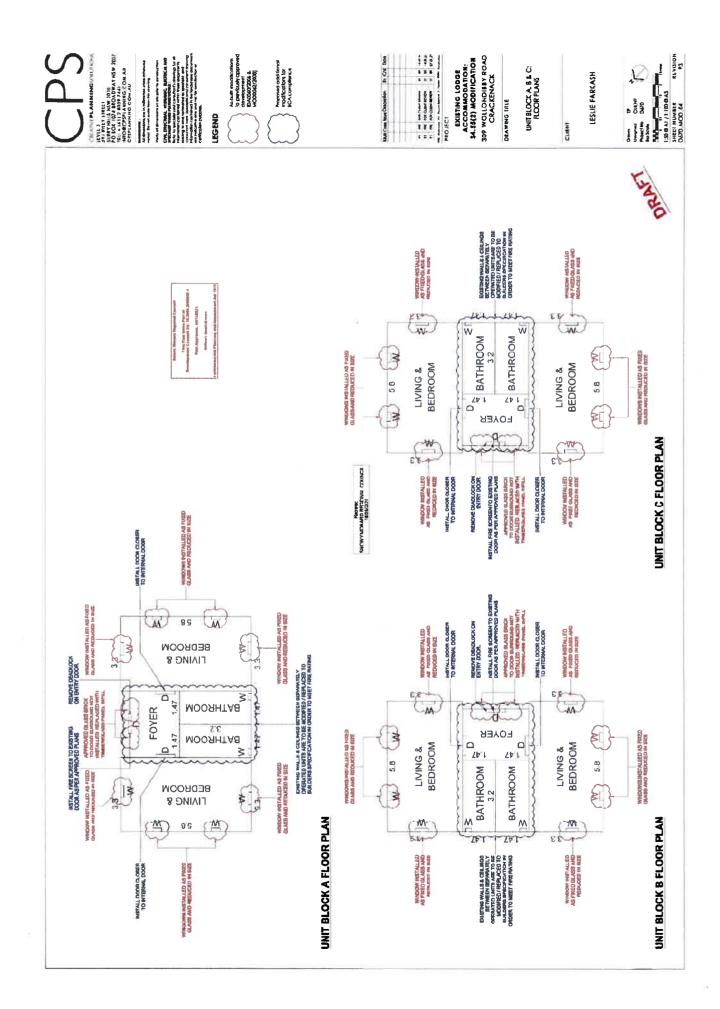
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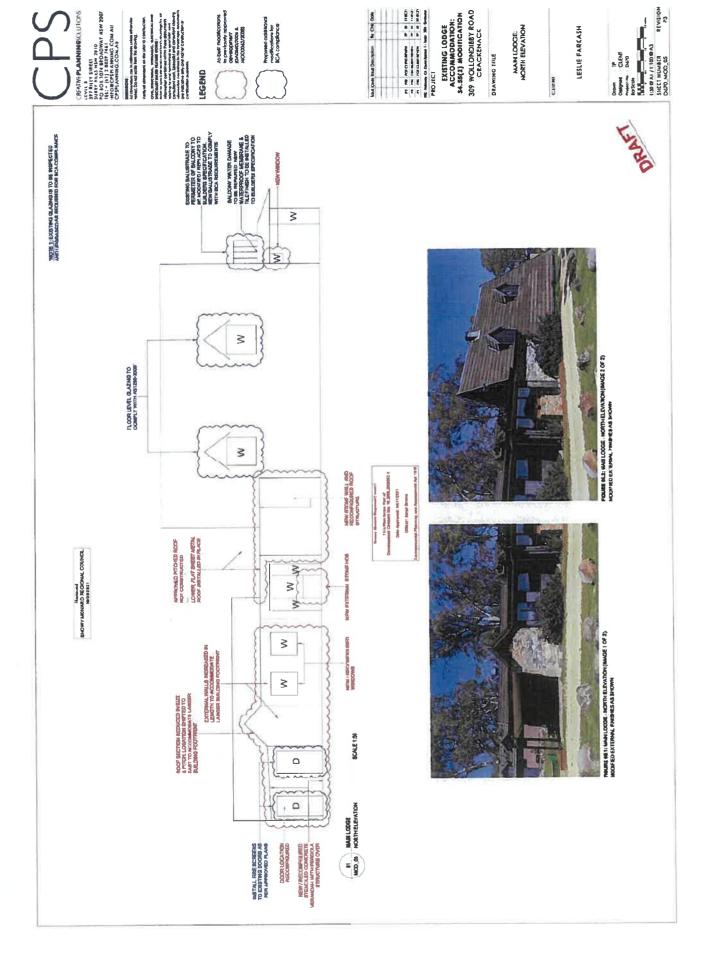
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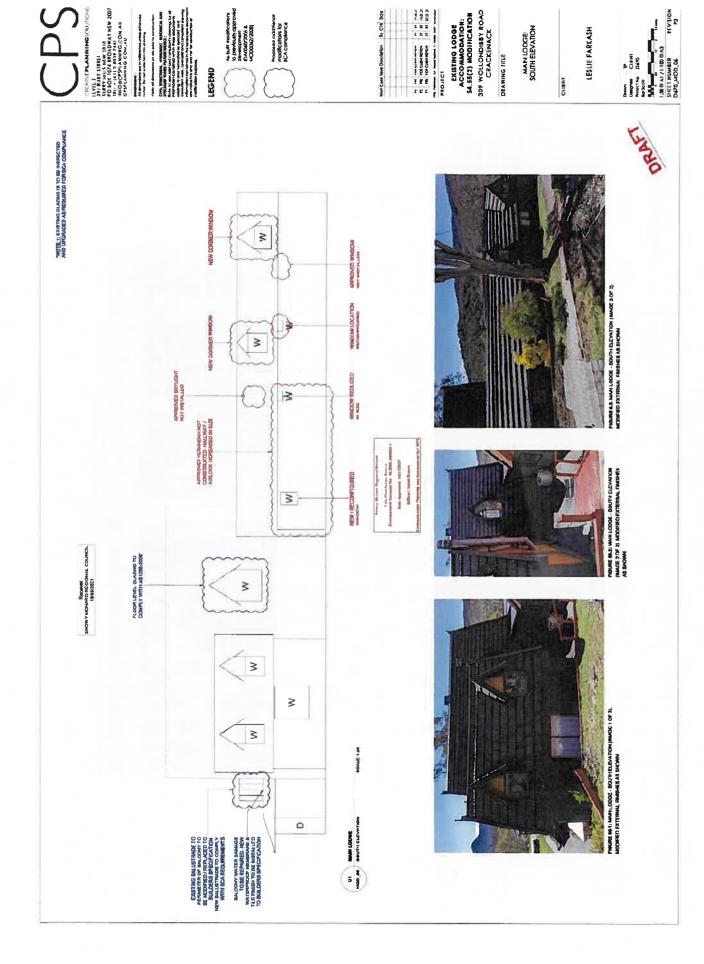
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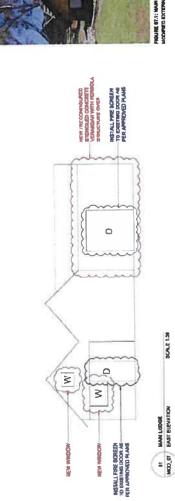
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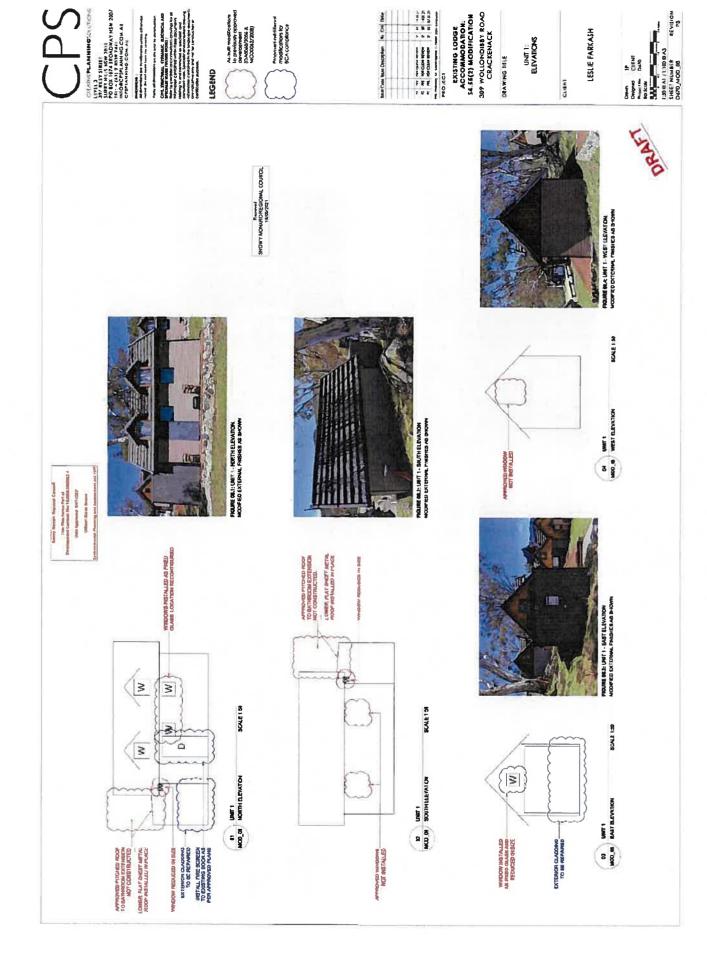


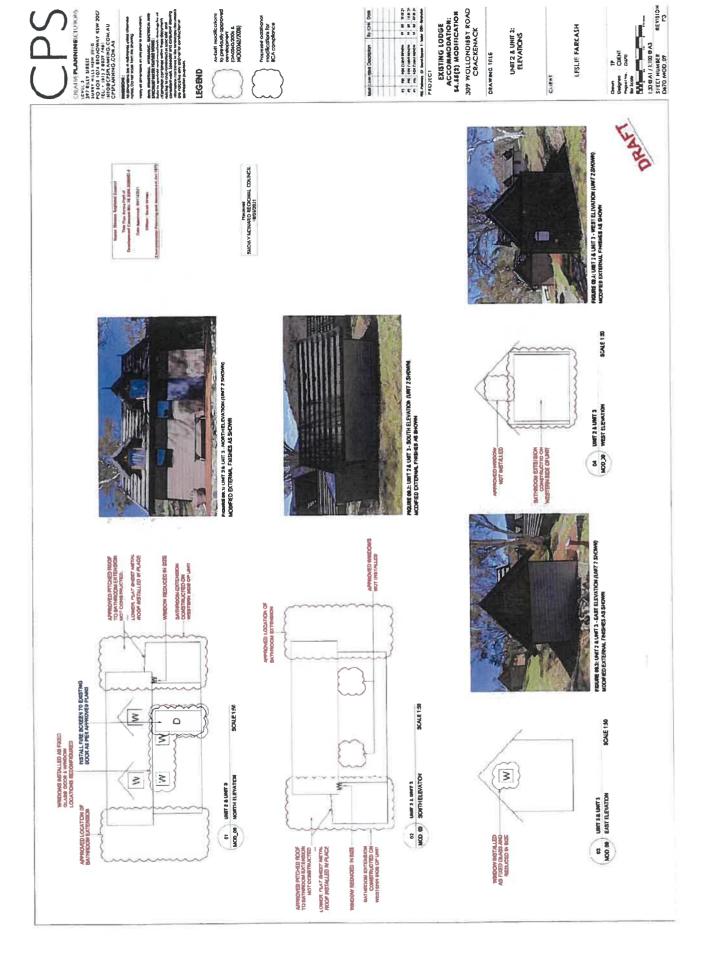
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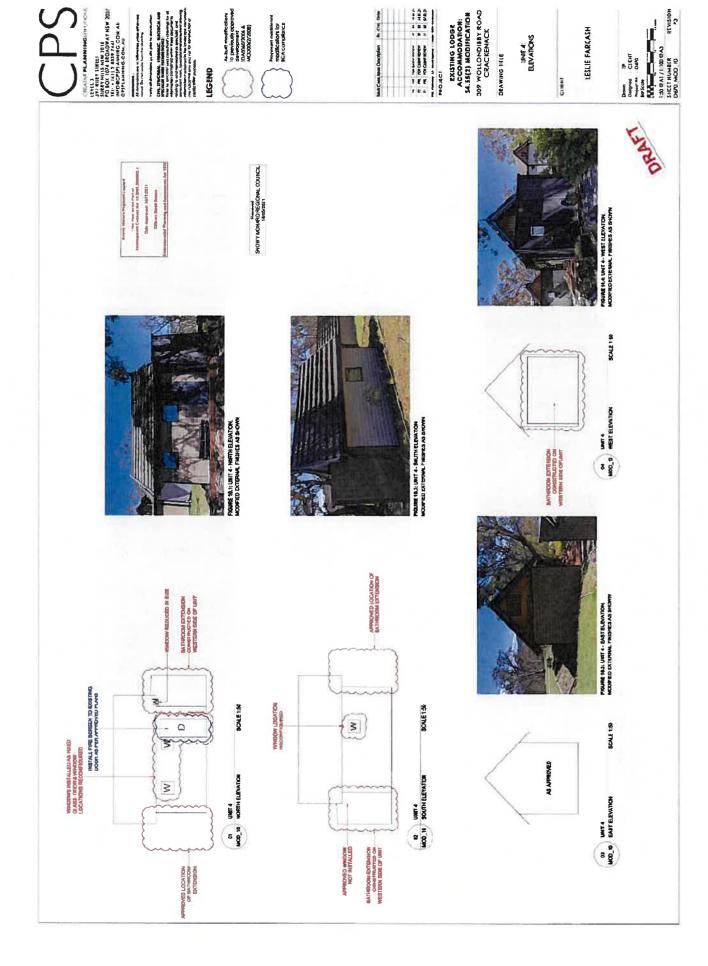
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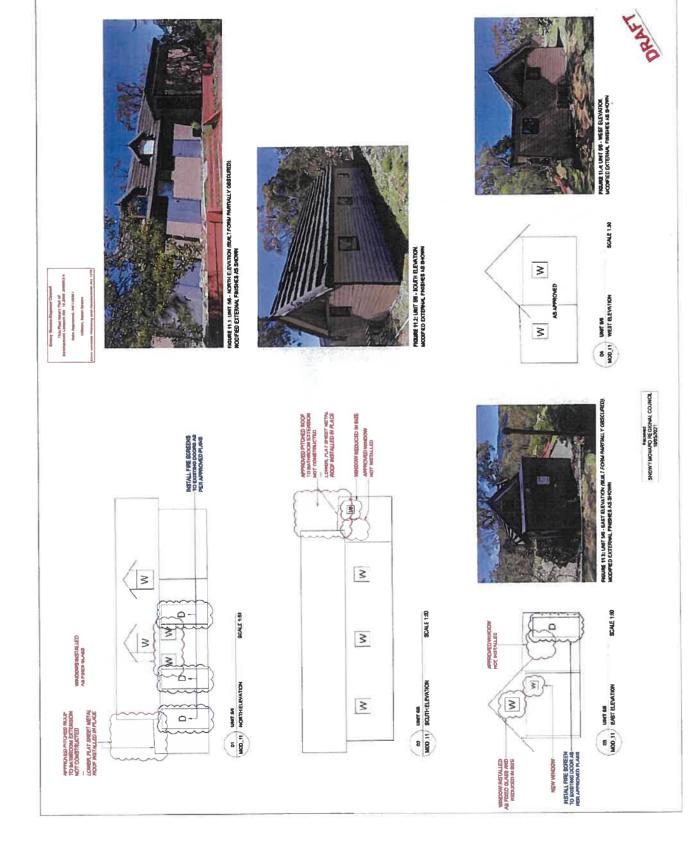
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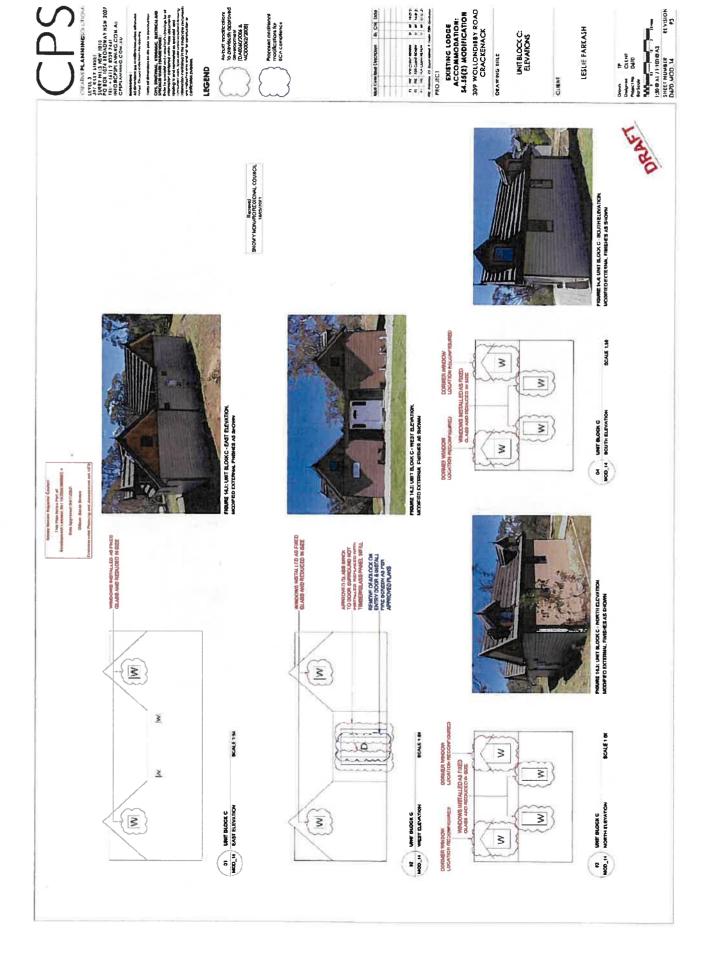
UNIT 5/6: ELEVATIONS

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LESLIE FARKASH











Statement of Environmental Effects

Section 4.55(2) modification for the regularisation of buildings works, BCA and fire safety upgrades and the construction of a new bar.

Snowy Monaro Regional Council

This Plan forms Part of Development Consent No: 10.2006.3000062.4

Date Approved: 04/11/2021

Officer: Sarah Brown

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Recieved SNOWY MONARO REGIONAL COUNCIL 18/05/2021

309 Wollondibby Road, Crackenback Lot 9 DP 245722

Prepared for: Ultimo Lodge

Project No: D670 Date: May 2021

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Snowy Monaro Regional Council

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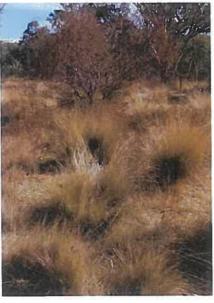
Bush Fire Assessment Report

Modification to Tourist Accommodation

September 2021

Project Number: 21-027





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Bush Fire Assessment Report

Modification to Tourist Accommodation

September 2021

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Document Verification

Project Title:

Modification to Tourist Accommodation

Project Number:

21-027

Project File Name:

21-027 Ultimo Lodge Bush Fire Assessment Final V1.0

| Revision | Date | Prepared by | Reviewed by | Approved by |
|---|------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Draft V1.0 | 16/09/2021 | Nick Weigner Brad Draper | Johanna Duck | Brad Draper |
| Draft V1.1 (minor edits) | 22/09/2021 | Brad Draper | - | - |
| Draft V1.2 (update project file name) | 23/09/2021 | Brad Draper | - | - |
| Final V1.0 | 29/09/2021 | Brad Draper | - | - |

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Acronyms and abbreviations

| APZ | Asset Protection Zone |
|---------------|---|
| AS 3959-2018 | Australian Standard - Construction of Buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas |
| BAL | Bush fire Attack Level |
| BCA | Bush fire Consent Authority |
| BFMC | Bush Fire Management Committees |
| BFRMP | Bush Fire Risk Management Plan |
| BFSA | Bush Fire Safety Authority |
| BFPL | Bush fire Prone Land |
| BPL Map | Bush fire Prone Land Map |
| BPMs | Bush fire Protection Measures |
| Council | Snowy Monaro Regional Council |
| EPA Act | Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) |
| EPA Reg | Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 (NSW) |
| FFDI | (Forest) Fire Danger Index (also FDI) |
| На | Hectare |
| IPA | Inner Protection Area |
| kW/m² | kilowatts per square metre (being a measure of radiant heat) |
| LGA | Local Government Area |
| NCC | National Construction Standard (comprising Building Code of Australia) |
| OPA | Outer Protection Area |
| PBP | Planning for Bush Fire Protection (2019) |
| RF Act | Rural Fires Act 1997 |
| RF Regulation | Rural Fires Regulation 2013 |
| SFAZ | Strategic Fire Advantage Zone |

1. Introduction

Creative Planning Solutions has commissioned NGH to undertake this Bush Fire Assessment Report (BFAR) for proposed modifications to previously approved upgrades to the Ultimo Lodge (formerly known as the Habitat Chalet) at Crackenback, NSW 2627. The Ultimo Lodge is referred to herein as the proposal area.

The proposal seeks to obtain consent for modification to an existing Development Application (DA) number MOD0062/2006 from Snowy Monaro Regional Council (Council) under Section 4.55 of the NSW *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (EP&A Act).

The existing development is categorised as tourist accommodation. The existing accommodation facilitates occupancy for sixty-eight (68) people, inclusive of staff. The proposed modification would seek to regularise building works that have been carried out and approve proposed National Construction Code (NCC) and fire safety upgrades to existing structures, refer to design plans in Appendix A. The modifications also include the proposed construction of a small bar within the northwest side of the main lodge building (CPS, 2021).

Council has referred the current application to the NSW Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS). The RFS has sought clarification and additional assessment on the proposed works (refer to Appendix B). This BFAR has categorised the proposed works (refer to Section 2) and where relevant, a bush fire attack level (BAL) assessment has been undertaken.

The proposal involves building and site works that apply to buildings constructed under the NSW RFS' guidelines Planning for Bush Fire Protection (PBP) 2001 and Australian Standard (AS) 3959-1999. Due to differences between historical and current policy, a comparable assessment is provided in Appendix C, identifying the differences between bush fire protection specifications applied under PBP 2001 and the current version of PBP 2019.

1.1 Preface

The existing land use and operation on the site, is for the purpose of tourist accommodation. The land use was originally approved by Council on 9/4/2006 and is referenced as DA0062/2006. A subsequent modification to the original consent was sought. The modification was determined on 29/9/2008, referenced as MOD 0062/2006.

As the land use is a special fire protection purpose development (SFPP), the original proposal received a bush fire safety authority (BFSA) from the Commissioner of the NSW RFS, under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act 1997*. The original approval BFSA was assessed against the current version of the NSW RFS' guidelines PBP 2001.

The original proposal was required to demonstrate compliance with the specifications of PBP 2001, in accordance with Conditions 75 – 80 of MOD 0062/2006. Construction for alterations and additions, has occurred over a period of more than 15 years.

The current application seeks to modify the consent, whereby the NSW RFS has asked for retrospective work and new work to comply with the current version of PBP. The current version of the NSW RFS' guideline is PBP 2019, which was given legislative effect on 1 March 2020. Due to changes in the methodology associated with PBP 2019, this assessment raises several critical assessment input differences from the onset, as identified in Table 1-1 below.

Table 1-1 PBP 2001 and PBP 2019 policy differences

| Methodology / Measure | PBP 2001 | PBP 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Forest Fire Danger Index (FDI) | 80 | 80 (per Table A1.12.6) |
| Vegetation | Woodland (Vegetation Group 2) | Forest (Subalpine Woodlands is categorised as Dry Sclerophyll Forest) |
| Flame Temperature (SFPP) | 1090K | 1200K (per Table A1.12.1) |
| Asset Protection Zone (APZ) | 40 to 60 metres (per Table A.2.3) | 67 to 93 metres (per Table A1.12.1) |
| Construction Standards | Level 1 of AS 3959-1999 (up to radiant heat of 14 kW/m² – conditioned to apply to all building work | BAL-12.5 (<12.5kW/m²) |

The nature of the proposed works (refer to Section 2) is generally minor; no changes are proposed to building footprints or the existing/approved layout of habitable buildings.

The assessment contained herein for the purpose of determining the BAL, has adopted as the originally approved APZ extent (condition 75 of MOD 0062/2006). The APZ is partly located over adjacent land and is subject to registration with Land Registry Services against the title of land identified in Table 1-2 below.

Due to the nature of the works proposed (new and retrospective work, and additional compliance work), a comparable assessment is provided in Appendix C, to consider of the original proposal against the application of current policy objectives and criteria; bearing in mind, the limited extent of the proposed works.

1.2 Subject land and location

The subject land comprises 309 Wollondibby Road, Crackenback (Lot 9 DP245722). An APZ is approved over adjoining land, 261 Wollondibby Road, Crackenback (Lot 1 DP855767) as per DA (MOD0062/2006). The total area of the subject land is approximately 41 hectares. The subject land contains an unnamed watercourse bisecting the site from south to north.

The subject land is listed below in Table 1-2. A map outlining the subject land is provided in Figure 1-1.

Table 1-2 Subject land

| Lot | Deposited Plan | Comment |
|-------|----------------|---|
| Lot 9 | 245722 | Existing lodge (six buildings). The majority of the site is unmanaged woodland. Unnamed watercourse present. |
| Lot 1 | 855767 | The majority of the site is unmanaged woodland. Continuation of unnamed watercourse. Applicable for the application of the previously approved APZ (subject to registration with Land Registry Services). |

The subject land is located on land mapped by Council as Bush Fire Prone Land (BFPL) as identified in Figure 1-2. As the land is mapped as BFPL, this BFAR has been prepared, in accordance with Section 4.46 of the EP&A Act.

1.3 Purpose of assessment

This BFAR provides an assessment of the proposed modification proposal. Specifically, this reports outlines:

- The statutory and policy requirements for bush fire protection in NSW.
- The proposed works identified in Section 2 could incorporate prescribed bush fire protection measures, and
- · Best practice bush fire planning.

The existing and potential bush fire hazards present through the surrounding landscape are assessed against the methodology and specifications prescribed by the NSW RFS guidelines, PBP 2019.



Figure 1-1 The subject land of the proposal (Source: NGH)

Figure 1-2 Bush fire prone land surrounding the locality (Source: NGH)

0

2. Proposal

2.1 Project description

The proposal involves alterations to existing development occurring over land zoned E3 (Environmental Management), under the Snowy River Local Environmental Plan (LEP) 2013. As identified in Section 1.2, the tourist accommodation is currently established and operational. The original approval is dated 2006 and subsequent applications for modification have been approved since.

The current proposal involves upgrades to the existing facility to improve operational safety.

2.1.1 Proposed new and retrospective work

The existing development comprises 8 cabins, staff accommodation and a main lodge (dining, administration, servicing). An overview of the existing layout is identified in the site plan provided in Figure 2-1. This report shall be read in conjunction with the accompanying plans provided in Appendix A.

The proposal includes several facets, including seeking approval for the following:

- New work proposed work, to be constructed/installed following approval.
- Retrospective work work previously constructed/installed on site. Current plans identify as-built works.

All retrospective and new work proposed is required to consider the current application of PBP 2019. Minor works or upgrades to achieve compliance with the NCC is not considered by this assessment as the conditions 76 & 77 of MOD 0062/2006 approval are considered relevant and as such continue to apply.

The works identified in the Table 2-1 below are limited to external building or layout features, where consideration of bush fire planning guidelines and principles apply. Notwithstanding, application of Section 6.5 of PBP grants concessions to minor and non-structural works; these items are excluded from the assessment. Internal building works (alterations, new fit out and layout modifications) have not been assessed by this assessment.

Table 2-1 Proposed retrospective and new work

| Approval sought | Building / location | Work | Excluded under Section 6.5 of PBP 2019 |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Retrospective work | Main Lodge | New/relocated doors and new/relocated/resized windows on all elevations. | No |
| | | A new/reconfigured verandah and pergola with an adjoining deck on the building's southeast elevation. | No |
| | | Changes to window glazing. | No |
| 9/1 | Units | New/relocated doors and new/relocated/resized windows (some of which have been constructed with fixed glass) and roof dormers. | No |
| | _ | Replacement of glass brick door surrounds with timber/glass panel infills. | No |
| | | Consider the current location of Unit A, refer to Appendix C for detailed discussion. | No |
| | | Recrientation of two units (Units B and C); no change to approved location. | No |
| | Site Parking and Civil Works | Relocation of paved pathways connecting the Units to the main lodge area. | Yes |
| New work | Main Lodge | Upgrades to a deck on the northwest elevation to repair water damage, which include a new waterproof membrane and balustrades (not located >6m from building). | No |
| | | Provide a bar/service area within the existing building footprint (internal alteration). | Yes |
| | | External alteration (changes to glazing and cladding) associated with bar/service area. | No |
| | Site Parking and Civil Works | Removal of 7 car parking spaces (east). | Yes |
| | and Civil WOIKS | Construct 7 car parking spaces area (west). Amendments to internal access road specifications. | Yes No |

2.1.2 Rectification work

Minor works/upgrades to provide compliance with current Australian Standards and relevant guidelines. The works identified in Table 2-2 are viewed as minor compliance matters which provide a safer outcome and are consistent with the original approval and standards/guidelines that are now superseded.

Table 2-2 Proposed rectification work

| Building / location | Rectification work (under MOD 0062/2006) | Excluded under Section 6.5 of PBP 2019 |
|------------------------|--|--|
| All areas | Removal of a 65mm Storz valve from the existing water tank. Removal of filling around structures to expose slabs. Stair upgrades including nosing strips and handrails. Landscaping, drainage infrastructure and associated services. | Yes Yes Yes |
| Main Lodge | Fire screens. | No |
| Units | New fire screens. Repairs to external cladding. | No Yes |

The addition of new screens (ember protection) to the main lodge and units, is a compliant outcome, which achieves the intent and application of AS 3959-1999. The work would satisfy Condition 76 and 77 of MOD 0062/2006, refer to Appendix D.

2.1.3 Summary of key bush fire considerations - NSW PBP guidelines and objectives

This BFAR has considered the proposal against the NSW PBP guidelines. A summary of bush fire protection measures considered by this assessment are outlined in Table 2-3 below.

Table 2-3 Summary of bush fire protection measures considered.

| Bush Fire Protection Measure | Report Section |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Asset protection zones | Section 5.1.and Section 6.1 |
| Landscaping | Section 5.2 and Section 6.1 |
| Access | Section 5.4 |
| Water supply and utilities | Section 5.5 |
| Emergency Management | Section 5.6 and Section 6.3 |
| PBP SFPP Objectives | Section 7 |



Figure 2-1 Proposal area, including previously approved APZ footprint (Source: NGH)

3. Planning framework

As the proposal is located on BFPL, the DA must demonstrate consideration of, and conformance with relevant legislation and guidelines. This section outlines the relevant requirements and how they relate to this assessment.

3.1 Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

The NSW Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act) is the principal planning legislation for the state, providing a framework for the overall environmental planning and assessment of development proposals. Relevant sections of the EP&A Act are discussed below.

Under Section 10.3 of the EP&A Act, Council's must develop a bush fire prone land map every 5 years. The BFPL map designates land as bush fire prone and requires the Commissioner of the NSW RFS to certify the map.

Due to the proposed tourist accommodation being located on BFPL, this assessment has been prepared under Section 4.46(1) of the EP&A Act. Section 4.46 of the EP&A Act identifies additional approvals that are required, in order for development consent to be issued. In this instance, concurrence from the NSW RFS Commissioner, under Section 100B of the *Rural Fires Act* 1997 applies, as the proposal is categorised as SFPP.

In accordance with Section 4.46 of the EP&A Act, this report assesses the proposal against the specification and requirements of PBP.

3.2 Rural Fires Act 1997

The Rural Fires Act 1997 (RF Act) governs fire management and wildfire suppression planning between various agencies and organisations. The Bush Fire Management Committees (BMC) and Bush Fire Risk Management Plan (BFRMP) regulates identifying bush fire risk along with treatment of the risk and ongoing performance, monitoring and review processes.

The objects of the RF Act are to provide:

- for the prevention, mitigation, and suppression of bush and other fires in local government areas (or parts of areas) and other parts of the State constituted as rural fire districts, and
- for the co-ordination of bush firefighting and bush fire prevention throughout the State, and
- for the protection of persons from injury or death, and property from damage, arising from fires, and
- for the protection of infrastructure and environmental, economic, cultural, agricultural and community assets from damage arising from fires.

With regard to planning and development within NSW, the RF Act largely functions through application of Section 4.46 of the EP&A Act, specifically through Section 100B of the RF Act.

A DA for SFPP development requires a bush fire safety authority (BFSA) to be issued by the Commissioner of the NSW RFS.

In this instance, a BFSA is required to be issued by the NSW RFS, as the proposal is defined as SFPP by PBP and Section 100B(6) of the Rural Fires Act 1997.

3.2.1 Rural Fires Regulation 2013

The Rural Fires Regulation 2013 (RF Regulation), Section 44 outlines specific requirements that apply to proposals that require a BFSA to be issued. As the proposal is defined under the RF Act as SFPP development, and Section 6 of PBP, the requirements of Section 44 of the RF Regulation apply.

As required by Appendix 2 of PBP, requirements such as, but not limited to, the classification of vegetation, slope, APZs, access, water supply requirements are considered within this report.

3.2.2 Snowy Monaro Bush Fire Risk Management Plan 2009

The Snowy Monaro Bush Fire Risk Management Plan (Snowy Monaro BFRMP) (NSW RFS, 2009) identifies the subject land as being within the Snowy Monaro Bush Fire Management Committee (SMBFMC) area. The aim of the BFRMP is to minimise the risk of adverse impact of bush fires on life, property and environment. To achieve the aim of the plan, the objectives of the BFRMP include:

- Reduce the number of human-induced bush fire ignitions that cause damage to life, property and the environment.
- Manage fuel to reduce the rate of spread and intensity of bush fires, while minimising environmental/ecological impacts.
- Reduce the community's vulnerability to bush fires by improving its preparedness, and
- Effectively contain fires with a potential to cause damage to life, property and the
 environment.

The Snowy Monaro BFRMP identifies large holdings within the landscape (i.e. within 5 kilometres) that are subject to land management, or treatments to achieve strategic fire advantage zones.

3.3 Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019

Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019 (PBP 2019) guideline, published by the NSW RFS is a planning document that applies to all development located on land classified as BFPL across NSW.

The aim of PBP is to provide for the protection of human life and minimise impacts on property from the threat of bush fire, while having due regard to development potential, site characteristics and protection of the environment. PBP 2019 indicates that bush fire protection can be achieved through a combination of strategies, which are based on the following principles:

- Control the types of development permissible in bush fire prone areas.
- Minimise the impact of radiant heat and direct flame contact by separating development from bush fire hazards.
- Minimise the vulnerability of buildings to ignition and fire spread from flames, radiation, and embers.
- Enable appropriate access and egress for the public and firefighters.
- Provide adequate water supplies for bush fire suppression operations.
- Focus on property preparedness, including emergency planning and property maintenance requirements, and
- Facilitate the maintenance of APZs, fire trails, access for firefighting and on-site equipment for fire suppression.

The subject land incorporates land mapped by Council as BFPL. As referred to in Section 2.1, the proposal is to apply SFPP specifications. As part of this assessment, consideration has been given to the SFPP objectives of PBP, identified in Table 7-1.

A proposal shall be assessed to identify risks commensurate to the category of development. Once identified, appropriate mitigation measures can be applied to the subject land. PBP applies a suite of BPMs to development on BFPL, which include:

- Access.
- Landscaping.
- Asset protection zone.
- Building construction and design.
- Emergency management arrangements, and
- Water supply and utilities.

This assessment has considered and assessed the BPMs specified under Section 6 of PBP.

3.4 National Construction Code

The National Construction Code (NCC) is prescribed in NSW through the EP&A Act. The NCC prescribes Australian Standard (AS) 3959 as a deemed to satisfy measure, for development on designated bush fire prone land.

3.5 Australian Standard (AS 3959-2018) Construction of buildings in bushfire prone areas

The AS 3959 Construction of buildings in bushfire prone areas is a standard that is applied throughout Australia. In NSW, AS 3959 is a deemed-to-satisfy solution in the NCC, relating to Class 1 and Class 2 buildings and Class 10a structures associated with a Class 1, 2 and 3 buildings, Class 4 parts of a building, Class 9 buildings that are SFPPs, and associated Class 10a buildings and decks.

The standard aims to provide a building with an acceptable level of protection to reduce the risk of ignition from a bush fire as the fire front passes.

Construction requirements identified under AS3959 are able to be applied to all classes of buildings. Chapter 6 of PBP applies AS 3959 to all SFPP development.

4. Consideration of bush fire risk

Appendix 1 of PBP requires the following steps to be undertaken:

Identify APZs

- 1. Determine vegetation formation in all directions around the building to a distance of 140 metres;
- 2. Determine the effective slope of the land from the building for a distance of 100 metres:
- 3. Determine the relevant FFDI for the council area in which the development is to be undertaken; and
- 4. Match the relevant FFDI, vegetation formation and effective slope to determine the APZ required.

Identify Construction Standard

- 1. Determine the separation distance by measuring from the edge of the unmanaged vegetation to the closest external wall;
- 2. Match the relevant FFDI, appropriate vegetation, distance and effective slope to determine the appropriate BAL using the relevant tables; and
- 3. Refer to Section 3 in AS 3959 and NASH Standard to identify appropriate construction requirements for the calculated BAL.

4.1 Vegetation

Analysis of vegetation up to 140 metres from the proposal area has been conducted by:

- · Aerial and satellite imagery to identify vegetation location and cover, and
- Inspection of vegetation within and surrounding the development footprint to confirm vegetation classification and structure.

Vegetation within and surrounding the development footprint land to a distance of 140 metres is assessed in accordance with Keith (2004), and further classified in accordance with PBP.

With reference to PBP, 'Where mixes of vegetation formations are located together, the vegetation formation providing the greater hazard shall be used for the purpose of assessment'.

Hazard Vegetation

<u>Hazard vegetation</u> is located around the proposal as follows:

- Subalpine Woodland vegetation is located in all directions surrounding the proposal area.
 - Woodland vegetation comprised a low woodland (typically trees no greater than 10m in height) with a grassy understorey, refer to Figure 4-1. Shrubs were present in areas, however sparsely available. Canopy cover was predominantly less than 30%.
- Temperate Montane Grassland is present in isolated pockets, namely east and west of the proposal area. Grassland vegetation is identified in Figure 4-2.

In accordance with Keith (2004), the Subalpine Woodlands would be assessed as Grassy Woodlands for assessment under PBP, as identified in Table 4-1 and Figure 4-4 below.

Table 4-1 Predominant Vegetation Formations found within 140 metres of the Proposal Site

| Predominant Vegetation (Keith, D., 2004) | Vegetation Formation (PBP) |
|--|----------------------------|
| Subalpine Woodlands | Grassy Woodlands |
| Temperate Montane Grassland | Grassland |

Non/low-hazard areas

Non/low-hazard areas are categorised as managed land and/or low-fuel areas and are further identified in Table 4-2 and Figure 4-3 below.

Table 4-2 Non/low hazard areas found within the locality.

| Non-hazard a | reas / low fuel areas |
|------------------|--|
| Existing | |
| Internal access | roads and public (Wollondibby) road. |
| The built enviro | ment (buildings, water storage tanks, storage sheds, hardstand or paved areas. |
| The approved A | PZ (once established and maintained for the life of the development). |

Vegetation formations and non/low-hazard areas are identified in Figure 4-1 to Figure 4-3 below.



Figure 4-1 Sub-alpine woodland vegetation identified within the proposal area (Source: NGH, 2021)



Figure 4-2 Temperate Montane Grassland is visible within the proposal area, east of the complex (Source: NGH, 2021)



Figure 4-3 The built environment provided within the proposal area, presenting a reduced hazard (Source: NGH, 2021)

4.2 Fuel

Corresponding fuel loads of vegetation formations identified throughout the proposal area, as identified previously in Table 4-1 and Section 4.1 are outlined in Table 4-3 below. Vegetation fuel loads referenced below are referenced in NSW Rural Fire Service Comprehensive Vegetation Fuel Loads (NSW Rural Fire Service, 2019).

Table 4-3 Fuel loads for vegetation formations

| Vegetation Formation (Keith, 2004)) | Overall Fuel Load (incl. bark and canopy) |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Subalpine Woodlands | 27.3 t/ha |
| Temperate Montane Grassland | 6.0 t/ha |

4.3 Fire weather

A Forest Fire Danger Index (FFDI) of 80 applies to the Monaro Alpine Region, as set out in the NSW RFS' NSW Local Government Areas FDI (NSW Rural Fire Service, 2017).

4.4 Local topography

In terms of fire risk, PBP indicates that effective slope is considered the slope under the vegetation which would most significantly influence the bush fire behaviour.

The effective slope is determined by assessment of topography over a distance of 100 metres. The evaluation of slope was confirmed by use of topographic mapping, LiDAR Data (1m Digital Elevation Model) and visual inspection. Table 4-4 is categorised in accordance with A1.4 of PBP.

Table 4-4 Effective Slope (over 100 metres) under predominant vegetation formations

| Transect | t Effective Slope | Description / Comments |
|----------|-------------------|---|
| A | Downslope 5 - 10 | Steady and continuous fall in topography, under Sub-alpine woodland vegetation. |
| В | Downslope 0 – 5 | Steady and continuous fall in topography, under Sub-alpine woodland vegetation towards watercourse. Grassland vegetation is present associated with the watercourse depression. |
| C | Upslope | Upslope topography under Sub-alpine woodland vegetation. Wollondibby Road is present adjacent the proposal area. |
| D | Flat / Level | Generally level ground underneath vegetation. Sub-alpine and grassland vegetation is predominant in landscape. Grassland vegetation is present adjacent Wollondibby Road. |

4.5 Distance

The distances achieved by the proposal are based on the approved APZ, where located over adjacent land (refer to Transect A, B, C & D) in Figure 4-4. The distance from existing buildings to the approved extent of the APZ are identified in Table 4-5 below.

Table 4-5 Distance to Achieve 10kW/m² for effective slope under predominant vegetation formations

| Transect | Vegetation (Table A1.12.1 of PBP) | Slope | Minimum Setback required to achieve 10kW/m²) – PBP | Achieved setback (APZ) to existing buildings |
|----------|---|------------------|---|--|
| A | Forest ¹ | Downslope 5 - 10 | >93m | >60m² (main lodge) |
| В | Forest ¹ | Downslope 0 - 5 | >79m | >60m² (staff lodge) |
| C | Forest ¹ | Upslope | >67m | >40m² (Unit C) |
| D | Forest ¹ | Flat / Level | >67m | >60m² (Unit Block 5/6) |

Note:

4.6 Asset Protection Zone analysis

In accordance with Table 6.8a of PBP, APZs must be provided to enable sufficient space to ensure that radiant heat levels do not exceed critical limits for firefighters and other emergency services personnel undertaking operations, including supporting or evacuating occupants.

An APZ analysis below is identified in Figure 4-4.

4.7 Construction Standards and Design

For the purpose of this assessment, conformance with the NCC (2019), also known as the Building Code of Australia, must be identified. The NCC prescribes AS 3959 as an acceptable construction manual.

As outlined in Section 2.5 of PBP, the NCC contains Performance Requirements and Deemed-to-Satisfy provisions relating to the construction of buildings in bush fire prone areas. In NSW, these provisions apply to Class 1, 2 and 3 buildings, Class 4 parts of a building, Class 9 buildings that are SFPPs, and associated class 10a buildings and decks.

The assessment provided below in Table 4-6 applies to Class 2 buildings (the existing units). Additionally, some requirements within AS 3959-2018 must be varied to conform to NSW variations introduced by Section 7.5 of PBP, where additional requirements apply to sarking, subfloor screening, verandas, decks, steps, ramps, landings and fascias and bargeboards.

The NCC does not provide for any bush fire specific performance requirements for Class 5 - 8 buildings. As such AS 3959 and the NASH Standard are not considered as a set of Deemed to

¹ In accordance with Table A1.12.1 of PBP, Sub-alpine Woodland is categorised as Forest vegetation, for the purpose of determining APZs and BAL for a proposed building.

² Shortfalls in APZs occur as a result of the previous application of PBP 2001 assessment methodology.

Satisfy provisions. As the main lodge is a Class 6 building, it does not attract the application of AS 3959 under PBP 2019. Notwithstanding, the current conditions of consent apply Level 1 of AS 3959-1999 requirements to the building; this minimum requirement would continue to apply, affording the building a level of protection.

The appropriate classes of vegetation, slope and setbacks as identified previously, are provided in Table 4-6 below to inform the BAL in accordance with Table A1.12.6 of PBP.

Table 4-6 Determination of Bush fire Attack Level (PBP) setbacks

| Transect | Vegetation Classification | Slope | Separation Distance (m = metres) | Bush fire Attack Level (BAL) – AS3959-2018 |
|----------|------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| A | Forest ¹ | Downslope 5 - 10 | >60m | BAL-12.5 |
| В | Forest ¹ | Downslope 0 – 5 | >60m | BAL-12.5 |
| С | Forest ¹ | Upsiope | >40m | BAL-12.5 |
| D | Forest ¹ | Flat / Level | >60m | BAL-12.5 |

Note:

¹ In accordance with Table A1.12.6 of PBP, Sub-alpine Woodland is categorised as Forest vegetation, for the purpose of determining APZs and BAL for a proposed building.

^{**} The BAL assessment applied above, relates to the buildings identified in Table 4.5 above. Buildings situated centrally to the site would also satisfy BAL 12.5 requirements as a greater separation distance exists.

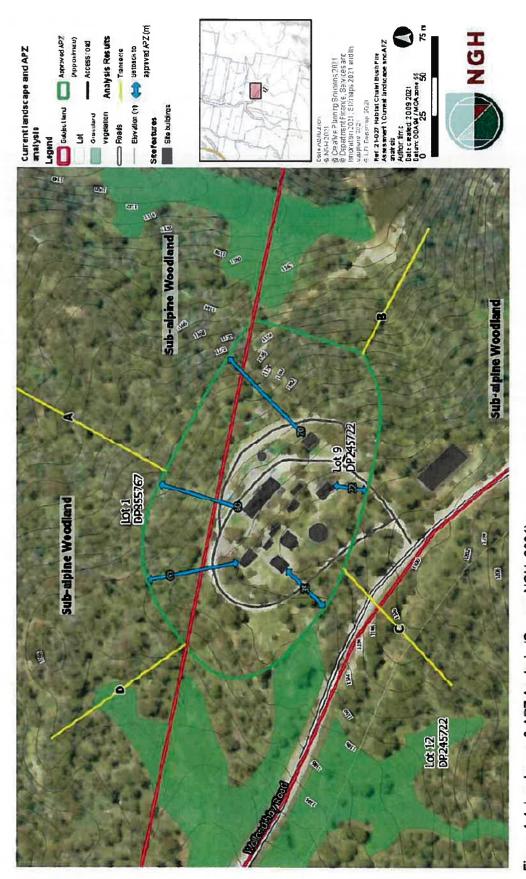


Figure 4-4 Landscape & APZ Analysis (Source: NGH, 2021)

5. Bush fire Protection Measures (BPMs)

This assessment also considers key BPMs as identified in Section 4 of PBP. The proposal area is established as tourist accommodation, therefore application of Section 6.4 of PBP applies. As outlined in Section 2.1.1, the proposed works are generally considered minor changes; no changes to building position or footprint applies.

With consideration of the above, not all BPMs under PBP 2019 would strictly apply, due to the limited nature of the works proposed. In addition, as the existing development has largely satisfied the current conditions of consent (MOD 0062/2006) where a previous BFSA was issued; current works (building, services, access) have been completed to the specifications of PBP 2001.

In accordance with Section 6.8 of PBP, BPMs are provided to minimise the risk of spread to buildings and consider the increased vulnerability of the occupants. The measures considered for the proposal area derive from Section 6.8 of PBP (NSW RFS, 2019) and specifically, Tables 6.8a – 6.8d (extracts below) and include:

- · Asset Protection Zones.
- Landscaping.
- Access requirements.
- Water supplies.
- Gas and electricity services, and
- Emergency Management.

5.1 Asset Protection Zones

Intent of measures: To provide suitable building design, construction, and sufficient space to ensure that radiant heat levels do not exceed critical limits for firefighters and other emergency services personnel undertaking operations, including supporting or evacuating occupants.

PBP APZ performance criteria and acceptable solutions are outlined in Table 5-1 below.

Table 5-1 Summary of Table 6.8a of PBP (APZ)

| Performance Criteria | Acceptable Solutions | Complies | Comment |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| The intent may be achieved where: | | | |
| ■ radiant heat levels of greater than 10kW/m² (calculated at 1200K) will not be experienced on any part of the building. | an APZ is provided in accordance with Table A1.12.1 in Appendix 1. | No – full compliance is not achieved. | The APZ provided is based on the approved APZ footprint, in accordance with MOD0062/2006. All buildings do not comply with SFPP APZ setbacks. Therefore, with regard to Table A1.12.1, buildings would experience radiant heat levels greater than 10kW/m². An increase in APZs is recommended under Appendix C, to improve separation from nearby hazard vegetation, which will benefit a number of buildings (Unit A in particular), internal access and access to static water supply (for emergency services). |
| | | | The main lodge and north-western building do not comply with APZ setbacks for SFPP development under PBP 2019. Although the buildings are afforded protection from adequate construction requirements, emergency services and occupants may (if not shielded by the building itself) be exposed to radiant heat greater than 10kW/m². As the proposal is constrained by the approved APZ footprint over adjoining land, the APZ |

| shortfall is not achievable under the prescribed methodology of PBP 2019. | All areas that are subject to proposed APZs are not located on land that exceed 18 degrees in slope. | APZs are generally contained to the boundaries of the development site. An exception applies, due to the circumstances whereby MOD0062/2006 enables the creation of an APZ over adjoining land (Lot 1 DP 855767). The proposal must register the easement for APZ (granting access for orgoing maintenance of vegetation) over adjoining Lot 1, prior to issue of a full occupation certificate. No other structures are located within the APZ. Proposed carparking (hard stand) areas is proposed for a large proportion of the required APZ. |
|---|---|---|
| | Yes | Yes No – refer to comment. Yes |
| | APZs are located on lands with a slope less than 18 degrees. | the APZ is managed in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 4 of PBP, and is wholly within the boundaries of the development site; APZs are wholly within the boundaries of the development site. other structures located within the APZ need to be located further than 6m from the refuge building. |
| | APZ maintenance is practical, soil stability is not compromised and the potential for crown fires is minimised. | APZs are managed and maintained to prevent the spread of a fire to the building. the APZ is provided in perpetuity. |

5.2 Landscaping

Suitably positioned and considered landscape design can reduce the risk of flame contact and radiant heat to assets, thus improving the defence of Landscaping should be considered throughout the design process and further enforced throughout the operational phase of the development. an asset or structure. A well-considered landscape design includes, but is not limited to:

- Increasing chances of filtering wind-driven embers or burning debris.
- Reduces wind forces.
- Create a discontinuous or spaces between vegetation to slow and reduce the intensity of a fire run towards a building.
- Fire retardant species could be selected.
- Plant selection that does not drop large amounts of leaf litter that can act as ground fuel in the event of a bush fire.

PBP Landscaping performance criteria and acceptable solutions are outlined in Table 5-2 below.

Table 5-2 Summary of Table 6.8a of PBP (Landscaping)

| Performance Criteria | Acceptable Solutions | Complies Comment | Comment |
|--|---|------------------|--|
| The intent may be achieved where: | ere: | | |
| landscaping is designed and managed to minimise flame confact and radiant heat to buildings, and the potential for winddriven embers to cause ignitions. | landscaping is in accordance with Appendix 4, and fencing is constructed in accordance with section 7.6. | Yes | Landscaping and fencing within the site would comply with PBP. Ongoing management of designated APZs, would be in accordance with Appendix 4 of PBP. |

.3 Construction standards

The appropriate design and construction of buildings enhance their survivability from bush fires. Building design needs to ensure adequate protection of vulnerable building elements. Construction standards are outlined in AS 3959 and the NASH Standard to provide various levels of protection for different building elements.

PBP Construction Standards performance criteria and acceptable solutions are outlined in Table 5-3 below.

Table 5-3 Summary of Table 6.8a of PBP (Construction Standards)

| Performance Criteria | Acceptable Solutions | Complies Comment | Comment |
|---|--|------------------|---|
| The intent may be achieved where: | nere: | | |
| the proposed building can withstand bush fire attack in the form of embers, radiant heat and flame contact. | a a construction level of BAL-12.5 under AS 3959 or NASH Standard and section 7.5 of PBP is applied. | Yes | The BAL assessment has determined that all buildings, except for the south-east building, achieves adequate setbacks to enable BAL-12.5 (Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959-2018) to be applied as an appropriate level of construction. Recommendations are made in Appendix C to increase APZs within the development site, so the south-east building can comply with BAL-12.5 construction requirements. The proposed works would incorporate BAL-12.5 construction standards as outlined in AS 3959-2018. The additional construction requirements specified in Section 7.5 of PBP, would also be incorporated. |

4 Access

Intent of measures: To provide safe operational access for emergency services personnel in suppressing a bush fire, while residents are accessing or egressing an area. The table below summarises the requirements prescribed in PBP.

PBP Access performance criteria and acceptable solutions are outlined in Table 5-4 below.

Table 5-4 Summary of Table 6.8b of PBP (Access)

| Pe | Performance criteria | Ă | Acceptable solutions | Complies | Comment |
|-----|---|---|--|----------|---|
| F . | * firefighting vehicles are provided with safe, all-weather access to structures and hazard vegetation. | | SFPP access roads are two-wheel drive, all-weather roads; access is provided to all structures; traffic management devices are constructed to not prohibit access by emergency services vehicles; access roads must provide suitable turning areas in accordance with Appendix 3; and one way only public access roads are no less than 3.5 metres wide and have designated parking bays with hydrants located outside of these areas to ensure accessibility to reticulated water for fire suppression. | Yes | The proposed access and parking amendments would achieve the acceptable solutions. Where required, minor refinement of the design would occur through the detailed design phase (construction certificate). Compliance with PBP would be achieved. |
| | the capacity of access roads is adequate for firefighting vehicles. | | the capacity of road surfaces and any bridges/causeways is sufficient to carry fully loaded firefighting vehicles (up to 23 tonnes); bridges | Yes | All internal roads would provide adequate capacity for a 23-tonne firefighting appliance. |

| Performance criteria | Acceptable solutions | Complies | Comment |
|--|---|---|--|
| | and causeways are to clearly indicate load rating. | | No bridges or waterways are present within the proposal area. |
| • there is appropriate access to water supply. | hydrants are located outside of parking reserves and road carriageways to ensure accessibility to reticulated water for fire suppression: hydrants are provided in accordance with the relevant clauses of AS 2419. 1:2005; and there is suitable access for a Category 1 fire appliances to within 4m of the static water supply where no reticulated supply is available. | Not applicable. Not applicable. Can comply. | Water hydrants are not provided to the proposal area. The subject land does not benefit from a connection to reticulated water supply. The proposal area relies on a static water supply (SWS). A 50,000 litre noncombustible water storage tank is provided on site. The SWS satisfies the requirements of PBP 2001 and exceeds the minimum requirements of PBP 2001 and exceeds the minimum requirements of PBP 2019. The SWS is located outside of road carriageway and dedicated parking areas. |
| Non-Perimeter Roads non-perimeter access roads are designed to allow safe access and egress for firefighting vehicles while occupants are evacuating. | minimum 5.5m carriageway width kerb to kerb; parking is provided outside of the carriageway width hydrants are located clear of parking areas; | Not applicable. | The internal access road is considered a perimeter road due to the layout, configuration. The access road specification under PBP 2019 does not meet a width of 5.5m. However, the proposed access road works would enable access requirements to satisfy the specifications for property access roads |

| Performance criteria | Acceptable solutions | Complies | Comment |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|--|
| | there are through roads, and these are linked to the internal road system at an interval of no greater than 500m; | Not applicable. | (Section 7 of PBP) where a 4m wide road would be provided, including the provision of passing bay areas. Refer to discussion in Appendix C. The existing entry access road enables two-way traffic movement. The internal |
| | curves of roads have a minimum inner radius of 6m; | Yes | loop road permits one-way traffic movement (signage is present on site). |
| | the maximum grade road is 15 degrees and average grade of not more than 10 degrees; | Yes | Car parking areas and access to static water supply are located outside of carriageways. |
| | the road crossfall does not exceed 3 degrees; and | Yes | Access road specifications, regarding |
| | a minimum vertical clearance of 4m to any overhanging obstructions, including tree branches, is provided. | Yes | crossfall, curves and maximum grades, are all achieved. |
| | | | Vertical obstructions are not present. Ongoing management of the proposal |
| | | | throughout the operational phase of the proposal. |

.5 Water and Utility Services

Intent of measures: To provide adequate services of water for the protection of buildings during and after the passage of a bush fire, and to locate gas and electricity so as not to contribute to the risk of fire to a building.

PBP Water and Utility Services performance criteria and acceptable solutions are outlined in Table 5-5 below.

Table 5-5 Summary of Section 6.8c of PBP.

| ರ್ಷ | Performance Criteria | Ac | Acceptable Solutions | Complies | Comment |
|-----|---|----|---|--|--|
| Ę | The intent may be achieved where: | | | | |
| • | an adequate water supply is provided for firefighting purposes. | • | reticulated water is to be provided to the development, where available; or | Not applicable. | Water hydrants are not provided to the proposal area. The subject land does not benefit from a connection to reticulated water supply. |
| | | | a 10,000 litre minimum static water Somplies supply for firefighting purposes is provided for each occupied building where no reticulated water is available. | Complies | The proposal area relies on a static water supply (SWS). A 50,000 litre noncombustible water storage tank is provided on site. |
| | water supplies are located at regular intervals. | | fire hydrant spacing, design and sizing comply with the relevant clauses of AS 2419.1:2005; | Not applicable. | Water hydrants are not provided to the proposal area. |
| | and reliable for firefighting operations. | | hydrants are not located within any road carriageway; and | VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P | |
| | | • | reticulated water supply to SFPPs uses a ring main system for areas with perimeter roads. | | |

| Performance Griteria | Acceptable Solutions | Complies | comment |
|--|---|-----------------|--|
| flows and pressure are appropriate. | fire hydrant flows and pressures comply with the relevant clauses of AS 2419.1.2005. | Not applicable. | Water hydrants are not provided to the proposal area. |
| the integrity of the water supply is maintained. | all above-ground water service pipes external to the building are metal, including and up to any taps. | Can comply | This measure would be incorporated into future detailed design. |
| Electricity Services | | | |
| location of electricity services limits the possibility of ignition of surrounding bush land or the fabric of buildings. | where practicable, electrical transmission lines are underground; and where overhead, electrical transmission lines are proposed as follows: lines are installed with short pole spacing (30m), unless crossing gullies, gorges or riparian areas; and no part of a tree is closer to a power line than the distance set out in accordance with the specifications in ISSC3 Guldeline for Managing Vegetation Near Power Lines. | Not applicable. | No changes to, or modifications are proposed to existing service arrangements. |

| Performance Criteria | Acceptable Solutions | Complies | Comment |
|--|---|----------------------------|---|
| Gas Services | | | |
| services will not lead to ignition of surrounding bushlend or the fabric of buildings. | reticulated or bottled gas is installed and maintained in accordance with AS/NZS 1596:2014 and the requirements of relevant authorities, and metal piping is used; all fixed gas cylinders are kept clear of all flammable materials to a distance of 10m and shielded on the hazard side; connections to and from gas cylinders are metal; if gas cylinders need to be kept close to the building, safety valves are directed away from the building and at least 2m away from any combustible material, so they do not act as a catalyst to combustion; polymer-sheathed flexible gas supply lines to gas meters adjacent to buildings are not to be used; and above-ground gas service pipes external to the building are metal, including and up to any outtets. | Not applicable. Can comply | No changes to, or modifications are proposed to existing service arrangements. Any changes, or future alterations to service connections would incorporate the requirements of PBP in relation to the provision of gas services. |

30

5.6 Emergency management

Intent of measures: to provide suitable emergency and evacuation arrangements for occupants of SFPP developments.

PBP Water and Utility Services performance criteria and acceptable solutions are outlined in Table 5-6 below.

Table 5-6 Summary of Section 6.8d of PBP

| Performance Criteria | Acceptable Solutions | Complies Comment | Comment |
|---|--|------------------|--|
| The intent may be achieved where: | ed where: | | |
| a Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan is prepared. | Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan is prepared consistent with the: The NSW RFS document: A Guide to Developing a Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan; NSW RFS Schools Program Guide; Australian Standard AS 3745.2010 Planning for emergencies in facilities; and Australian Standard AS 4083:2010 Planning for emergencies – Health care facilities (where applicable). the Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan should include planning for the early relocation of occupants. Note: A copy of the Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan should be provided to the Local Emergency Management Committee for its information prior to occupation of the development. | Can comply | Can comply A Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan would be prepared in consultation with local fire agencies (the NSW RFS and if applicable, Fire and Rescue NSW). This plan would comply with relevant Australian Standards and appropriate guidelines, as applicable to this category of development. In accordance with Condition 80 of MOD 0062/2006 the proponent shall prepare the Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan prior to an occupation certificate being issued. |

| Complies Comment | | Prior to an occupation certificate being issued, an Emergency Planning Committee is to be established to develop and implement an Emergency Procedures Manual. |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Complies | | Can comply |
| Acceptable Solutions | ed where: | an Emergency Planning Committee is established to consult with residents (and their families in the case of aged care accommodation and schools) and staff in developing and implementing an Emergency Procedures Manual: detailed plans of all emergency assembly areas including on site and off-site arrangements as stated in AS 3745:2010 are clearly displayed, and an annually emergency evacuation is conducted. |
| Performance Criteria | The intent may be achieved where: | appropriate and adequate management arrangements are established for consultation and implementation of the Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan. |

6. Other Planning Matters

6.1 Vegetation management / APZ maintenance

An APZ is a fuel-reduced area surrounding a building or structure. It is located between the building or structure and the bush fire hazard. An APZ provides:

- · A buffer zone between a bush fire hazard and an asset.
- An area of reduced bush fire fuel that allows for suppression of fire.
- · An area from which backburning or hazard reduction can be conducted, and
- An area which allows emergency services access and provides a relatively safe area for firefighters to defend an asset.

An APZ, if designed correctly and maintained regularly, would reduce the risk of:

- · Direct flame contact on an asset.
- Damage to the asset from intense radiant heat, and
- · Ember attack.

An OPA and IPA is provided within the proposal area, where a low-fuel (i.e. presence of hardstand areas) environment would predominantly occur. A defendable and accessible space within the site and IPA would be provided.

In accordance with Appendix 4 of PBP, an IPA shall display characteristics that include but are not limited to: a tree canopy cover of less than 15% at maturity, a maximum 30% of the IPA may contain shrubs, trees should have lower limbs (up to 2m in height) removed, shrubs are not to have a connection with tree canopy layer, shrubs should not form more than 10% ground cover, maintain 2 – 5m canopy separation of trees and branches are not to overhang the asset.

6.2 Bush Fire Risk Management Plan

The locality surrounding the subject site falls under the Snowy Monaro Bush Fire Risk Management Plan 2009 as adopted by the Snowy Monaro Bush Fire Coordinating Committee on 29th July 2009.

The Snowy Monaro BFRMP has identified several assets in the region (namely within the boundaries of Perisher and Thredbo Ski Resorts) that are subject to ongoing management and fuel treatments.

6.3 Emergency services

Several firefighting response resources are situated within a reasonable distance of the proposal. Fire agencies that could attend in the event of an emergency, includes both the NSW RFS and Fire and Rescue NSW. The closest stations and therefore, likely first responders, are identified in Table 6-1 below.

Table 6-1 Closest firefighting resources

| Agency | Station | Address |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| NSW RFS | Wollondibby Rural Fire Brigade | 387 Alpine Way, Crackenback NSW 2627 |
| 100 100 May 10 | Jindabyne Rural Fire Brigade | Jacarry Rocks, 8013 The Snowy River Way, Jindabyne NSW 2627 |
| Fire and Rescue NSW | Fire and Rescue NSW - Jindabyne | 10 Thredbo Terrace, Jindabyne NSW 2627 |

7. Strategic objectives

Upon consideration of the proposed new and retrospective works, and the layout and function, the proposal would be able to demonstrate and achieve the intent of SFPP objectives outlined in PBP.

Consideration of PBP SFPP objectives is provided below in Table 7-1.

Additional consideration is given to Section 6.4 'Development of existing SFPP facilities' of PBP. The current modification proposal (for new, retrospective and rectification work) would provide a better bush fire outcome for the proposal, than if the proposed works did not occur. Although the existing development relates to an approval dating back to 2005, all buildings are afforded a level of protection due to the application of PBP 2001 BPMs and AS3959-1999.

The proposal does not increase occupancy, from previously approved numbers. The current application does not propose an intensification, change of use, or re-purpose which affects occupancy rates.

Consideration of the objectives that apply to existing SFPP development are provided in Appendix C, where a comparable assessment is provided between previously approved outcomes and the characteristics of the proposed modification.

7.1 Aims and Objectives for Planning for Bush Fire Protection (2019)

The proposal can satisfy the specific objectives of PBP for SFPP developments. The objectives identified under Section 6.2 of PBP are outlined in Table 7-1 below.

Table 7-1 PBP Objectives

| Objectives | Comment |
|---|---|
| Minimise levels of radiant heat, localised smoke and ember attack through increased APZ, building design and siting; | The proposal layout and application of BPMs would afford the development and its users a level of protection from exposure to a bush fire. |
| | The siting of the development allows for the provision of APZs, internal access roads and carparking areas to provide separation from hazard vegetation. |
| | Suitable access and water supply are provided to the development. |
| | Refer to Section 4.6, Section 4.7 and Figure 2-1. |
| Provide an appropriate operational environment for emergency service personnel during firefighting and emergency management; | An appropriate operational environment for emergency service personnel would be provided, through the provision of substantial APZs, an internal access road, which provides a perimeter road buffer, and carparking, paved areas; Refer to Figure 2-1. |
| | The proposal provides a managed, fuel reduced area. Buildings are provided with good separation, which reduces the likelihood of building-to-building fire. |
| Ensure the capacity of existing infrastructure (such as roads and utilities) can accommodate the | Access for emergency services is provided to the interface through the provision of internal roads and carparking areas. Roads have been designed to comply with PBP to ensure |

| increase in demand during emergencies as a result of the development; and | appropriate access is provided to facilitate emergency services. Refer to Section 5.4. Utilities are also provided, whereby a 50,000 litre static water supply is provided within the APZ, for use by emergency services. Refer to Section 5.5. |
|--|--|
| Ensure emergency evacuation procedures and management which provides for the special characteristics and needs of occupants. | A Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan would be prepared in consultation with the NSW RFS and Fire and Rescue NSW. Refer to Section 5.6. |

8. Conclusion

A bush fire assessment for the proposed modifications to Ultimo Lodge. In accordance with Section 4.46 of the EP&A Act and Section 100B of the RF Act, this assessment has been prepared for referral to the NSW RFS. This BFAR has considered the existing layout, retrospective works and proposed new work against the requirements of PBP. As the existing development has incorporated Level 1 construction requirements under PBP 2001, commensurate with considerable APZs, each building on site is afforded a base level of protection. This assessment has been able to demonstrate that the retrospective and new work proposed under the current modification application, would be undertaken, without compromising bush fire protection measures or previously applied construction requirements.

The proposal would conform to the intent, performance criteria and specifications, outlined in PBP; except for the provisions of SFPP APZs.

The proposal can demonstrate that BPMs prescribed in PBP could be satisfactorily incorporated into the development by including:

- Generally compliant APZ setbacks from bush fire prone vegetation.
- The building would be afforded ember protection through application of AS 3959 construction standards.
- Access and egress from the site through a suitable road layout.
- Underground electricity and gas services.
- · Compliant water supplies (static water supply), and
- Emergency response planning.

The current proposed layout has allowed for BPMs to be incorporated into the proposal. The proposal can achieve the acceptable solutions outlined in PBP, except for the provision of APZs, which affects a number of existing buildings; non-compliance derives from changes in policy and application of PBP 2019.

8.1 Bush fire Protection Measures

The proposal would incorporate the following BPMs.

8.1.1 Asset Protection Zones

APZs would be maintained in accordance with Appendix 4 of PBP. When assessed under the PBP 2019 methodology for SFPP development, the existing buildings are subjected to radiant heat in excess of 10kW/m².

An increase in APZs is required, as outlined inAppendix C Appendix C to increase separation at the interface along the southern perimeter of the proposal area, which would improve the availability of a fuel reduced area. However, the APZ over adjoining land as approved previously constrains the ability to achieve a 10kW/m² APZ under PBP 2019.

8.1.2 Landscaping

Future landscaping shall be in accordance with Appendix 4 of PBP, in accordance with Table 6.8a of PBP. Ongoing compliance with Appendix 4 of PBP would ensure APZ requirements are not compromised; and ongoing regrowth within APZs is appropriately managed.

8.1.3 Construction Standards

In accordance with PBP 2019, all new and retrospective work to existing buildings is assessed as requiring BAL-12.5 (Section 3 & 5 from AS 3959-2018). Refer to Appendix C for further details.

Where relevant, the works would also comply with NSW variations introduced by Section 7.5 of PBP, where additional requirements apply to sarking, sub-floor screening, verandas, decks, steps, ramps, landings and fascias and bargeboards.

8.1.4 Access

Internal access requirements shall comply to the specification of Table 6.8b of PBP, except for the provision of road widths, where property access road specifications (4m wide, plus passing bays) would apply.

8.1.5 Water & Utilities

Water, Electricity and Gas are to comply with Table 6.8c of PBP.

8.1.6 Emergency Management

A Bush Fire Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan shall be prepared prior to commencement of construction works to the specifications of Table 6.8d of PBP.

Detailed plans of all emergency assembly areas including on site and off-site arrangements as stated in AS 3745:2010 are clearly displayed, and an annually emergency evacuation is conducted.

This report has been prepared by Brad Draper, a person who is recognised by the NSW Rural Fire Service as a qualified consultant in Bush Fire Risk Assessment.

Brad Draper

Senior Bush fire Consultant

BPAD Accredited Bush fire Practitioner (49517)

9. References

- Australian Building Codes Board. (2019). National Construction Code, 2019, Canberra.
- Keith, D. (2004). Ocean shores to desert dunes: the native vegetation of NSW and the ACT (Selected Extracts). Department of Environment and Conservation (NSW).
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 https://www.rfs.nsw.gov.au/__data/assets/pdf_file/0005/97781/Comprehensive-vegetation-fuel-loads-Fact-Sheet-V8.pdf
- Standards Australia. (2018). Construction of buildings in bushfire-prone Areas, AS3959.

Appendix A Design Plans, prepared by Creative Planning Solutions, Issue P3, dated 19.02.2021

This report shall be read in conjunction with the accompanying plans.

| Reference | Description | Prepared by | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| D670_MOD_01 | Site Plan | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_02 | Main Lodge: Ground and Level 1 Floor Plans | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_03 | Units 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5/6 Floor Plans | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_04 | Unit Block A, B & C Floor Plans | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_05 | Main Lodge: North Elevations | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_06 | Main Lodge: South Elevation | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_07 | Main Lodge: East and West Elevations | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_08 | Unit 1 Elevations | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_09 | Unit 2 & Unit 3 Elevations | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_10 Unit 4 Elevations | | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_11 | Unit 5/6 Elevations | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_12 Unit Block A Elevations | | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_13 Unit Block B Elevation | | Creative Planning Solutions | |
| D670_MOD_14 | Unit Block C Elevation | Creative Planning Solutions | |



PLANNING
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HOJECT

EXISTING LODGE ACCOMMODATION: SECTION 4.55 (2) MODIFICATION

309 WOLLONDIBBY ROAD, CRACKENBACK NSW

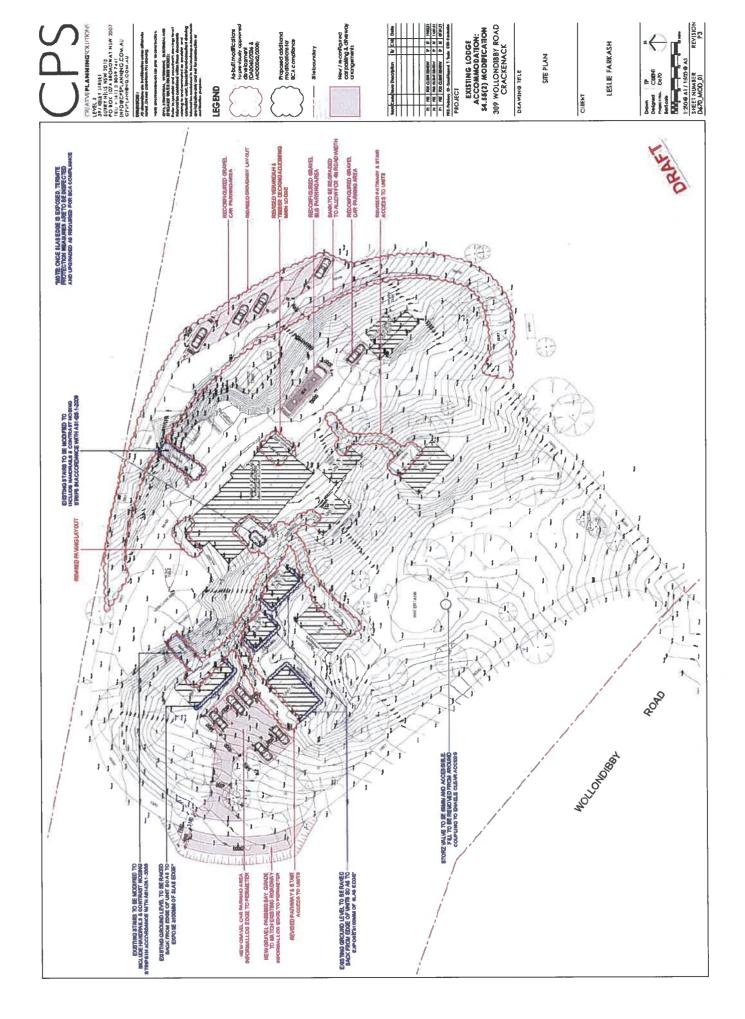
PREPARED FOR:

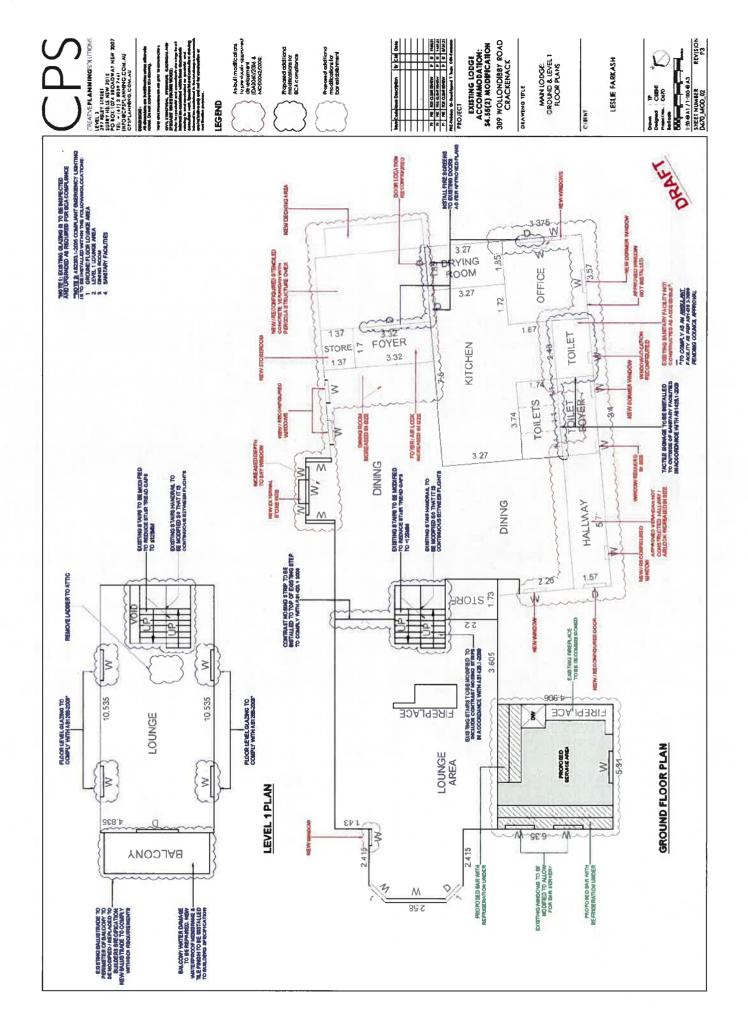
LESLIE FARKASH

| DIAMING INDEX | | |
|----------------|--|------------|
| SHEET NUMBER | DLAWING THE | SCALE |
| DOUGHOD DI | STE PLAN | 1230 W A1 |
| DAY O, MOD, 02 | ANNI LODGE GROUND AND LEVEL I ROOR PLANS | 1:50 @ AI |
| D670_MCD_033 | UNIT 1.2.1.4 1.5 M PLOOP PLANS | 1:50 @ AI |
| DØ10 MOD DM | UNIT BLOCK ALBB CIRCOR PLANS | 1:30 @ A1 |
| DATUMODUS | MAIN LODGE NORTH ELEYA HON | 120 E A1 |
| DAYQUACD_DA | MAIN LODGE SOUTH BEYATION | 1:30 th A1 |
| DATQUADO_07 | MAIN LODGE CAST & WESTELLYANDES | 1:30 BAI |
| DA70_MOD_06 | UNET I ELEVANORA | 1:50 @ AI |
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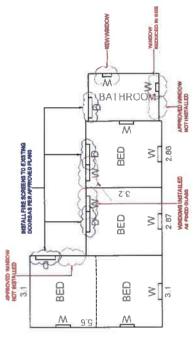
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UNIT 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5/6: FLOOR PLANS

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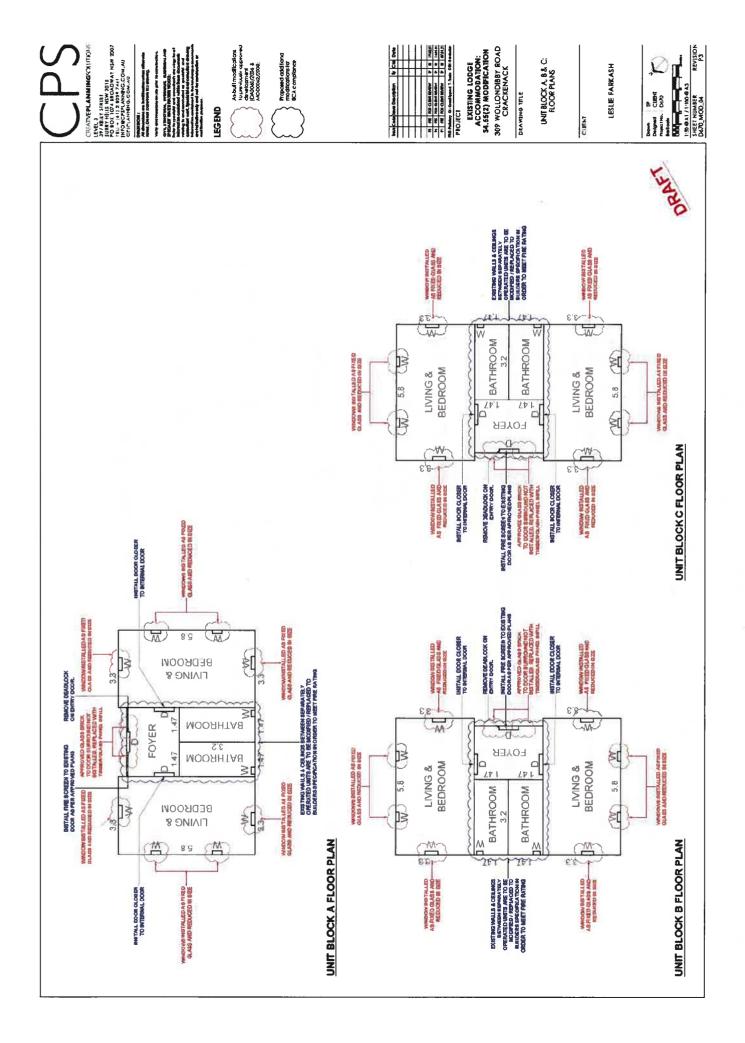
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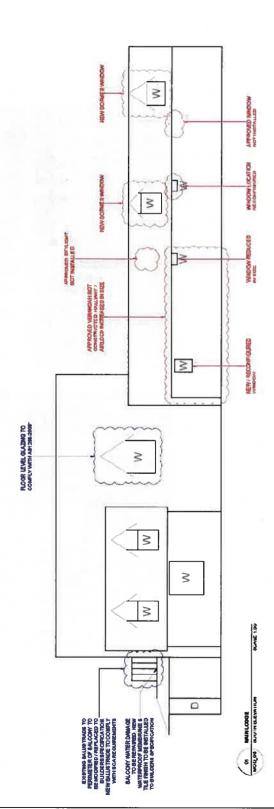




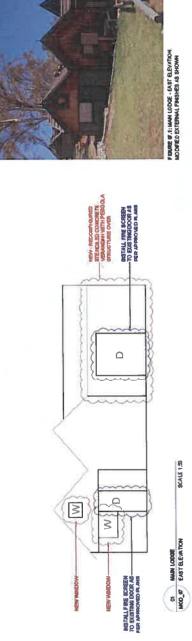






FIGURE 61.1: MAIN LODGE - SOUTH BLEVATION (BAKGE 1 OF 3) MODERED EXTERNAL PRESENCE AS SHOWN







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FIGURE 6" 2: MAIN LODGE - WEIT ELEVATION. MODERED EXTERNAL FINDLED AS SHOWN



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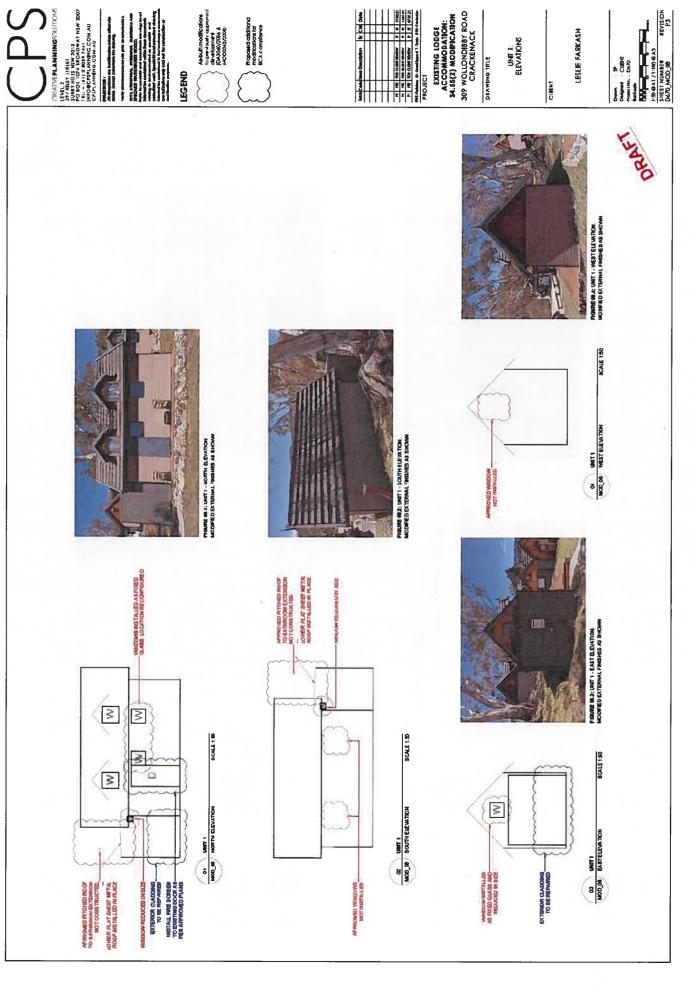
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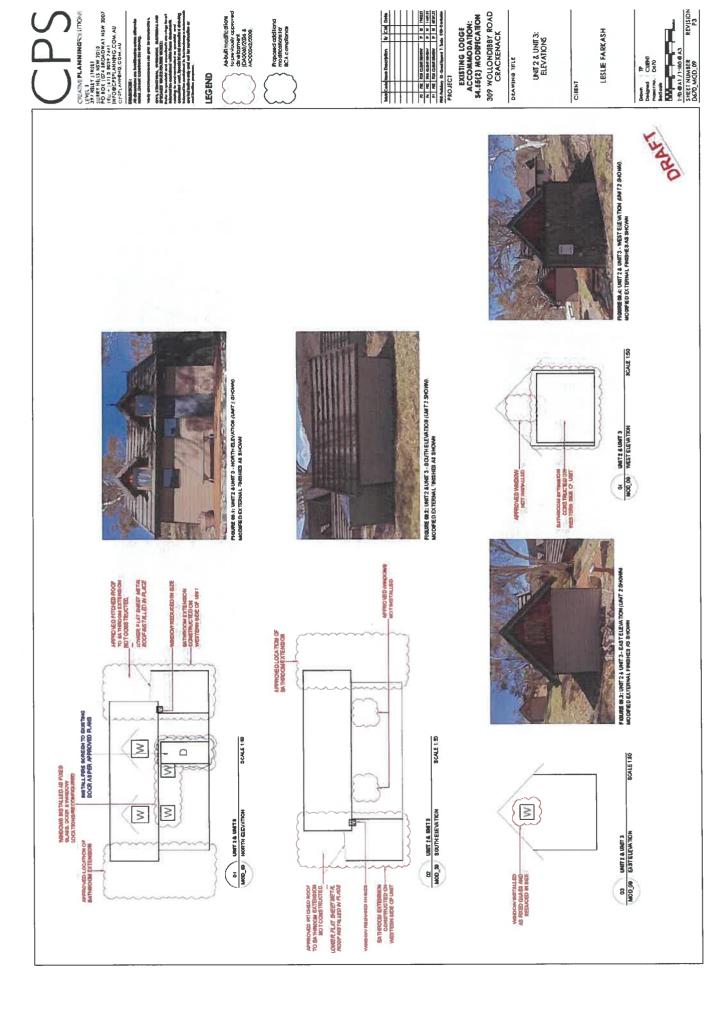
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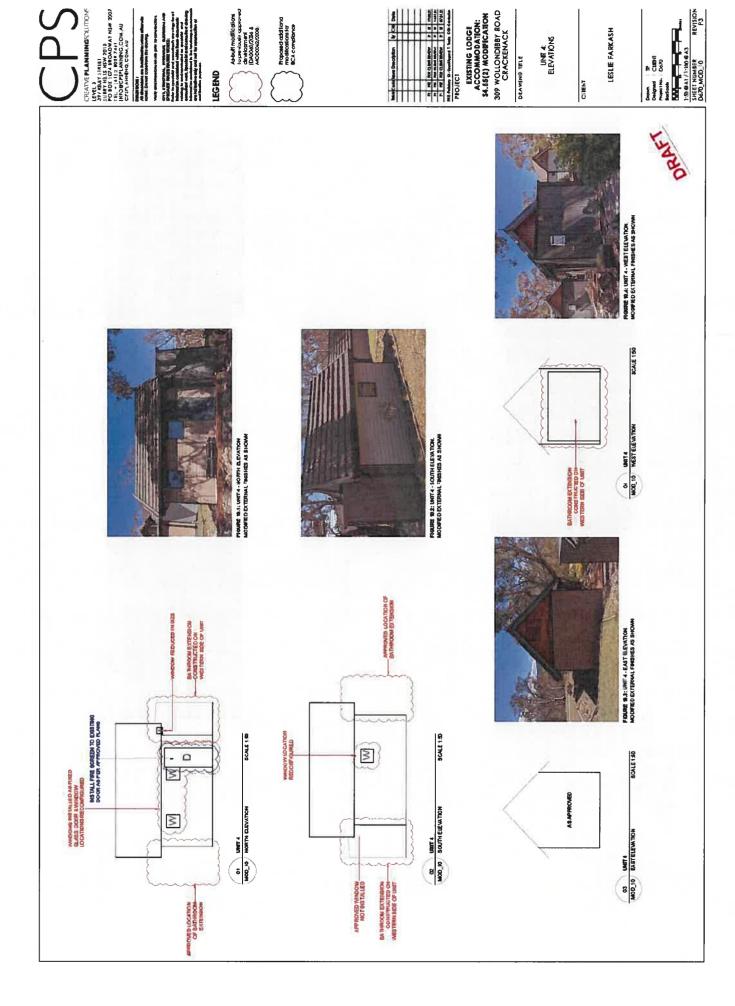
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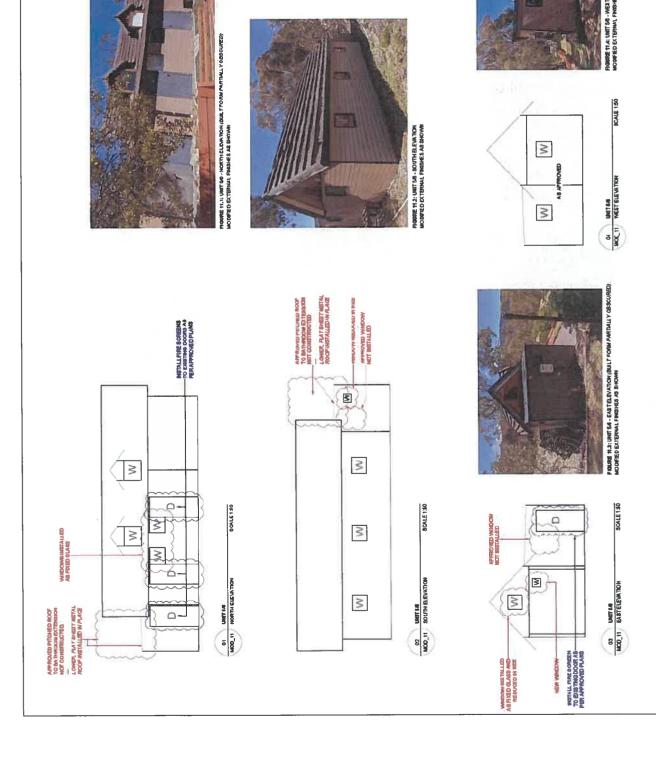
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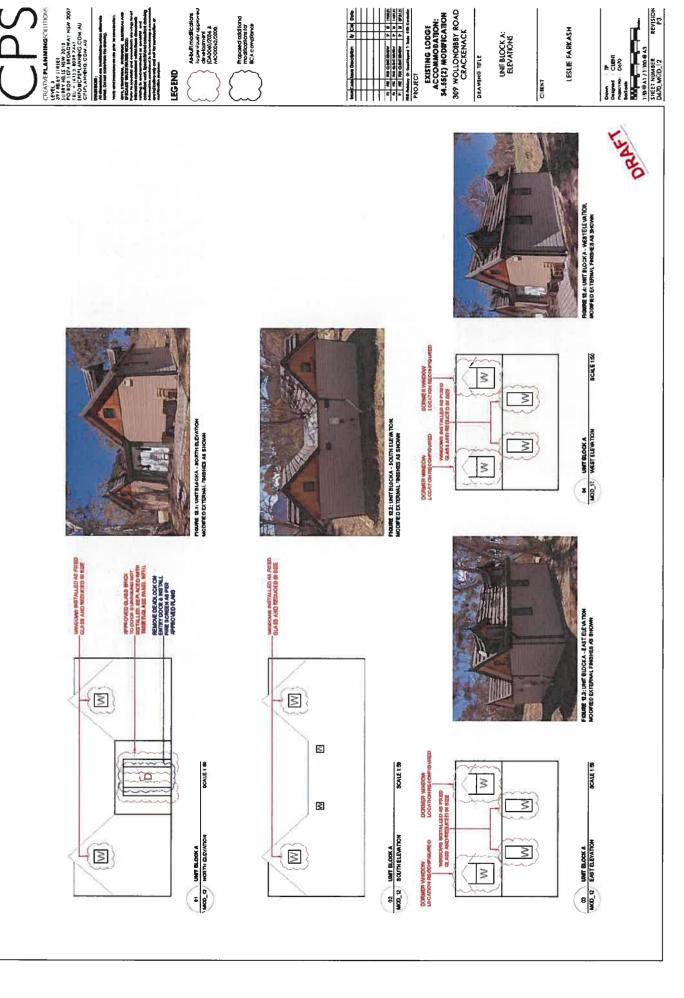
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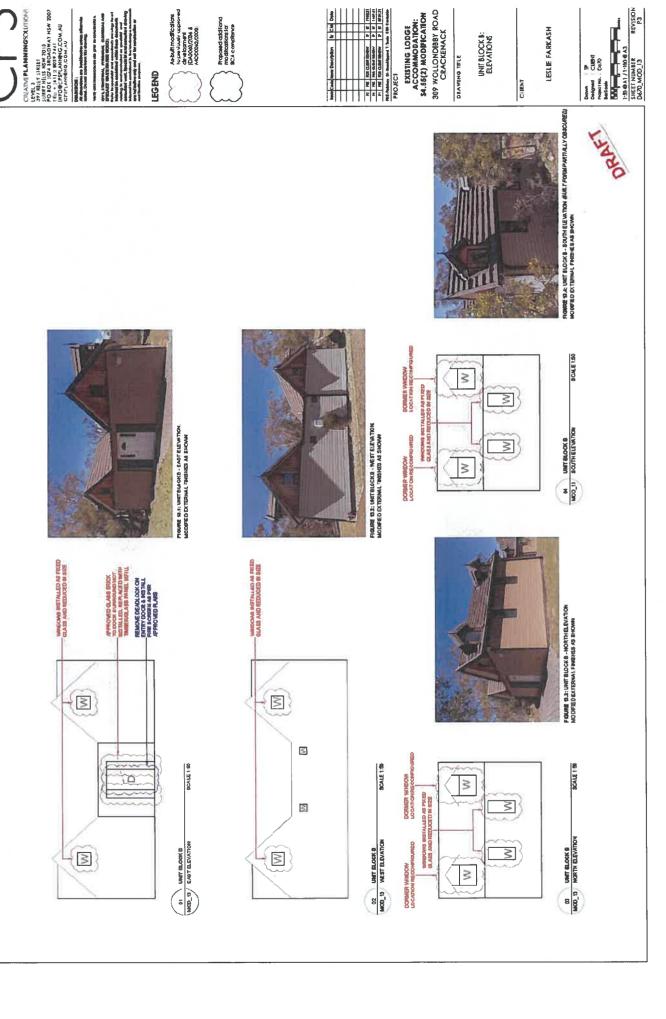
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UNIT 5/6: ELEVATIONS

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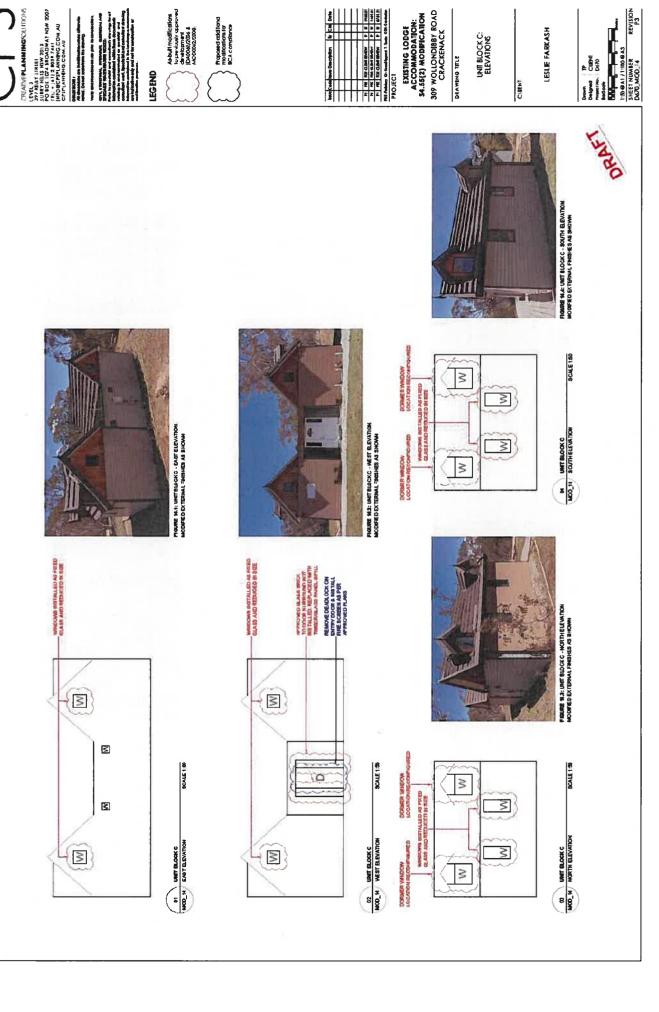
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UNIT BLOCK B: ELEVATIONS

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UNIT BLOCK C: ELEVATIONS

Proposed additional modifications for BCA complement

Appendix B NSW RFS letter, dated 14 July 2021

1 B4





Snowy Monaro Regional Council PO Box 714 COOMA NSW 2630

Your reference: (CNR-23647) DA0060/2006 Our reference: DA20210708002800-Original-1

ATTENTION: Sarah Brown Date: Wednesday 14 July 2021

Dear Sir/Madam,

Development Application s4.14 - Other - Single Dwelling - Alterations & Additions Modification - 309 WOLLONDIBBY RD CRACKENBACK NSW 2627, 9//DP245722

I refer to your correspondence dated 11/06/2021 seeking advice regarding bush fire protection for the above Development Application.

The New South Wales Rural Fire Service (NSW RFS) has reviewed the information provided and advises the following:

The bush fire consultant has applied the provisions under the obsolete *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2001* (PBP 2001) for all works seeking approvals. However, works seeking retrospective approval and new works associated with the bar and driveway must be assessed under the current requirements *Planning for Bush Fire Protection 2019* (PBP 2019). As such, a bush fire assessment will need to be undertaken to determine the Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) for these works.

The rectification works under the approved plans will continue to comply with the consent conditions, including the bush fire safety authority (BFSA) requirements dated 15 August 2006. It is expected conditions relating to the rectification works and existing development will continue to remain. However, retrospective and new works will be conditioned to current requirements under PBP 2019. As such, the bush fire consultant is to make recommendations addressing both elements of the proposed modification.

Furthermore, a comparative assessment must be undertaken by the consultant, which must include the submission and references of the following plans and documentation:

- Stamped plans approved under MOD0062/2006;
- Referenced documentation in condition 1 of the BFSA dated 15 August 2006; and
- The registered section 88b instrument for the Asset Protection Zone affecting the adjoining land.

The Applicant can also consider the provisions under section 6.4 of PBP 2019 relating to the development of existing Special Fire Protection Purpose facilities.

Postal address

NSW Rural Fire Service Locked Bag 17 GRANVILLE NSW 2142 Street address

NSW Rural Fire Service 4 Murray Rose Ave SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK NSW 2127 T (02) 8741 5556 F (02) 8741 5550 www.rfs.nsw.gov.au 1

If additional information is not received within 21 days the application will be refused on the basis of Requested Information not provided. A formal request for re-assessment would be required after this time.

For any queries regarding this correspondence, please contact Simon Derevnin on 1300 NSW RFS.

Yours sincerely,

Anna Jones
Supervisor Development Assessment & Plan
Built & Natural Environment

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Appendix C Comparable assessment

comparable assessment has been undertaken herein. The comparable assessment is limited in scope to proposed retrospective work and new work In accordance with correspondence from the NSW RFS dated 14 July 2021, and due to the unusual circumstances, which apply to this proposal, a only and specifically discusses the specifications and performance criteria of PBP 2001 and the current version, PBP 2019.

The assessment below has not included minor works which were identified in Table 2-2 as being subject to Section 6.5 of PBP.

Table 9-1 Comparable assessment between PBP 2001 & PBP 2019

| Approval sought | Building / location Work | Work / Construction Element | Application PBP 2001 and AS 3959 (per MOD 0062/2006) | Application of PBP 2019 (pending modification sought) |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| Retrospective work | Main Lodge | New/relocated doors and relocated doors and windows, where new/relocated/resized windows on all relocated or replaced (on all elevations. would comply with Level 1 – AS 3959-1999 | Doors and windows, where relocated or replaced (on all elevations), would comply with Level 1 – AS 3959-1999. | New windows and doors (on all elevations) would comply with Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959- 2018 (BAL-12.5). |
| | = | A newireconfigured verandah and pergola with an adjoining deck on the building's southeast elevation. | As the Class 10a structure is not located greater than 6m from the building, the new work must comply with Level 1 – AS 3959-1999. | The upgrades to a Class 10a structure must comply with Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959-2018 (BAL-12.5). |
| | | Changes to window glazing. | Any change to window glazing (including screened, if not fixed glazing) would require Level 1 – AS 3959-1999. | An Any change to window glazing (including screened, if not fixed glazing) would require satisfying Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959-2018 (BAL-12.5). |
| | Units | New/relocated doors and new/relocated/resized windows (some of which have been | Any change to doors and glazing (including screened, if not fixed glazing) would | Any change to doors and glazing (including screened, if not fixed glazing) would require |

NGH Pty Ltd | 21-027 - Final V1.0

| Application of PBP 2019 (pending modification sought) | satisfying Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959-2018 (BAL-12.5). | Works would require Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959-2018 (BAL-12.5). | An increase in proposed APZs would be required to enable the building to meet BAL-12.5 setback and construction requirements and to provide an increase in APZ for increased safety of emergency services to operate within the defendable space. Refer to Figure 9-1. | Works would require Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959-2018 (BAL-12.5). |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| Application PBP 2001 and AS 3959 (per MCD 0062/2006) | require Level 1 – AS 3959- 1999. | Works would require Level 1 - AS 3959-1999. | All building works require Level 1 – AS 3959-1999. However, the new position of Unit A (south-east), does not enable a sufficient APZ to be provided commensurate for Level 1 construction. | All building works require Level 1 – AS 3959-1999. |
| Work / Construction Element | constructed with fixed glass) and roof require Level 1 – AS 3959-dormers. | Replacement of glass brick door surrounds with timber/glass panel infills. | Relocation of one Unit (Unit A) from the northwest to the southeast side of the proposal area. Note: Unit A (originally Unit 8 – Type C as approved by DA0062/) was situated in a different location, approximately 60m west of its current position. The MOD0062/2006 (determined 29/9/2008) approved its relocation, however an updated bush fire assessment and consideration of APZ and commensurate AS3959 construction requirements was not undertaken. | Recrientation of two units (Units B and C); no change to approved location. |
| Building / location Work | | | | |
| Approval sought | | | | |

| Approval sought | Building / location | Work / Construction Element | Application PBP 2001 and AS 3959 (per MOD 0062/2006) | Application of PBP 2019 (pending modification sought) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|--|---|
| New work | Main Lodge | Upgrades to a deck on the northwest elevation to repair water damage, which include a new waterproof membrane and balustrades. | As the Class 10a structure is not located greater than 6m from the building, the new work must comply with Level 1 – AS 3959-1999. | The upgrades to a Class 10a structure must comply with Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959-2018 (BAL-12.5). |
| | | Provide a bar/service area within the existing building footprint (internal alteration) | The bar/service area is located within the existing building footprint (no additional floor area is proposed). No further consideration is required. | The bar/service area is located within the existing building footprint (no additional floor area is proposed) and is therefore excluded under Section 6.5 of PBP. |
| | | External alteration (changes to glazing and cladding) associated with the proposal requires bar/service area alterations to the exteraçade and placemen glazing. Under PBP 2001, worequired to comply with the proposal requirem to construction requirem. | Notwithstanding the above, the proposal requires alterations to the external façade and placement of glazing. Under PBP 2001, works are required to comply with Level 1 – AS 3959-1999 construction requirements. | As the proposal requires external atterations, new building works have been assessed as requiring BAL-12.5 (AS 3959-2018) requirements. New glazing (including screens) and adjustments to the external façade would comply with Section 3 & 5 of AS 3959. |
| | Site Parking and Civil Works | Removal of 7 car parking spaces (east). Construct 7 car parking spaces area (west). | Designated parking areas were approved outside the road carriageway under PBP 2001. The relocation and construction of a parking area construction to be located | PBP 2019 requires parking areas to be located outside the road carriageway. This requirement would be complied with. The proposed parking area is located, with a substantial APZ provided, to provide a safer environment to facilitate guests leaving the property. |

| and Application of PBP 2019 (pending modification sought) | | ty Section 4.3.2 of PBP 2001. The proposal ons would provide a 4m access road, with passing with bays. The loop road is sign-posted, permitting one-way directional movement. The specifications (carriageway widths) for perimeter and non-perimeter roads under Section 6 of PBP, could not be achieved, due to the existing layout and prevailing site conditions. The existing property access road has the added advantage of acting as a perimeter road. An increase in APZs is recommended to provide the access road and location of SWS with greater protection (separation from hazard vegetation). |
|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Application PBP 2001 and AS 3959 (per MOD 0062/2006) | outside the loop road carriageway. | Section 4.3.2 of PBP applies (Condition 78). Property access road specifications are generally compiled with on site, except for areas of road widening and the provision of passing bays (subject to this application). |
| Work / Construction Element | | Amendments to existing internal access roads |
| Building / location W | | |
| Approval sought | | |

building) an improved level of protection, through reduced exposure to radiant heat. Please refer to Figure 9-1, where the proposed increase in APZ footprint is identified. Through this expansion, it would also enable Wollondibby Road to contribute to providing a greater distance of separation from hazard vegetation located on adjacent land. As identified above, it is required that the APZ increase in size along the southern perimeter, to offer the internal access road and Unit A (south-east

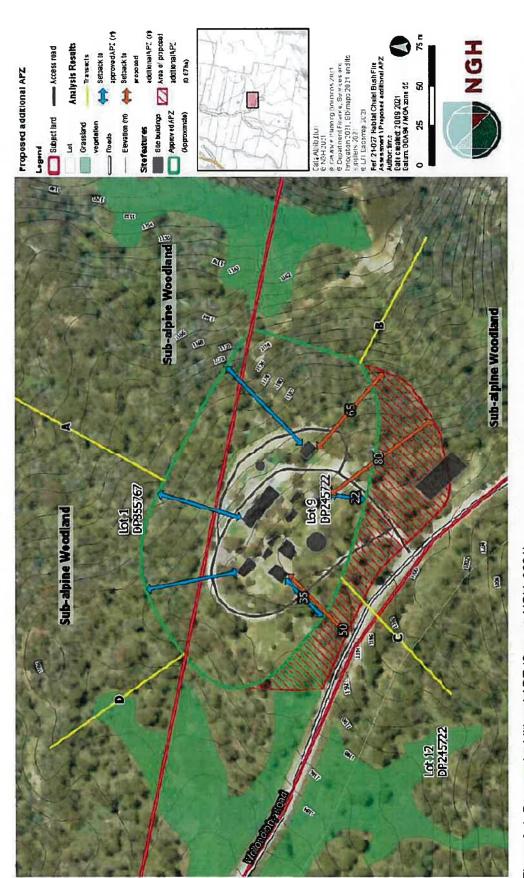


Figure 9-1 Proposed additional APZ (Source: NGH, 2021)

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Due to the proposal applying to existing SFPP development, the objectives for existing SFPP development are addressed in Table 9-2 below.

Table 9-2 Objectives for existing SFPP development

| Objectives | Comment |
|--|---|
| provide an appropriate defendable space | The proposal layout and application of BPMs would afford the development and its users a level of protection from exposure to a bush fire. The siting of the development allows for the provision of APZs, internal access roads and carparking areas to provide separation from hazard vegetation. Suitable access and water supply are provided to the development. Refer to Section 4.6 and Figure 2-1. An increase in APZ within the subject land is proposed, which will provide additional defendable spaces, and contribute to increasing the buildings resilience to bush fire attack. No increase in APZs is proposed for the adjacent (neighbouring) property, from the currently approved footprint. |
| site the building in a location which ensures appropriate separation from the hazard to minimise potential for material ignition | All buildings are located in previously approved positions and have been constructed or installed accordingly. Previous application of APZs under PBP 2001 has afforded the proposal with a reasonable level of protection from hazard vegetation and potential bush fire attack. The current and proposed increase to APZs within the proposal area would contribute to minimising the likelihood of material ignition. |
| provide a better bush fire protection outcome for existing buildings | Access for emergency services is provided to the interface through the provision of internal roads and carparking areas. Roads have been designed to comply with PBP to ensure appropriate access is provided to facilitate emergency services. Refer to Section 5.4. Utilities are also provided, whereby a 50,000 litre static water supply is provided within the APZ, for use by emergency services. |
| new buildings should be located as far from the hazard as possible and should not be extended towards or situated closer | Not applicable. No new buildings are proposed. Where Unit A has been relocated, an increase in APZs is required to providing a reasonable separation from hazard vegetation. |

| Objectives | Comment |
|--|---|
| to the hazard than the existing buildings (unless they can comply with section 6.8) | |
| ensure there is no increase in bush fire management and maintenance responsibility on adjoining land owners without their written confirmation | Not applicable. No recommendations are made to increase the APZ over adjoining land. The APZ extent as approved over adjoining land will remain unchanged. |
| ensure building design and construction enhances the chances of occupant and building survival | Building design and construction requirements applied PBP 2001 and AS 3959-1999, where Level 1 requirements is based on radiant heat of up to 14kW/m²; offering an equivalent performance outcome to current BAL-12.5 (AS 3959-2018) construction requirements. |
| provide for safe emergency evacuation procedures including capacity of existing infrastructure (such as roads) | A Bush Fre Emergency Management and Evacuation Plan would be prepared in consultation with the NSW RFS and Fire and Rescue NSW. Refer to Section 5.6. An appropriate operational environment for emergency service personnel would be provided, through the provision of substantial APZs, an internal access road, which provides a perimeter road buffer, and carparking, paved areas. The proposal provides a managed, fuel reduced area. Buildings are provided with good separation, which reduces the likelihood of building-to-building fire. |

building on site is afforded a base level of protection. This assessment has been able to demonstrate that the retrospective and new work proposed under the current modification application, would be undertaken, without compromising bush fire protection measures or previously applied As the existing development has incorporated Level 1 construction requirements under PBP 2001, commensurate with considerable APZs, each construction requirements.

Appendix D Conditions of Consent (MOD 0062/2006) determined on 29/09/2008 by Snowy River Shire Council

SNOWY RIVER SHIRE COUNCIL

Environmental Services
Razorback Plaza Gippsland Street Jindabyne
PO Box 143 Berridale NSW 2628
Ph: 64511550 Fax: 64562584
www.snowyriver.nsw.gov.au



NOTICE OF DETERMINATION MODIFICATION OF CONSENT

Issued under Section 95 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979



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| APPLICATION | MOD0062/2006 | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Determination | Consent subject to conditions | |
| Approval Authority | Delegated authority | |
| Consent Endorsement Date | 9/04/2006 (DA0060/2006) | |
| Modification Approval Date | 29/09/2008 | |

The modification of consent application described below has been considered by and Council and determined:

| Development Proposal | Alterations and Additions to existing tourist accommodation Staging of Development | |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Property Address | 309 Wollondibby Road CRACKENBACK NSW 2627 | |
| Legal Description | Lot 9 DP 245722 | |
| Original DA No. | DA0060/2006 | |
| Property Number | 102861 | |

MODIFIED DEVELOPMENT CONSENT has been granted subject to the amended conditions detailed below.

Note: It is advised that this determination replaces the original determination. For ease of reference, all of the previous conditions have been re-listed. Those conditions amended or deleted have been indicated.

Part A: GENERAL MATTERS

Approved Plans and Documentation

1. (Amended by MOD0062/2006)

The developer is to ensure that the development complies fully with DA0060/2006 as submitted to Council on the 2/11/2005 with supporting documentation including the development plans as stamped by the Snowy River Shire Council and attached to this Notice, (and as amended in red by Council) except where amended by

- a) MOD0062/2006 with new stamped plans received 13/06/2006 being SK1-MOD0062/2006, SK2-MOD0062/2006, SK3-MOD0062/2006 and SK4-MOD0062/2008, and
- b) the following conditions of consent:

Building Code of Australia

2. The development is to comply with the Building Code of Australia 2004.

Inconsistency between documents

3. In the event of any inconsistency between conditions of this consent and the drawings/documents referred to above, the conditions of this consent prevail.

Prescribed Conditions

4. The Applicant will comply with the prescribed conditions of development consent under clause 98 of the Regulation.

Disability Discrimination Act 1992

5. This consent does not imply or confer compliance with the requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992.

It is the responsibility of the applicant to guarantee compliance with the requirements of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992. The current Australian Standard AS1428.1 — Design for Access and Mobility is recommended to be referred for specific design and construction requirements, in order to provide appropriate access to all persons within the building.

Part C: Prior to Release of Construction Certificate

Erosion and Sedimentation Control

- 6. 1) Soil erosion and sediment control measures will be designed in accordance with the Snowy River Shire Council's DCP E2- Erosion and Sediment Control. Details are to be submitted to the satisfaction of the PCA prior to the Issue of the Construction Certificate. Erosion and sediment controls will remain in place until final occupancy certificate has been Issued and the maintenance bond (if required) has been released.
 - 2) The Construction Certificate Application must include a detailed erosion and sediment control plan (ESCP) for the construction phase of the development, prepared in accordance with the Snowy River Shire Council's DCP E2- Erosion and Sediment Control.

Asbestos Management Report

7. If asbestos is present in the existing buildings the submission of a report, prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced asbestos consultant, which indicates the exact nature and extent of asbestos material contained within the site and the proposed remediation measures to be adopted for the removal of the asbestos material from the site to a NSW Environmental Protection Authority ragistered waste disposal site. This report shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority for its separate approval prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

Water Supply

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- 8. The developer shall ensure that full details of the water supply (including existing supply) are provided prior to the Issue of the Construction Certificate. These details are to include:
 - i) the location and size of any tanks and pumps
 - ii) a site plan showing reticulated pipes including size of pipes and calculation and data used to determine the design.

Part D: Prior to the Commencement of Works

Construction Certificate

 The developer is to ensure no site works, construction or building works are to commence without first obtaining a Construction Certificate.

Stormwater and Drainage Works Design

10. Final design plans of the stormwater drainage systems, prepared by a qualified practicing Civil Engineer will be submitted to and approved by Council prior to commencement of stormwater drainage works. The hydrology and hydraulic calculations will be based on models described in the current edition of Australian Rainfall and Flunoff.

Appointment of Principal Certifying Authority and Notice of Commencement

- 11. At least 48 hours prior to the commencement of any works on the site, a "Notice of Commencement of Work and Appointment of PCA Form" will be submitted to Council. This includes that prior to the commencement of works the Applicant will submit to Council:
 - (a) A construction certificate for the building work which has been issued by the PCA;
 - (b) Evidence that the person having the benefit of the development consent has: i)Appointed a Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) and notified Council in writing of the appointment, irrespective of whether Council or an accredited private certifier is appointed;

ii)notified the PCA that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case; and,

(c) Evidence that the principal PCA has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences:

i)notified the consent authority and the Council of his or her appointment, and; ii)notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any critical stage inspections and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work; and,

(d) Evidence that the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder has:

i)notified the principal PCA of any such appointment; and,

ii)unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any critical state inspection and other inspections that are to be carried out in respect of the building work.

Construction Management Plan

- 12. Prior to the commencement of any works on the site, a Construction Management Plan will be submitted to and approved by the PCA. The Plan will address, but not be limited to, the following matters where relevant:
 - (a) hours of work;
 - (b) contact details of site manager:
 - (c) traffic management (see also C6 below);
 - (d) noise and vibration management (see also C6 below);
 - (e) waste management (see also C8 below);
 - (f) erosion and sediment control (see also B2);
 - (g) flora and fauna management; and,

the Applicant will submit a copy of the approved plan to the Department and Council.

Site Notice

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- 13. Before commencement of any work, a sign must be erected in a prominent, visible nosition:
 - (a) stating that unauthorised entry to the work site is not permitted;
 - (b) showing the name, address and telephone number of the Principal Certifying Authority for the work; and
 - (c) showing the name and address of the principal contractor in charge of the work site and a telephone number at which that person can be contacted at any time for business purposes.

This sign shall be maintained while the work is being carried out and removed upon the completion of the construction works.

Temporary Sanitary Facilities

Tollet facilities are to be provided at or in the vicinity of the work site on which work involved in the erection or demolition of a building is being carried out at the rate of one toilet for every 20 persons or part of 20 persons employed at the site.

Each toilet provided must be:

(a) a standard flushing toilet; and

(b) connected to either; an accredited sewage management facility or an approved chemical closet.

The toilet facilities shall be provided on-site, prior to the commencement of any works.

Enclosure of the Site

The site must be enclosed with a suitable security fence to prohibit unauthorised access, to be approved by the Private Certifying Authority. No building work is to commence until the fence is erected.

Termite Control

- Prior to the commencement of works, the Applicant will submit to the satisfaction of the PCA (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) documentation confirming the building will be protected from termite attack in accordance with the provisions of Australian Standard AS 3660.1. The submitted documentation will include:
 - (a) details of the proposed methods to be used; and
 - (b) certification of works performed;
- 17. A durable notice must be permanently fixed to the building in a prominent location, such as in the electrical meter box indicating:
 - (a) the method of protection;
 - (b) the date of installation;
 - (c) where a chemical barrier is used, its life expectancy as listed on the National
 - (d) Registration Authority label: and.
 - (e) the need to maintain and inspect the system on a regular basis.

NOTE: Under slab chemical treatment will not be permitted as the only method of treatment unless the area can be retreated without major disruption to the building.

Asbestos Hazard Management Strategy

18. If asbestos is present in the existing buildings the preparation of an appropriate hazard management strategy by an asbestos consultant pertaining to the removal of contaminated soil, encapsulation or enclosure of any asbestos material is required. This strategy shall ensure any such proposed demolition works involving asbestos are carried out in accordance with the WorkCover Authority's 'Guidelines for Practices Involving Asbestos Cement in Buildings'. The strategy shall be submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the commencement of any works.

The approved strategy shall be implemented and a clearance report for the site shall be prepared by a NATA accredited hygienist and submitted to the Principal Certifying Authority prior to the Issue of an Occupation Certificate or commencement of the development. The report shall confirm that the asbestos material has been removed or is appropriately encapsulated and that the site is rendered suitable for the development.

Consultation with NSW Work Cover Authority - Prior to Asbestos Removal

19. If asbestos is present in the existing buildings the applicant or appointed contractor is to give NSW Work Cover Authority at least seven days advanced notice, prior to the removal of asbestos from the site.

Sewerage Management Facility Approval

20. That the developer shall not undertake any works pertaining to plumbing and drainage, or the installation of a waste treatment device until such time as an application for these works under section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 has been assessed and approved by Council.

Part E: During Works

Approved Plans to be On-site

21. A copy of the approved and certified plans, specifications and documents incorporating conditions of approval and certification will be kept on the site at all times and will be readily available for perusal by any officer of the Council or the PCA.

Erosion & Sediment Control

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- 22. The developer is to ensure that where site works are undertaken including all excavations, land clearing and materials storage, all topsoil that is removed is stripped and stockpiled in an appropriate location for future revegetation works. The stockpiled area is to be encircled by a geofabric filter fence.
- 23. The developer is to ensure that erosion and siltation control measures are installed and maintained on the site for the entire length of the construction project. Erosion control measures are to include the placement of hay bales staked in the ground or the erection of geofabric filter fencing at the bottom of all areas where cut and fill is carried out and within any existing drainage areas from those cut and fill areas. These control measures are to be in accordance with the requirements of the consent authority and best management practices as outlined in the NSW Department of Housing's "Managing Urban Stormwater: Solls and Construction" Manual (1998) the Blue Book".
- 24. The developer shall ensure that erosion and sittation control measures shall be undertaken in accordance with the approved Erosion and Sediment Control Plan in respect to any part of the land where the natural surface is disturbed or earthworks are carried out.
- 25. The developer is to ensure that all works proposed must be designed, constructed and operated to minimise sedimentation, erosion and scour of the banks or bed of the watercourse and to minimise adverse impacts on aquatic and riparian environments.

All-weather Access

26. An all-weather stabilised access point must be provided to the site to prevent sediment leaving the site as a result of vehicular movement. Vehicular movement should be limited to this single access way.

Site Management

- 27. The developer is to ensure that all builder' sheds, including temporary sanitary closets, must at all times be:
 - (a) located wholly within the site:
 - (b) properly constructed and maintained to industry standards;
 - (c) securely anchored to the ground, and
 - (d) removed upon completion of the project.

Trade Waste

- 28. (a) The applicant must provide an adequate trade waste service to ensure that all waste material is contained, and removed from the site for the period of construction
 - (b) Building materials used in the construction of the building are not to be deposited or stored on Council's footpath or road reserve, unless prior approval is obtained from Council.
 - (c) The burning of builders waste on site by open fire is prohibited.

Use of Explosives

- 29. The developer is to ensure that any person considering the use of explosives during construction must at all times:
 - (a) be an operator licensed by the Department of Industrial Relations;
 - (b) notify the local police and persons likely to be affected by the blasting;
 - (c) obtain the necessary public liability insurance; and
 - (d) use approved and serviceable blasting mats.

Use of Power Tools

30. The developer is to ensure that work on the development site by all persons using power tools and equipment is limited to the following hours:

| Mon - Fri | 7.00am to 8.00pm |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Saturday | 7.00am to 8.00pm |
| Sunday | 8.00am to 8.00pm |
| Public Holidays | 8.00am to 8.00pm |

Inspection Notification

The Principal Certifying Authority (PCA) (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) is to be given a minimum of 48 hours notice prior to any critical stage inspection or any other inspection nominated by the PCA via the notice under Section 81A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

Public Access and Site Security

32. It is the responsibility of the applicant to restrict public access to the building site, building works or materials or equipment on the site when building work is not in progress or the site is otherwise unoccupied. In this regard, the developer must ensure that perimeter fencing is provided for all construction sites in accordance with Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001.

Fire Safety (Class 2-9 Buildings Only)

33. The developer shall ensure that to provide facilities for suppression of fire during the course of construction, not less than one fire extinguisher to suit A, B and C fires and electrical fires shall be provided at all times on each storey adjacent to each required exit

Food Storage

Any premises used for the storage, preparation or sale of food are to comply with the relevant provisions of the Food Act, 1989. Details of fittings and equipment are to be submitted to the PCA prior to installation.

Food Premises - Construction

All walls in the food preparation and food storage areas will be of solid construction, easily washable, lightly coloured and tiled to the height of at least 2 metres above floor level, or where not tiled, cement rendered to provide a smooth even finish to the ceiling. Note: Stud framed walls will not be acceptable. Intersections of all floors with walls will be covered to a radius of not less than 25mm. Details of fittings and equipment are to be submitted to the PCA prior to installation.

Food Premises - Flooring

All flooring materials in the food preparation and storage areas are to be impervious, non slip, non abrasive and capable of withstanding heavy duty operation. Where tiling is to be used epoxy grout finished flush with the floor surface is to be used in joints or alternatively all tiles are to be but joined and free of cracks or crevices. Details of fittings and equipment are to be submitted to the PCA prior to installation.

Revegetation Works

- 37. The developer is to ensure that at the completion of site works the following landscaping works are carried out:
 - (a) topsoil is spread over all disturbed areas* with priority given to cut and fill batters;
 - (b) all disturbed areas" are re-vegetated using drylands grass mix with a complete fertiliser:
 - (c) all disturbed areas* are to be weed free hay mulched. The hay mulching is to be undertaken by a suitable contractor in accordance with Snowy River Development Control Plan 1998 – Circular R3 Revegetation works.

(* including all footpath areas and adjoining properties where applicable)

Requirements if Asbestos is Present in the Building(s)

- 38. The removal of any asbestos material must be carried out by an approved contractor if over 200 square metres in area in strict accordance with WorkCover Authority requirements.
- 39. A sign shall be erected in a prominent location stating that asbestos removal work is in progress and advising of the project manager and company undertaking the work and relevant contact details.
- The internal floor area affected or likely to be affected, by scattering of asbestos pieces, particles or fibres during demolition or cutting into the building, is to be cleaned by vacuuming by a contractor approved by Workcover. A Clearance Report to certify that the site area is free of asbestos is to be submitted to Council by a NATA registered hygienist within fourteen (14) days of the completion of renovations (or prior to Occupation Certificate being issued).
- The asbestoe waste must be collected and stored on-site in impermeable bags inside an adequate waste receptacle pending transportation. The receptacle must be lined and covered in accordance with the bin provider's requirements and S29 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Waste Regulations 1996.
- Transportation of asbestos from the site must comply with the Protection of the Environment Operations Waste Regulations 1996.
- 43. Asbestos waste must be prepared in accordance with WorkCover requirements and disposed of to an EPA licensed landfill site.
- 44. Any demolition works involving asbestos are to be carried out in accordance with the WorkCover Authority's Your Guide to Working with Asbestos, "Guidelines for Practices Involving Asbestos Cement in Buildings". Transportation and disposal of asbestos materials shall be in accordance with EPA requirements.
- 45. In order to prevent the spread of hazardous material, the applicant shall ensure that:
 - (a) power tools are not used on any asbestos material;
 - (b) work is undertaken in weather conditions where asbestos dust is unlikely to be blown off site:
 - (c) the work area is dampened to prevent any potential for dust generation:
 - (d) all asbestos waste is dampened prior to being wrapped or otherwise contained in heavy duty plastic material for storage on site within a waste receptacle and later transportation off site;
 - (e) the area affected, or likely to have been affected, by scattering of asbestos pieces, particles or fibres during demolition or cutting into the building is to be cleaned by vacuuming by a contractor approved by WorkCover.

Lead based Paint

To prevent contamination of the soil and human health risks associated with lead dust, safeguards must be used when removing flaking paint or sanding paint surfaces that are suspected to contain lead.

Part F: Prior to Occupation or Commencement of Use

Occupancy Certificates

An Occupation Certificate must be issued by the Principal Certifying Authority prior to 47. occupation or use of the development. In issuing an Occupation Certificate, the Principal Certifying Authority must be satisfied that the requirements of Section 109H of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1997 have been complied with as well as all of the conditions of the Development Consent.

Certificates for Class 1a, 1b and 10a buildings

- A certificate prepared by an appropriate qualified person is to be submitted for the following building components, certifying to the PCA (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) that the nominated works have been carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia, relevant Australian Standards and any conditions of Development Consent. Works are not to progress past this point until the PCA has confirmed that this condition has been satisfied.
 - (a) Truss certificate
 - (b) Wet seal certificate
 - (o) Roof fixers certificate
 - (d) Plumber's certificate for tempered water (bathroom max 50°)
 - (e) Smoke alarm certificate per AS3786
 - (f) Termite certificate as per AS 3660.1

 - (g) Any engineer's certificate
 (h) Fire separation certificate in accordance with requirements of the BCA.

Certificates for Class 2 - 9 buildings

- A certificate prepared by an appropriate qualified person is to be submitted for the 49. following building components, certifying to the PCA (i.e. Council or Private Certilier) that the nominated works have been carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia, relevant Australian Standards and any conditions of Development Consent. Works are not to progress past this point until the PCA has confirmed that this condition has been satisfied.
 - (a) Termite protection
 - (b) Penetration/sealing systems
 - (c) Waterproofing
 - (d) Survey
 - (e) Sound/fire rated construction
 - (1) Windows and doors
 - (g) Glass in buildings
 - (h) Handrails and balustrades
 - (i) Materials including fire hazard characteristics
 - (j) Roof covering
 - (k) Roof trusses
 - (i) Engineers (structural)
 - (m) Engineer's (mechanical including smoke hazard management, automatic smoke exhaust system, smoke and heat vents and automatic stair pressurization system)
 - (n) Fire protection contractors (including fire hydrants, sprinkler systems, hydrants and hose reels, fire detection and alarm systems, emergency warning and intercommunication system)
 - (o) Emergency lighting and exit signs
 - (p) Fire resisting construction
 - (q) Fire doors, smoke doors, fire windows and fire shutter

Fire Safety Certificate (Class 2-9 Only)

- A Fire Safety Certificate will be furnished to the PCA (i.e. Council or Private Certifier) for all the Essential Fire or Other Safety Measures forming part of this approval prior to issue of an Occupation Certificate. As soon as practical after a Fire safety Certificate is issued, the owner of the building to which it relates:
 - (a) Must cause a copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be given to the Commissioner of New South Wales Fire Brigades, and
 - (b) must cause a further copy of the certificate (together with a copy of the current fire safety schedule) to be prominently displayed in the building.

Annual Fire Safety Statement (Class 2-9 Only)

51. An Annual Fire Safety Statement must be provided to Council and the NSW Fire Brigade commencing within 12 months after the date on which the consent authority initial Fire Safety Certificate is received.

Advertising Signage

52. No external advertising or business signage is approved by this approval. Any future signage will be the subject of a separate development application, where statutorily required.

Completion of Sewerage Management Facility

The developer shall ensure that if work relating to the installation of the approved waste water treatment system is not completed prior to a request for an occupation certificate, the developer shall ensure that all waste water drainage from the development is connected to the existing 27000 litre steel pump out tank. All work associated with such a connection shall be inspected by Council and approved prior to the Issue of the Occupancy Certificate. The operator shall submit to Council a copy of the receipt (detailing the amount of effluent removed and date) for each pump out service.

Part G: Use of Site

Annual Fire Safety Certification

54. The owner of the building will certify to Council every year that the essential services installed in the building for the purpose of fire safety have been inspected and at the time of inspection are capable of operating to the required minimum standard. This purpose of this condition is to ensure that there is adequate safety of persons in the building in the event of fire and for the prevention of fire, the suppression of fire and the prevention of spread of fire.

Stormwater Management Plan

The developer shall ensure that all on-site storm water is treated in accordance with the approved Stormwater and Drainage Design (as per Condition No. 10).

Rainwater Tanks

- 56. All fixtures connected to the supply system are marked RAINWATER'.
- 57. The developer shall ensure that rainwater tanks are de-sludged every three years.
- 58. The tank is enclosed and inlets screened, so as to prevent the entry of foreign matter and to prevent mosquito breeding.
- The developer shall ensure that the roof catchment area is kept clear of overhanging vegetation.

- 60. Pumps are to be covered or screened to avoid noise nuisances to neighbouring properties.
- The developer shall ensure that all storm water that is not collected by the tank is directed away from tank foundations, buildings or other structures onto gardens or into rubble pits or directly to the road drainage system such that it does not cause nulsance to neighbouring properties.

Rainwater Tanks - Underground

62. The developer shall ensure that any underground rainwater tanks are sealed to prevent any surface water entering the tank.

Off-Street Car Parking

- 63. The developer is to ensure that a minimum of 15 car parking spaces are provided onsite for this development in accordance with the approved Site Plan and Council's DCP Circular C1 - Off-street Carparking. The car parking spaces must:
 - (a) each be a minimum of 5.5m long and 2.6m wide;
 - (b) be clearly marked for use by occupants of each dwelling;
 - (c) be surfaced; and
 - (d) be accessible at all times.

External Finishes

- The developer is to ensure that the external type, colour and texture of materials to be used on the project shall be consistent with those of the existing development.
- Any outbuildings or other ancillary structures are to be finished in colours and materials of natural earthy tones and low reflective quality to blend with the surroundings. The driveway is to be finished in dark earth tones.

Amenity

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The developer shall ensure that lighting of the premises is to be directed so as not to cause nuisance to the owners or occupiers of adjoining premises or to motorists on adjoining or nearby roads.

Storage of Goods and Naterials

67. All goods, materials and equipment shall be stored within the building and no part of the land shall be used for purposes of storage.

Occupancy Rates - Building

68. The buildings are to be occupied by a number of persons not exceeding the number listed in the following schedule:

A Frame - Main Building
O Persons

Units 1,2 & 3 (type B) 6 persons

Unit 4 (type A) 4 persons

Unit 5 (type C) 6 persons

Units 6,7 & 8 (Type D) 12 persons

Staff Accommodation 4 persons

Total Number of Persons

69. The proposed development is not to be occupied by more than 68 persons at any one time with only 64 quests permitted.

Commencement of Works Notice

70. At least 2 days prior to commencement of works on-site, a notice of commencement (refer attached form) is to be submitted to Council in accordance with the provisions of section \$1(2)(c) of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979. Failure to notify Council prior to commencement may lead to the instigation of legal action.

Vegetation Clearing

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71. The developer shall obtain separate development consent for the *clearing* of native vegetation prior to the commencement of works on site.

Driveways (Rural Development)

- 72. The developer is to ensure that the vehicular access road to the proposed development is constructed and maintained in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Land and Water Conservation pamphlet "Guidelines for the Planning, Construction and Maintenance of Trails".
- 73. The developer is to ensure that in conjunction with the "Guidelines for the Planning, Construction and Maintenance of Trails" the vehicular access road is constructed in accordance with the following standards:
 - (a) The road must be 4 metres wide;
 - (b) Cross slope of the road must be no greater than 1:14 or 7% (i.e. a 28cm drop over 4 metres); and
 - (c) Road gradients must not exceed 16.7% (1:6) for gravel construction and 20% (1:5) for sealed surfaces.
- 74. The developer is to ensure that a dish drain vehicle crossing is constructed from the access road onto the land. Where a dish drain vehicle crossing is not practical, a pipe culvert vehicle crossing is to be provided. The pipe culvert is to be a minimum of 375mm in diameter constructed of reinforced concrete.

General Terms of Approval (Bushfire Safety Authority) - NSW Rural Fire Service

75. (Amended by MOD0062/2006 pursuant to RFS Document (Ref:ED/06/11996))

Asset Protection Zones are to be provided in accordance with the Sketch of proposed for Ultimo Lodge and Table 5.1 of the Bushfire Protection Assessment prepared by NGH Environmental (dated October 2005 amended 23.02.2006). At a minimum of 50 metre Asset Protection Zone shall be provided to the east of Unit 8 (35 IPA and 15 OPA) and 40 metres to the south of Units 3, and 6-8 (25IPA and 15 OPA). Asset Protection Zones are to be maintained in accordance with Section 4.2.2 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2001. and are to be maintained in accordance with Section 4.2.2 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2001. A section 88B Restriction as to User that is mutually agreed to by all land owners involved shall be established for the provision of any part of the Asset Protection Zone that extends onto adjoining land as identified in the Bushfire Protection Assessment.

- 76, Construction shall compty with AS3959-1999 Level 1 'Construction of Buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas'.
- 77. All openings for existing windows shall be screened with non corrosive mesh to prevent the entry of wind blown embers. It screens can not be fitted to the outside of the windows an alternate solution may be used that has the same performance outcome (i.e. screens on the inside that will prevent the entry of embers).

- 78. The existing loop road and new driveway shall comply with Section 4.3.2 of planning for bushfire protection 2001.
- A tank with a capacity of 50,000 litres for the exclusive use of bushfire fighting purposes shall be provided as indicated in the Bushfire Protection Assessment. A 65mm storz fitting and ball gate valve shall be installed in the tank. The tanks shall be sited so a fire tighting vehicle can park within 6 metres and access to the tank shall comply with Section 4.3.3 of Planning for Bushfire Protection 2001
- 80. A Bush Fire Evacuation Plan is to be submitted to the NSW Rural Fire Service Development Control Services for approval. The evacuation plan is to detail the following:
 - a. Under what circumstance will the complex be evacuated
 - b. Where will all persons be evacuated to, both onsite and offsite
 - c. Roles and responsibilities of persons co-ordinating the evacuation
 - d. Roles and responsibilities of persons remaining at the complex after evacuation
 - e. A procedure to contact the NSW Rural Fire Service District Office/NSW Fire Brigade and inform them of the evacuation and where they will be evacuated to.

The reasons for the imposition of the amended conditions are:

- 1 To minimise any likely adverse environmental impact of the proposed development.
- 2 To ensure the protection of the amenity and character of land adjoining and in the locality.
- 3 To ensure the proposed development satisfies the relevant statutory requirements.
- 4 To ensure the development does not conflict with the public interest.
- 5 To ensure development proceeds in accordance with approved plans.

Notes Relating to the Determination

- 1 This modified consent continues to be effective and operates from the date shown as "Endorsement Date" on the front page of this notice. This modified consent will lapse 5 years from the endorsement date of original development consent, unless the development has physically commenced.
- 1a (Added by MOD0062/2006)
 Pursuant to Clause 97 and 122 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*, this determination replaces the original determination as from the date of the Modification Approval Date.
- 2 Pursuant to Section 82A(10) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, if on a review the council grants development consent, or varies the conditions of a development consent, the council is entitled, with the consent of the applicant and without prejudice to costs, to have an appeal made under Section 97 in respect of its determination withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.
- 3 Section 97 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 confers on an applicant who is dissatisfied with the determination of a consent authority a right of appeal to the Land and Environment Court exercisable within 12 months from the date of receipt of this notice.
- 4 Where the consent is for building work or subdivision work, no temporary buildings may be placed on the site and no site excavation, filling, removal of trees or other site preparation may be carried out prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate and appointment of a Principal Certifying Authority.

- 5 Pursuant to Snowy River Local Environmental Plan 1997, no tree in Zone 2(a), 2(b), 2(v) 3(a), 3(b) or 4 may be ringbarked, cut down, topped, lopped or wilfully destroyed except with the prior consent of Council which may be given subject to such conditions as Council considers appropriate. However, unless specified otherwise in this consent, those trees which are specifically designated to be removed on the plans approved under this consent or are within 3 metres of an approved building footprint may be removed, provided that a Construction Certificate has been issued for the development the subject of this consent and a Principal Certifying Authority appointed.
- 6 In this consent the developer means the applicant for development consent and any person or corporation who carries out the development pursuant to that consent.
- 7 The applicant is solely responsible for ensuring that all additional consents, permits and/or agreements are obtained from other authorities, as relevant.

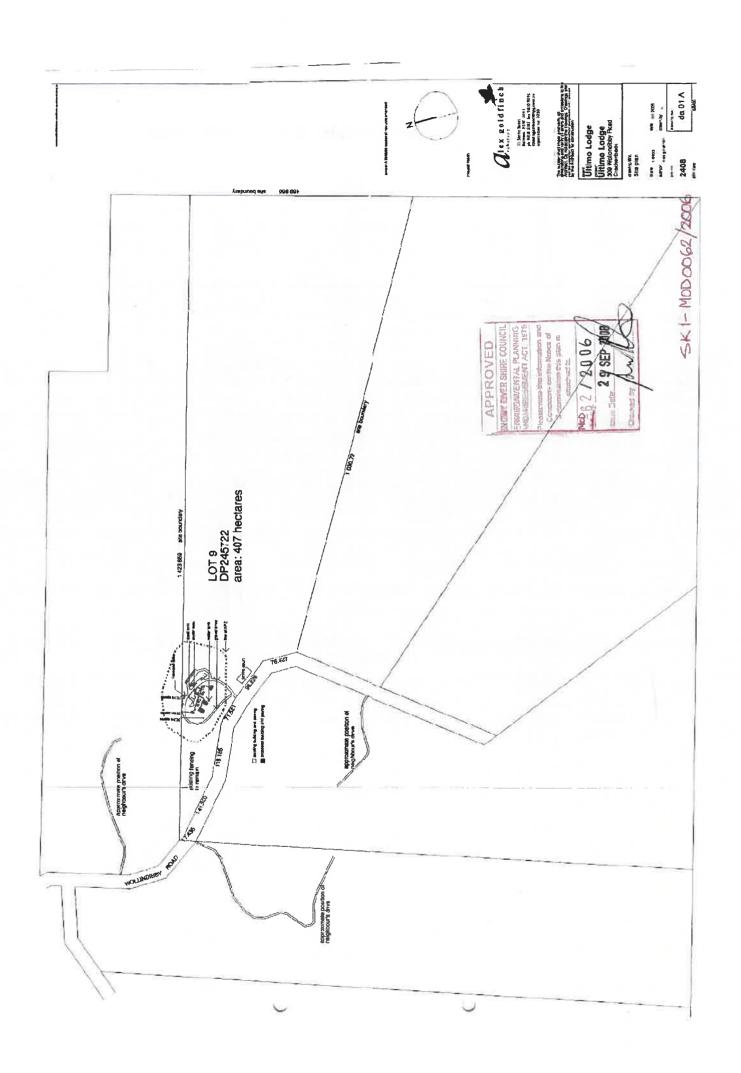
Signed on behalf of Murray Blackburn-Smith Director of Environmental Services, Snowy River Shire Council

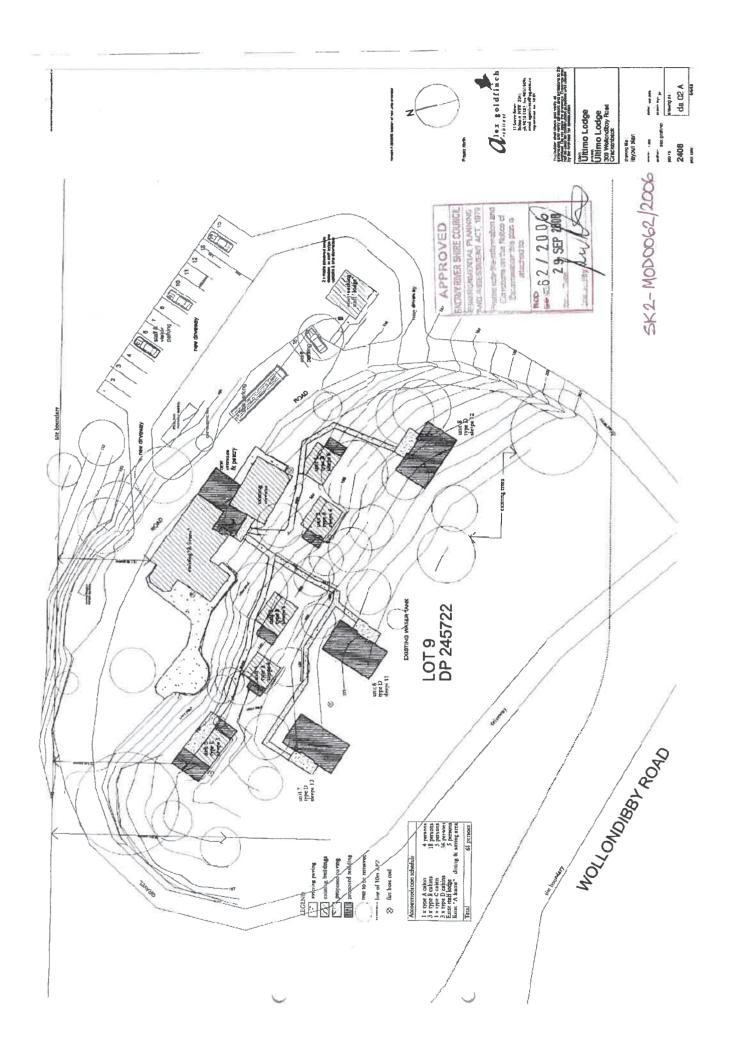
| Signature: | |
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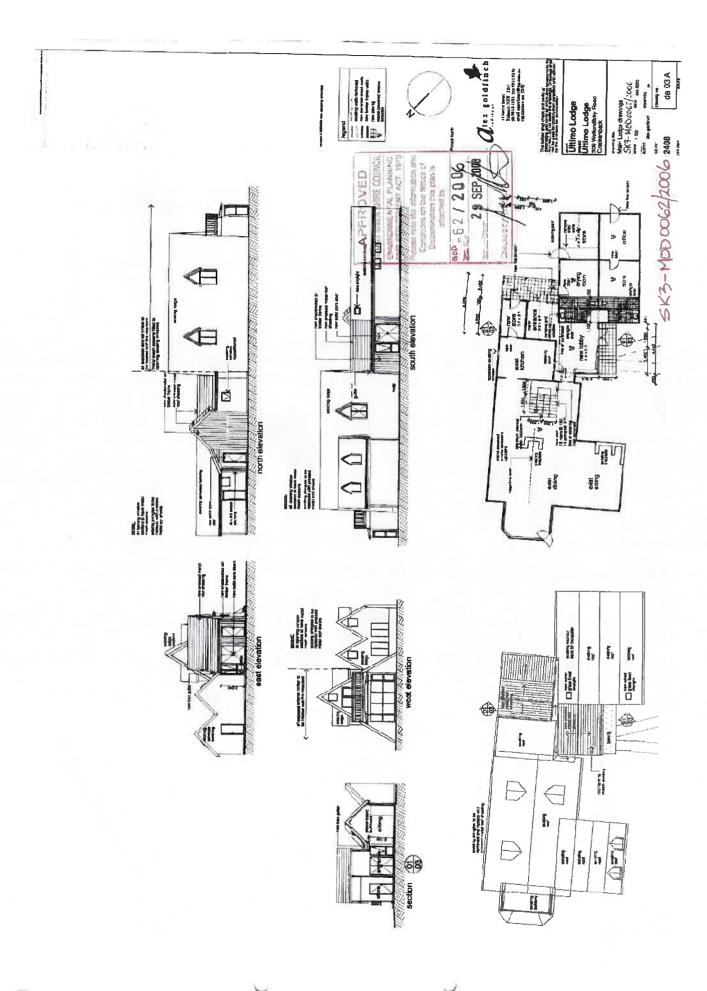
Delegated Officer: Bruce Wharrie, Town Planner

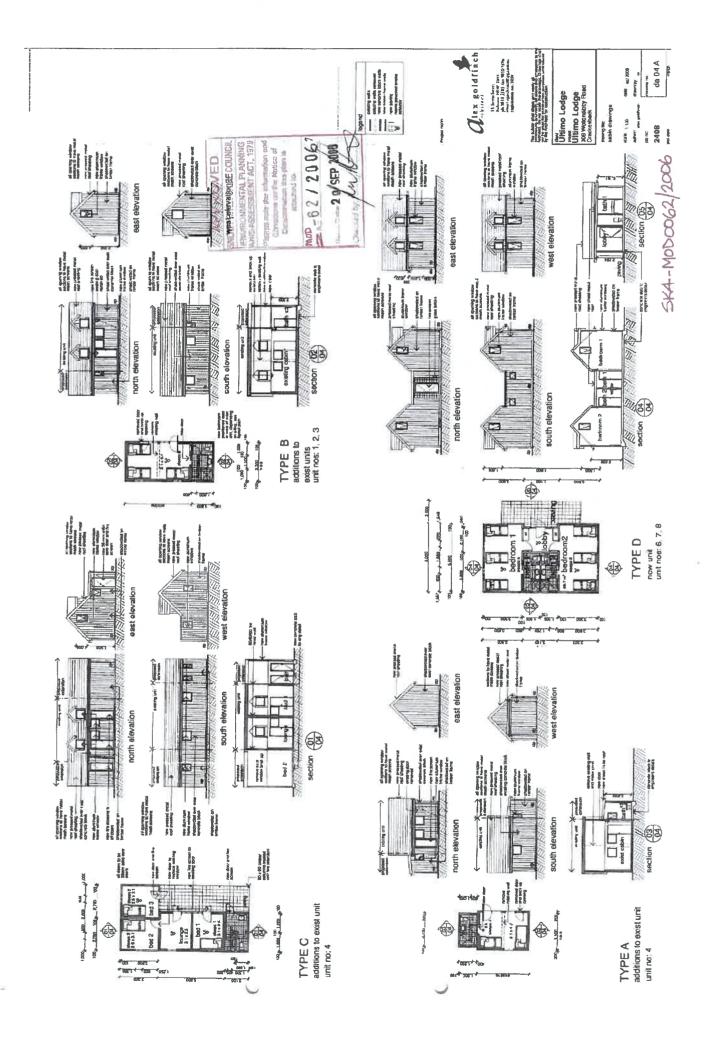
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Appendix E Stamped Modification (MOD 0062/2006) Plans









Information Memorandum - Ultimo Lodge

Site Address:

309 Wollondibby Road, CRACKENBACK 2627

Lot Identification:

Lot 9 Deposited Plan 245722

Site Location:

The subject site is in Crackenback, approximately 10km southwest of the town of Jindabyne, and 19km northeast of Thredbo.

Driving time to the following locations:

- Jindabyne, 14 minutes
- Thredbo, 23 minutes
- Skitube at Bullocks Flat, 14 minutes
- Perisher Valley, 34 minutes
- Canberra, 2 hours

Site Area:

41.5ha

Site Dimensions:

- Northern boundary: 1.43km
- Eastern boundary: 490m
- Southern boundary: 1.03km
- Western boundary: 520m

Land Zoning:

C3 - Environmental Management under the Snowy River Local Environmental Plan 2013

Land Uses Permitted in the C3 zone:

Agriculture; Animal boarding or training establishments; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Camping grounds; Cellar door premises; Cemeteries; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Eco-tourist facilities; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Farm buildings, Farm stay accommodation; Flood mitigation works; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Information and education facilities; Oyster aquaculture; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (outdoor); Research stations; Roads; Roadside stalls; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Secondary dwellings; Tank-based aquaculture

